THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVIII. ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 27 1886 PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE LAST WEEK.

CONGRESS HURRYING BUSINES THROUGH FOR ADJOURNMENT.

Great Amount of Work to Do, but Conference Committees Busy—The Differences Between the Two Houses on the River and Harbor Bill—The Mexican Affair—Gossip.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—[Special.]—About the capitol today and tonight there was the and confusion which always attends the last days of a congressional session. Everyone points to an adjournment next Monday, much work remains to be done, but conference committees are constantly in session, endeavoring to reconcile the differences of the two houses on appropriation bills, while the houses themselves are sitting day and night. President Cleveland's announced intention to carefully consider every one of the general appropriation bills before approving them may delay adjournment a day or two, but not longer.

THE RIVERS AND HARBORS.

The outlook for the river and harbor bill is gloomy. It is evident that the present conferees can never agree on a compromise. The apparently irreconcilable differences between the senate and house relates to the appropriations for canals, the chief obstacle being the Hennepin job. When the house gave a formal approval to the senate amendment putting the Hennepin in the bill, it was expressly declared that the issue was to be made in conference, as has been made and the houses are equally obstinate, the senate persisting in its demand for the Hennepin appropriation and the house resolutely refusing it. The present conference may be discharged tomorrow and others appointed, but some of the best friends of the bill are despondent of its passage. The failure of this bill following the failure of the bill for the year would be disastrous to many improvements now under way, on which millions have been expened.

MR. BRECKENRIDGE'S RESOLUTION.

The bill introduced today by Mr. Breckenridge, of Arkansas, appropriating $10,000,000 to be expended on rivers and harbors in the discretion of the secretary of war, has no prospect of acceptance. It will be the committee bill or none.

THE MEXICAN AFFAIR EXAGGERATED.

Congressman Lanham, who represents the Texas district directly threatened by Mexican military maneuvers, today had a long interview with the secretary of state. Mr. Bayard said he had assurances from the Mexican government that Editor Cutting would soon be released. The Mexican authorities also disclaim that the movement of their troops along the Texas border has any reference to a possible complication over the arrest of Cutting. Mr. Lanham says the affair has been greatly exaggerated, and that there is not the least danger of trouble with Mexico. F. H. .

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

The Senate Passes it and Then go Into Secret Session.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—In the senate, Mr. Edmunds, from the judiciary committee, reported back the house bill removing the political disabilities of Thomas R. Ware, of Virginia, favorably.

The resolution offered by Mr. Coke on Saturday discharging the committee on finance from further consideration of the joint house resolution directing the payment of the surplus in the treasury, on the public debt, taken up on a statement by Mr. Sherman that in all human probability the joint resolution would be reported tomorrow for action of the senate, the matter went over.

Mr. Ingalls offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the president to communicate information concerning the alleged detention of A. K. Cutting, an American citizen by the Mexican authorities at Paso del Norte; also, whether any additional United States troops have been recently ordered to Fort Bliss.

The senate then, at 1:45, proceeded to the consideration of the deficiency appropriation bill.

The first clause that attracted attention was on page 29, in relation to the increase of the water supply in Washington, as passed by the house. The bill appropriates $160,000 to complete the reservoir and $395,000 to complete the tunnel, the amounts to be expended under the supervision of army engineers. The committee amendment provides that the money shall be expended under supervision of a board composed of one-half civilians and one-half army engineers, and the scope of the bill is extended to embrace the entire system of water supply for the district.

The committee amendment was adopted.

The reading of the bill was interrupted to allow Mr. Dawes to report from the committee on appropriations the fortification bill. Mr. Dawes gave notice that he would call it up as soon as the deficiency bill was passed.

The house bill to increase the naval establishment, was laid before the senate and referred to the committee on naval affairs.

The reading of the deficiency bill was resumed.

An item was inserted to pay Edwin B. Dudley, $2,000 for legal services rendered the government in the Guiteau case.

The reading of the bill being completed, all the amendments reported by the committee on appropriations being disposed of, the bill was open to general amendment.

Items were added of two hundred and forty-eight thousand dollars for repayment to importers of dues paid in excess. Also $626,714, account of mail transportation over non-subsidized railroad operated by the Central Pacific railroad company, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886, and prior years.

An item of $5,850 was inserted to pay sixty printers on the Congressional Record for time "waiting for copy" during the present session.

On motion of Mr. Butler an item of $4,000 was inserted for completing a coaling shed and building at Port Royal harbor.

The bill was then reported back to the senate, and all amendments except one in reference to the Washington waterworks were concurred in. This amendment was changed in some slight particulars, not affecting its main purpose, and then the amendment was agreed to and the bill passed.

The senate then went into secret session, after ordering a recess from 6 to 8.

Five minutes later the officers of the senate were sent to the corridors of the committee rooms, telegraph and newspaper offices of the third floor, all the occupants of which were promptly ejected.

The principal part of the time of the senate in secret session up to recess at 6 o'clock was consumed by Senators Voorhees and Harrison, speaking respectively for and against confirmation of Collector Thomas Hanlon, of the 7th Indiana internal revenue district, formerly reported from the finance committee. The case was still pending when the recess was taken. Upon reassembling at 8 o'clock it was discovered that there was no quorum, and the pages were sent out to summon absentees.

Ten minutes later a quorum had assembled and consideration of the Hanlon case was resumed.

At 8 o'clock recess was taken until 8, the proceedings to be then continued in secret session.

The senate reconvened in secret session at eight o'clock.

There were but a few more than a quorum of senators present, and attention being called to the fact, both sides to the controversy assented to the postponement of action till tomorrow.

The calendar of unobjected cases was then taken up again and a large number of nominations were confirmed, from which the injunction of secrecy was not removed. The most important ones were those of J. S. Hagar, collector of customs, and Israel Lawton, superintendent of the mint, both of San Francisco.

A greater part of tomorrow may be spent in secret session, it having been decided not to take up the fortifications appropriation bill till Wednesday.

At 8:45 the doors were reopened and the senate proceeded to the consideration of private pension bills, which have been favorably reported. Fifty were passed, including one granting a pension to the widow of General Durbin Ward.

On motion of Mr. Vest, a bill was passed authorizing the construction of a hotel on the government land at Fortress Monroe.

A number of public buildings bills were passed, among them one authorizing a public building at Charlotte, N. C., to cost $100,000.

The senate then adjourned.

A DISAGREEMENT

Between the Members of the Conference Committee on the Legislative Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—In the house, Mr. Holman, from the conference committee on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, reported a disagreement.

Mr. Holman stated that the real point of difference was the senate amendment providing for senators' clerks. Other points of difference were more formal than real.

Mr. Oates moved that the house recede from the senators' clerks amendment.

The motion was lost—yeas 96, nays 121.

A further conference was ordered.

Mr. Henley, of California, from the committee on public lands, reported back the senate bill forfeiting certain lands granted to the Northern Pacific Railroad company. The committee recommends that in lieu of the senate bill there be substituted the provisions of the house bill on the same subject. Mr. Henley stated that the distinctive difference between the two bills was that while the senate bill forfeited the grant from Wallula Junction to Portland, the house bill included also the forfeiture of the grant from Bismarck to the Pacific ocean. The house bill forfeited 33,000,000 acres more than the senate bill.

As an earnest, he said, of the determination of the democratic party to fulfil the pledges made in its platform, there was now brought forward a bill to forfeit the most valuable of all grants which had ever been made in the history of the government to any corporation. The democratic party proposed to make this bill a test of its fidelity to its pledges. Complaint had been made in the senate that if this and other forfeiture bills were passed, rank injustice might be worked to railroad corporations, and this complaint had been made as though it were possible for congress to work divestiture of any legal right.

Mr. Van Eaton, of Mississippi, supported the senate bill.

Mr. Price, of Wisconsin, could find nothing in the platform of any political party which could justify congress in violating an express or implied contract, as was done in the house bill. He was not willing to bow so abjectly before the communistic cry of "damn the railroads!" As to a break of contracts and to a break of pledges of parties in the national conventions, it was demagogery in the lowest and meanest sense.

Mr. Voorhees, of Washington territory, favored the house bill declaring that there were high reasons of public policy why the land grant of the North Pacific company should be taken from its control as far as this could legally be done. He pictured what he characterized as oppression of railroad companies as practiced in Washington territory, asserting that it dictated laws relating to railroad taxation and set at defiance every legislative action of the people.

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, argued against the equitable and legal power of congress to pass the senate bill.

Mr. King, of Louisiana, offered a resolution, which was referred to the committee on foreign affairs, requesting the president to communicate to the house information concerning the alleged illegal detention of A. K. Cutting, an American citizen, by the Mexican authorities at Paso del Norte, and also whether an additional force of United States troops has been ordered to Fort Bliss.

Mr. Payson, of Illinois, entered upon an exhausting review of the case, but pending the conclusion of his remarks, the house, at five o'clock, adjourned.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill—A New Amendment.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—As it passed the senate Saturday night, the sundry civil appropriation bill appropriates an aggregate of $24,418,375, or an increase of $3,106,850 over the amount appropriated by the bill as it came from the house. Items added by the senate, $717,545; for public buildings; $516,750; for light houses; $106,652 for coast survey, and $1,765,902 on account of miscellaneous items.

Senator Blair, from the committee on education and labor, today submitted a favorable report from the majority of the committee on the joint resolution proposing that an amendment to the constitution in relation to alcoholic liquors and other poisonous beverages be submitted to the legislatures of states for ratification.

The amendment provides that from and after the year 1900 the manufacture and sale, importation of distilled alcoholic intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, mechanical, chemical and scientific purposes and for use in arts, shall cease.

The conferees on the river and harbor bill have failed to reach an agreement and will so report to the respective houses. The senate today passed the house bill directing the commissioner of labor to make an investigation as to convict labor.

At six o'clock the republican senators assembled in caucus in the judiciary committee room. The committee appointed at the caucus at Senator Sherman's house to outline a substitute for Mr. Morrison's surplus resolution made its report recommending that the minimum reserve be fixed at $110,000,000 and the maximum at $130,000,000. A proviso was added authorizing the president to suspend the operation of the resolution in emergencies. A quorum of the caucus did not wait to hear the full report, and when Senator Allison had finished reading and explaining it, it was decided to adjourn without action, leaving the result to the finance committee at its meeting tomorrow morning.

The comptroller of the currency today authorized the National bank of Laurens, S. C., to begin business, with a capital of $63,000.

The president today nominated Charles M. Thomas, of Kentucky, to be associate justice of the supreme court of Idaho; and Dupont Guerry to be United States attorney for the southern district of Georgia.

The president has referred the oleomargarine bill to the attorney general for an opinion as to its constitutionality.

A Kentucky Tragedy.

LOUISVILLE, July 26.—The Courier-Journal special says Simon Hancock shot and killed Mrs. James Bass and her unborn babe, near Gresham, Ky., Friday. Hancock and James Bass were fighting when the wife interfered and took her husband away. As they started into the house Hancock fired at Bass, but killed his wife.

STARVING TO DEATH.

A HORRIBLE STORY OF SUFFERING AND MISERY.

The Indians and Esquimaux Dying by Scores for Want of Food—A Raid on a Labrador Storehouse—Over Fifteen Hundred People Succumb—Notes of the Famine.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 26.—Further particulars of distress among the fisherman of Labrador have been received, seventy Esquimaux, who demanded food from the stores at Mugenford, which could not be given them, owing to the need of inhabitants and the small supply, made a rush for the labor storehouse, where flour and fish were stored. The men of the small settlement gathered to defend their only hope of existence and a desperate fight ensued, in which four of the marauding Esquimaux were nearly killed and two of the storehouse defenders were seriously injured. The Esquimaux finding that they could not obtain food by force, retreated and sent in several of their number to ask for a small quantity of food, which they said was absolutely necessary to the continued existence of their wives and children. Two hundred pounds of flour and about fifty pounds of frozen codfish were given them.

It was reported that in Astoria alone, out of thirty-five or forty families, or a total of 300 persons, over 100 had died, mostly women and children. In Nain, the catch of fish has not been sufficient to afford food to the inhabitants. The season which opened on May 1st was very backward, and had it not been for the seal industry, which was tolerably good, not a soul would be living. Along Hamilton inlet, many have died. In Webouck and Indian harbors fish is the only food besides a small quantity of corn meal. They have had no vegetables since March 1, and the people are almost without clothing. At Hopedale, not over twenty-five families remain out of the entire former population. Many have gone east along the coast in the hope of getting into better supplied settlements. While eighty persons, of which forty were squaws and thirty-five children, died from starvation in June alone, there were some deaths in April and May; but these were principally from exposure to the cold. The Okkah Indians are suffering greatly, but there were not as many deaths among them as was at first reported, only twelve persons having died this spring out of 125 who made up the tribe. The whole settlement is, however, on the verge of starvation. The places spoken of do not include the whole district where there is to be found destitution and death. In the country lying back from Okkah, Hopedale, Nain and Cape Mugford there are a large number of families, most of them Indians or Esquimaux, among whom suffering is really greater than it is in more thickly populated settlements. The deaths here from starvation cannot be estimated, but it is thought, judging from reports now and then brought in, that the number is very large.

In New Foundland along the north coast, there is great destitution. From Cape Bauld to Heart's Content, hundreds are in a dying condition. In White bay alone forty-two persons died last month and no one knows how many since. Not less than 1,500 persons must have perished, but the exact figures can never be known, owing to the isolated region in which the suffering exists.

THE ANARCHISTS TRIAL.

Some New and Startling Developments Expected.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The continuation of the anarchists trial this week, it is expected, will witness several new and startling developments. After a vast quantity of testimony similar to that already given by Detective Janssen, from other detectives who have for various purposes been employed to watch the movements of the Chicago dynamiters for the past two years—some of them in the pay of the citizens association and others in the service of the Pinkerton agency, at the instance of foreign governments. A dozen witnesses will be called to give the substance of the incendiary speeches made by Parsons, Spies and Fielden at Haymarket on the evening of May 4, preceding the bomb massacre. The prosecution expects to rest its case by next Saturday, although it may take State's Attorney Grinnell a little longer to get in all available evidence, much of which has unexpectedly come to hand since the trial commenced. The story published in a New York paper Saturday, regarding an alleged interview with Ignatz Swobotka, in that city, in which Swobotka is made to confess he threw the fatal Haymarket bomb, finds no confirmation among the authorities here. The opinion of those who have had most to do with the investigation of the case and with the direction of efforts that have been put forth to find the real bomb thrower, or to ascertain who he is, has settled down to one or two persons—viz., a man shot and killed by Officer Madden or Rudolph Schnaubel, machinist, who has made his escape. Circumstances point most clearly to the latter.

The full force and meaning of the testimony of the Pinkerton men in the anarchists' trial will hardly be understood until more of it is put in. There is more of it to come. Detective Janssen is the only one of five of Pinkerton's oldest officers who were put to work early last winter to find out how much the anarchist crowd actually meant by their speeches and who, in the prosecution of their work, penetrated anarchist dens, took part in their most secret conclaves, listened to their instructions to their dupes and reported day by day to W. A. Pinkerton, their employer. Pinkerton had been employed by a party of the largest property owners in the city to make an investigation and furnish information obtained as he got it. His men were not employed to accuse or convict anybody. They were instructed to report facts, simply as they found them, and their testimony is, therefore, not open to the objection which is usually urged with force against detectives' evidence that is procured to convict.

A. C. Janssen, the detective whose disclosure occasioned the sensation Saturday, took the stand this morning first and the examination of the witness was resumed by Mr. Foster, who asked concerning the witness's version of the conversation which took place between Spies and an aged gentleman on the occasion of the parade on decoration day of last year. Spies looking at the militia said they would not amount to much in event of a riot; that a half dozen dynamite bombs would scatter the soldiers in all directions. Witness said he did not know who this man was. Witness reported daily to the agency in writing, and these written reports he obtained from the clerk at the agency. The name of L. G. Gage is indorsed on the reports, but witness does not know Mr. Gage. Witness said that on May 31, 1885, Fielden made a speech declaring that the government could be overthrown by force only, and on another occasion Fielden told witness force was to be used May 1, this year. On August 19, Parsons, speaking of the street car men's strike, said that if Inspector Bonfield was shot, a social revolution would be inaugurated.

William A. Pinkerton, chief of the national detective agency, testified that he had employed detectives to ferret out the secret doings of anarchists, but this was ordered stricken out, and Pinkerton left the stand.

Mr. Grinnel read the following notice in the Alarm of October 17th, 1885:

The armed section of the American group meets every Monday night at No. 54 West Lake street.

W. P. Freeman, a newspaper reporter, said that at the meeting on the lake front April 25th, Parsons spoke, saying if the working men were driven to starvation, they would unfurl the banner of liberty and fraternity and sweep everything before them, and pointed to a red flag as he spoke. He urged his hearers to take up arms. Spies spoke in German. Fielden said the workingmen could only enjoy the fruits of their labor by force. Witness was at Haymarket. He saw Parsons on the wagon, who frequently cried, "To arms!" in his speech. Fielden discussed legislation, and said it was useless to attempt anything by legislation. Force was the only recourse left, and witness saw Parsons, Spies and Fielden on the wagon, and he also thought he saw Schwab. When the police came up, he heard the police give a command to the crowd to disperse, which was followed by an explosion and firing. Witness crouched behind the wagon until the firing ceased.

On cross-examination, witness said he did not hear remark attributed to Fielden, "We are peaceable."

J. Gruenhut, city tenement house inspector, was called and testified that he was present when Spies told a reporter how the ranks of the police could be decimated by dynamite. Witness was in the Arbeiter Zeitung office the afternoon of May 3d and saw Speis prepare the "Revenge" circular.

This witness trembled violently during his examination. He has been a recognized socialist, and did not wish apparently to be a witness in the case.

The examination of Joseph Gruenhut was resumed at the opening of the afternoon session and the witness, replying to a question as to Spies's authority in the issuance of notices calling masemeetings of the socialists and circulars advising armed resistance to the police, said the editor of the Arbeiter-Zeitung only acted upon orders of the socialistic committee.

He had never known Spies to recommend the use of dynamite and other means of resistance, except individually, for personal protection, and not for the purpose of organized resistance to the police.

There was a painful interest in the testimony of the next witness, Dr. F. H. Newmun, that commanded the close attention of the audience. The state attorney began by handing the witness an ordinary iron nut, about half an inch square by a quarter of an inch thick, and asked if he had not extracted it from a wound.

Witness replied that he had taken it from the body of a policeman in the county hospital on May 5th. The man was wounded at Haymarket. A number of bullets and odd shaped missiles, of various sizes, were handed witness in succession and he testified to having taken them or having seen them taken from the bodies of other police officers who were wounded at the same time.

Maxwell E. Dixon, formerly a newspaper man, knew Spies, Parsons, Fielden, Kneeb, and Schwab. The principal feature of his testimony was in reference to the number or conversations with Parsons.

"In the latter part of last year, or in first part of the present," said the witness, "I had my last conversation with Parsons. He gave me a paper containing a diagram of a street intersection, and said that some such plan would illustrate the scene of coming stand for the dependence of the socialists in Chicago. I asked him if he was going to blow up any one. 'You will see,' he answered me, 'and it will be brought about sooner than you think for.'"

Dixon gave an interesting account of several meetings of the socialists which he had attended.

Most of the remainder of the afternoon was taken up by the prosecution in the reading of editorial and other articles from the Alarm and similar socialistic organs.

A dynamite bomb, eighteen and a half inches long and two inches in diameter, was found secreted in a barrel of straw on the fourth floor of Miller & Allen's crockery warehouse, No. 23 East Washington street. It was completely loaded and primed.

Detective Roran was called to remove it, and it was deposited in Lieutenant Shea's room, where it was pronounced the most dangerous weapon yet found.

Abraham Oschells, a young Russian, who worked for the firm in May, is suspected of having placed it there ready for use in the Haymarket massacre. He is now working for A. S. Gage & Co., and will be arrested. His socialistic leanings are well known.

The state's detectives engaged in the anarchist investigation are said to have ascertained that the man who made incendiary speeches from a box car, which also served as a rostrum for Spies and others, is named Feeden. He has heretofore been known as "The man in his shirt sleeves." It is further stated that this man had bombs upon his person at the McCormick affray, but when the police made their dash he threw them into a slip of the sout branch of the river, which runs near at hand. Efforts are being made to resuscitate these explosives.

MEETING OF SYMPATHIZERS.

Fully two thousand sympathizers of the eight anarchists now being tried before Judge Gary, assembled in West Twelfth street Turner hall tonight. It was the first "red flag" meeting since the memorable night of May the 4th, and there was considerable anxiety around police headquarters in consequence. The entire force there was held in readiness to answer any call, and a good sized number of officers was in attendance upon the meeting. Captain O'Donnell was present, and about forty uniformed policemen scattered inside and outside the hall, besides many detectives in citizen's clothing. But the meeting was peaceable and proceedings regular. A. C. Bischoff presided. Speeches were delivered by A. B. Simpson, Dr. Ernest Schmidt and George Schilling, all socialists or anarchists of long standing. The remarks of each were evidently tempered with due regard to the police force that was present, and were pretty strictly confined to expatiation on the set object of the meeting, which are summed up in a series of resolutions that were afterward carried with a whoop. They charge that the press has, since the fourth of May, with absolute unanimity, clamored for the condemnation and execution of the eight anarchists on trial, although they have not yet been heard in their own defense. The resolutions further charge that the press has not fairly and fully published the evidence thus far adduced in the trial, particularly the cross examination of witnesses called by the prosecution.

In conclusion, the resolutions "recommend to the organized workers of Chicago to follow in the footsteps of the Central Labor union of New York, which is entering the arena of political action for the purpose of counteracting repressive legislation that the capitalistic class will no doubt attempt to railroad through our legislative bodies."

The Pleuro-Pneumonia.

LANCASTER, Penn., July 26.—Secretery Edge, of the state board of health, and Drs. Bridge and Staub, today killed thirteen cattle infected with pleuro-pneumonia, on the farm of Jacob Lindman, in Manor township. A herd on an adjoining farm was also found to be infected. The secretary has issued an order prohibiting all cattle from appearing on public roads of the township until further notice.

A Railroad Accident.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., July 26.—A westbound limited express over the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road, due at Valparaiso, Indiana, at eight a. m., ran into an open switch and crashed into some freight cars on a side track. Mart Burke, one of the oldest engineers on the road, was instantly killed. The fireman jumped from the engine and escaped with slight injuries. No passengers were injured.

PREMIER SALISBURY.

ORDERED BY THE QUEEN TO FORM A CABINET.

Lord Salisbury's Return from Osborn—His Reception Along the Route—Lord Churchill Accepts the Position of Chancellor of the Exchequer—A Riot in Amsterdam—Etc., Etc.

LONDON, July 26.—The marquis of Salisbury arrived today at noon in London from Osborne, where he went to receive the queen's commands to form a government. Great crowds assembled at all the chief railway stations between Portsmouth and London and tendered the new premier ovations. He declined to address crowds anywhere. At the London station an enormous crowd had assembled to welcome the marquis, and they cheered him loudly when he alighted from the train.

The marquis of Salisbury while at Osborne kissed the hands of the queen, and was appointed her prime minister. He has called a meeting of the conservative members of the house of commons at Carlton club tomorrow. Lord Cadogan will probably be selected as secretary for the colonies in the new cabinet.

It is stated that Lord Randolph Churchill has accepted the position of chancellor of the exchequer and leader in the house of commons.

Attacking the Panama Canal.

PARIS, July 26.—A violent anonymous attack has been made here on the Panama canal enterprise. The attack is made in a pamphlet, strongly written, and containing seventy pages.

The title is "An Engineer's Letters on the Panama Canal." The cover bears the imprint of a sarcophagus, and the work is dedicated to the "Victims of the Panama Craze." The pamphlet describes the mortality among the workmen employed in making the canal, describes in anecdotal form the state of things on the isthmus, tells of the heedless squandering of the French public's money, and in conclusion states that of twenty-one sections of the canal only five are yet in anything like an advanced state of construction.

A Riot in Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, July 26.—Serious conflicts took place here yesterday between the populace and the police and troops, arising from the prohibition of a popular game on Sunday. The disorders were renewed tonight, when the troops fired into a crowd. The rioters are erecting barricades. It is reported that ten persons have been killed and many wounded. The socialists are fomenting disorders. Eighteen policemen were wounded. Twenty-eight persons have been arrested, including two socialists.

The prohibition game is the killing of eels attached to a cord stretched over the canal, a degrading pastime popular among the lower classes.

The Cholera Report.

ROME, July 26.—The following are cholera reports today: Brindisi, three new cases and two deaths; and twenty-eight new cases and twelve deaths elsewhere.

LONDON, July 26.—Cholera is spreading in Trieste. King Humbert has donated fifty thousand lire to Italian cholera sufferers.

Bennett to Pay Damages.

LONDON, July 26.—In the libel suit of Cyrus W. Field against James G. Bennett, the sheriff's jury awarded the plaintiff $25,000 damages. The defendant was condemned to pay all the costs of suit, also.

The Crofters Preparing for War.

LONDON, July 26.—Crofters, of Tiree, Scotland, are arming to resist the military. The smiths are forging spears, women are engaged in piling up stones ready for use, and all available firearms have been loaded.

A REPUBLICAN SPLIT.

A Sensation in Chattanooga—Mayor Sharp's Speech.

CHATTANOOGA, July 26.—[Special.]—A genuine sensation was created here tonight by the speech of Mayor Sharp, leading republican, in which he publicly denounced Springfield and Gaston, the republican candidates for sheriff and county judge, as thieves. He denounced Springfield's main supporters as dirty thieves and should now be in the penitentiary. The speech was made at a meeting of the committee of one hundred republicans organized to defeat the two candidates named and the speaker was vociferously applauded as he delineated the blackened records of the Springfield healers, which were hideous. There has never been such excitement over a political contest in this county, and the democrats have fair sailing as a result of republican dissatisfaction.

The wheat crop in this section has proved a total failure, and the new crop goes almost begging at the lowest market prices.

SEVERE STORM IN PENNSYLVANIA

Great Damage Done Around Pittsburg—Crops Destroyed.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—The damage done by this morning's storm was much greater than at first supposed and will probably reach $350,000. The storm appears to have been confined to western Pennsylvania and was the most severe known for many years and from almost every town along the rivers reports are coming in of great damage. Houses were flooded and struck by lightning, crops destroyed and trees and fences washed away. Almost every railroad entering the city suffered from land slides and washouts, but the fury of the elements was probably the greatest along the Pittsburg and Western road.

A MILLIONAIRE OVERBOARD.

General James Van Allen Lost off a Cunard Steamship.

NEW YORK, July 26.—General James H. Van Allen, an aged millionaire of Newport, was lost overboard from the Cunard steamship Umbria just before daylight on the morning of Thursday last, under circumstances that leave it a matter of conjecture just how his death happened.

Hubert O. Thompson, leader of the New York county democracy and ex-commissioner of public works, was found dead in his bed this morning, having died from apoplexy during the night. He was very fleshy.

THE RING OF THE TROWEL.

Four Hundred Brick Masons Return to Work.

MILWAUKEE, July 26.—Four hundred masons and bricklayers, who struck two weeks ago, causing an entire suspension of building operations in the city, returned to work today. The boss masons wanted the men to return to ten hours' work a day, while the journeymen made a counter demand that the bosses sign an agreement to continue the eight-hour system for three years. The latters' refusal to do this caused the strike. The return of the men to work leaves matters as before, the eight-hour day continuing, but without any agreement as to when it shall cease.

A Supposed Suicide.

NORFOLK, Va., July 26.—Demetrius G. Maximus, a prominent young Greek cotton buyer, hired a row boat Saturday afternoon with the avowed purpose of going fishing. This morning the boat was found, containing his coat, vest, hat and watch, but he could nowhere be found. He had been despondent for some weeks, and friends believe he committed suicide.

A BOYCOTT FOR AUGUSTA.

The Trouble Between the Knights and the Millmen Growing.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—There is a ripple of excitement as to the mill trouble today. The executive committee of the Knights of Labor have issued a decree, which, in all probability, will be ratified by the higher authority, and put into effect, boycotting the goods manufactured by the mills of Augusta. This boycott has no local significance, but will have some effect at large. The Knights of Labor refusing to purchase, and publicly condemning the productions of the seven or eight mills of modest little Augusta in every part of the United States will not have a good effect, to say the least of it. It is presumed that this action is prompted by the combination of the mill presidents here, it being believed by the knights that the moral, if not actual support of the other mills, is given the Augusta factory, thereby making it more impossible to bring that factory to terms. The great fear here is that the mill presidents may retaliate, and order that no Knight of Labor shall be employed in their respective mills. This would bring about the clash. Those who are not knights in the mills are exceptions. Should the presidents refuse to give work to knights the greatest trouble and suffering would ensue.

A prominent member of the Knights of Labor executive committee says at midnight that no boycott has yet been issued, but will surely be ordered tomorrow or next day.

LABORERS FIGHT.

Italians Drive the Hungarians to the Woods—The Casualties.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 26.—A serious riot broke out between two gangs of Italian and Hungarian laborers, on the new Pennsylvania, Schuylkill Valley railroad, between Delano and Hazleton, this afternoon. The Italians struck for an advance in wages, and undertook to compel the Hungarians to strike with them. The latter refused, and a terrific fight, in which nearly four hundred men participated, followed. A train was immediately dispatched to this place for policemen to stop the fight, but before they reached the scene the Italians had driven the Hungarians to the woods and stopped all work on the line. Several of the Hungarians are badly injured and three of the number are reputed dying.

The Unions and the Knights.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The members of the Cigarmakers' Progressive union met at Germania assembly rooms tonight. One speaker said that since they had given up affiliation with the Knights of Labor, the cigarmakers' organization, probably the strongest in the United States with whom the progressives had quarrelled in times gone by, had asked them to join their body. The wisest men in the organization advised this course. It was unanimously voted to join the International union.

IT WILL ALL END IN SMOKE.

The Story of Troops Being Ordered to El Paso a Myth

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is stated at the war department that no United States troops have been ordered to Fort Bliss, in anticipation of trouble at El Paso, arising from the reported refusal of the Mexican authorities to release Editor Cutting. It is stated further that the concentration of Mexican troops at that place does not in itself signify a probable rupture of the present peaceful relations with this country, but is more likely a strategetic military movement against the revolutionary parties in Mexico.

GALVESTON, Texas, July 26.—A special from Eagle Pass says: Revolutionary circulars are being distributed throughout the states of Tamaulipas, Coahuila and Nuevo Leon, signed by Francisco J. Caso, calling upon his friends to arise, arm themselves and fight the Diaz government, which is trampling upon the rights of the people and press. The circular says that a decree has lately been promulgated giving alcaldes throughout the various states unusual powers over the rights of persons and property in violation of the constitution of 1857, which Caso calls upon the people to uphold.

The outcome of the Cutting case is being watched very closely by people along the border here, who think the government has been very remiss in protecting the rights and liberties of American citizens in Mexico, and hope that this affair will establish a precedent for aggressive measures hereafter on the part of the United States government.

A HEAVY EMBEZZLEMENT.

A Mail Officer Arrested—$100,000 Short in His Accounts.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Colonel W. H. Bolton, chief of the division for handling second-class mail matter at the Chicago postoffice, was arrested shortly after noon today, charged with embezzlement of the public funds by means of false returns. The postoffice inspectors claimed to have traced a shortage of $50,000 to $100,000. John T. Stewart, weigher, was also arrested. Bolton was appointed by Postmaster Palmer in 1877. The arrests of these two men are very likely to be followed by more, as the inspectors have discovered private memorandum belonging to Bolton, which, they claim, implicates a number of federal officials, and even private citizens. The inspectors say that the facts, which will quickly be brought to light, will produce a sensation. Bolton had a fine war record, participated honorably in a number of severe battles, and was regarded as a brave soldier and capable officer. After the war Bolton went to Mississippi, where he was appointed to a clerkship in the United States circuit court. He afterwards bought a plantation near Greenville. He left Mississippi during the carpetbag excitement. He then came back to Chicago and engaged in business until his appointment to his present position. Bolton was held in $10,000 and Stuart in $5,000 bail this afternoon.

TOWED TO BOSTON.

The Steamer Gate City Brought to Dock for Repairs.

BOSTON, July 26.—The steamer Gate City, which was ashore at Naushon, reached here at 6 a. m. today, in tow of two tugs, and anchored at South Boston, where she will discharge her cargo, after which she will be taken to East Boston and docked for repairs. Ten thousand melons remain in her hold, and will be dumped overboard at the ebb of the tide. The steamer's engines were only slightly injured and were used on the passage from Vineyard Haven. Chief Diver Duncan told a reporter that there were no holes in the vessel's hull. Thirty-five feet of the keel is gone and the plating is cracked on the starboard side, opposite the boilers. There is little in the appearance of the steamer to indicate the serious nature of her injuries.

The Green-Eyed Monster.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 26.—Thomas Richardson, Jr., of this place, in a fit of jealousy last night shot Miss Bishop and her escort, named Russell, and another young man, named Filten. The wounds of Russell and Filten are believed to be fatal. Richardson, who is probably demented, was arrested.

She Claims to be an Angel.

MERIDIAN, Miss., July 26.—[Special.]—A little girl at Vernon, Ala., is creating the biggest sensation in the history of the world, by claiming to be a returned angel. The country is wild over her, and multitudes flock to hear her.

MACON DEPARTMENT.

A PLEASANT RIDE INTO THE COUNTRY.

What We Saw—Curtis Caught—Recorder's Court—Levy Made—A Large Crowd—Closed—City Court—A Remarkable Family—A Good Raid—Dots and Dashes—Personal News.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Yesterday evening your correspondent was invited to take a ride into the country by Hon. W. A. Huff, which he did not hesitate to accept.

It does a man good to ride into the country and get a little ozone occasionally, and you may rest assured that our lungs and hearts expanded to the occasion.

So exactly at 3 o'clock, we left Mulberry street and passed down Third, and then out through Gilesville, and were in the Houston road. Down the road we sped for about three miles, when we suddenly came to a standstill, and then taking a little branch road that turned to the left, we were soon greeted by Mr. Scott, at Mr. Asa E. Thompson's.

Mr. Scott kindly took us in charge, and after eating watermelon, peaches, pears, apples, etc., he took us down just below the house and showed us some of the finest cotton and corn we have had the pleasure of looking at in many a day.

Mr. Thompson has thirty acres of cotton that is as high as a man's head and the limbs are locked so in four feet and a half rows that it is almost impossible to walk through it.

It is also loaded down with grown bolls and fruit, and there is little doubt but what he will get a bale of cotton to the acre. It is simply remarkable—the finest cotton we have ever seen in Georgia.

THE CORN.

We then was taken a little further out amid the corn. The corn too, is the best we have seen this year, being thick in the drill and well eared.

It will no doubt make twenty-five bushels to the acre and probably more.

We then began our march back toward the home and in our route we passed through his lots, and right here we saw the largest pile of melons we have seen in a many a day.

One of his barns had sixteen hundred large kolb gems that would weigh from fifteen to forty pounds.

We then returned to the house, and after getting a refreshing drink from Mr. Thompson's thirty foot well, and bidding them goodbye we proceeded to travel on down in the direction of the railroad.

The Southwestern road runs right through Mr. T.'s place, and just beyond the road is where your correspondent saw more watermelons yesterday evening than he ever saw in one place before. There are seventy-five acres in a body, fifty of which has not had a melon pulled off it yet, and the ground is literally covered. He has shipped fifteen carloads and will have at least twice as many more to ship.

Your correspondent found out, however, that the returns for those he had shipped were so slow about making their appearance, he having received a hearing only from one car, which only netted him about fifty dollars.

We did not pause to sample them in the patch, but made our way onward, crossing the railroad again at what is known as Harris' crossing, five miles from Macon. Here Judge Harris has a fine body of land, consisting of about one thousand acres, situated on either side of the road and is a fine track of land.

Onward we went and the next farm we came to was Mr. Harp's, on the Wise place, five miles from town on the Houston road. We did not stop, however, and in a few minutes we were halted at Mr. Charles S. Virgin's. Here we again alighted and spent a few minutes very pleasantly.

After resting for a few minutes, we found that the sun was fast sinking beneath the western horizon, and we bade adieu to our host and was again in our buggy, and our steed ready at the touch of the reins to bring us rapidly on toward Macon.

The reins were not touched. Amazed! What at?

Just opposite Mr. Virgin's is that beautiful mikado farm of Captain W. B. Sparks.

This farm is undoubtedly one of the prettiest in Bibb county, and had it not been for the lateness of the hour we would have gone over and spent an hour looking at the surroundings. We could not, however, and had to be satisfied at looking from the road.

It has a beautiful plank fence on the front next to the road nearly three-quarters of a mile in length, which adds no little to the appearance of the place.

Mr. Sparks, no doubt, has spent a great deal of money in fixing up and beautifying this place, and he now has the pleasure of knowing that he has one of the prettiest, neatest and best farms in Bibb county.

There seemed to be a fine crop of cantelopes and watermelons on the place, and we only regretted that we could not go over and look at his farm.

We promised ourselves, however, to return and one of these evenings we intend to revisit the place and examine it more thoroughly.

By this time the sun had hidden herself and darkness was fast coming on so we gathered the reins and was soon coming on towards town at two-forty gait.

There is many other farms out there that would do anyone good to look at, and a trip out there would repay those who are not familiar with farming, and as for myself, I never enjoyed a trip more in my life. One reason of that, however, was that I had for my traveling companion one of the most genial and best informed men of Bibb county.

Curtis Caught.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Sometime ago a clock was stolen from the Bazbar store by two or three negroes, mention of which appeared in these columns.

A few days ago, Ernest Williams, who did the stealing, was caught and lodged in jail, but the others could not be found.

This morning about daybreak, Officers Allen Jones and Wood run in on him on Fourth street, back of Louis Greenwood's store, secreted under a dry goods box.

Andrew Curtis proved to be an accomplice of Williams, and was locked up. He is also charged with beating his wife, which will be tried before the recorder tomorrow morning, and then a warrant issued for him, and probably he will be placed in the same cell with his chum, Ernest Williams.

A Remarkable Family.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—This morning about 10 o'clock a young man about six feet high walked into the office of Dr. Gibson on Cotton avenue for the purpose of having a tumor taken out of his breast.

The doctor began work and succeeded in cutting a tumor from his breast as large as his head. He was put under the influence of ether and did not seem to feel it in the least.

It required great skill on the part of Dr. Gibson.

There is something novel about the whole family. The young man said there was thirty-five connections in the family and nearly every one of them have superanumary toes and fingers. The young man himself had two superanumary fingers, but said he did not want them. There are three of the family, however, that will have them taken off by Dr. Gibson at once.

A Good Raid.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Saturday night at the East Tennessee yard, where the construction train was staying all night, there was a good raid made by a negro boy hailing from Savannah.

The hands sleep in the cars of the train at night, and while on the road they have a boy to carry their water.

This boy's name was Tom Gilliard, and Saturday night, while the hands were out of the cars, this boy entered two of them and stole from one of the hands named Sam Williams, $12, from Elbert Dudley $35, Warren Mulley $5 and from Mr. John DeLay a Smith & Wesson pistol.

It was kept quiet until this morning, thinking he would be caught.

It is now thought he has gone back to Savannah, and the authorities were telegraphed there today.

Levy Made.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—M. Fitzgerald, a grocer on Third street, bought goods from A. E. Mossman, Bros. & Co., of Baltimore, sometime ago, and failed to pay for them. Recently a suit was filed by Mossman, Bros. & Co. through their attorney, W. H. Wylly.

Fitzgerald promised to pay, and had postponed from time to time, and was rendered in the July term of the justice court and levy made last Thursday. He then put the officer off until Saturday, and when Saturday came he then put off until 9 o'clock this morning. Promptly at 9 o'clock the officer was there. Fitzgerald called for 9 o'clock Tuesday. But the officer was tired of 9 o'clock business and made levy and took charge. After two loads of goods were moved, however, he came up and settled.

Recorder's Court.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—It did not take but about fifteen minutes to dispose of all the cases on the docket.

The following is what was done:

Ed Loyton and wife, fighting. It was found that the fighting occurred outside of the city, and was dismissed.

Mat Talby, drunk on Fourth street, Saturday night. Fined $2.50.

Jim Smith, drunk. Continued.

Bob Young, fighting and disorderly. Fined $5.00.

A Large Crowd.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—One of the largest crowds since the state fair, was seen at the union depot this morning. The whole shed was packed and one could hardly find standing room under the shed. Your scribe inquired as to what it meant, and found that a large portion of them were bound for Atlanta, to be there on the 28th.

Closed.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The contract for furnishing the concrete materials of the government building closed today at 12 o'clock.

Mr. D. B. Woodruff is out of the city, but will return in a few days, when the work will be pushed as rapidly as possible. In the meantime, work is being done in the way of cleaning up the ground.

City Court.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—There was not much done in the city court today, being only one case tried, that of Sylvester Wilson for stealing an umbrella from the Academy of Music.

He was convicted and fined $25 and cost or four months in the gang. He will likely wear the shackles.

A Car Jumps the Track.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A sleeper was being carried to Atlanta by a freight train this morning and jumped the track near St. Paul's church, tearing up the track one hundred yards.

Dots and Dashes.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The order for the lightning rods for the First Baptist church have been given to A. M. Goodrich, of Atlanta. They are to be solid brass.

The Mikado club anticipate having a picnic at an early date.

Messrs. Payne and Willingham is having some improvement made in the front part of their store.

We hear that the amateurs will play the Hanson's three games of ball this week on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday evenings.

A negro by the name of William Goodrum had an epileptic fit near the corner of Cherry and Second this morning, and fell sprawling to the ground. A little fresh water soon brought him all right. He was a porter for Mr. Walter Johnson and was carrying a stove pipe when he fell.

Mrs. Eliza Holton C. Brooker died at Holton yesterday evening. She was sixty-eight years old, and had suffered a long time from dropsy.

Mr. George Lumpkin, of East Macon, will soon move into the Flanders' building, where he will increase his business.

Grapes are like the watermelons; they are falling. Last week we paid fifteen cents per pound, and this morning the market opened at ten cents.

Personals.

MACON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The family of Mr. George Morgan is spending a few days with friends in Crawford county.

Major R. F. Lawton and family spent yesterday in Bryan.

Mrs. J. H. Blount and daughter, Miss Dollie, have returned from Washington, where they have been for the past few months.

Mr. Sam Everette has rented the Episcopal parsonage.

Miss Lillie Rodges passed through this morning on her way to visit friends in Atlanta.

Mrs. Frank Holt, of Montezuma, spent today in town.

Mr. W. F. Sawyer, of Gainesville, passed through the city this morning.

Dr. Bass, Bishop Key and Rev. Mr. Smith returned from Thomasville this morning.

Professor J. M. Daly went up to Jonesboro this morning.

Colonel C. C. Richardson, who has been spending a month at Byron, came back to the city this morning.

Miss Clara Dunlap will leave in a few days to spend the remainder of the summer at Blue Ridge, Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Friend are in the city.

Mrs. Dr. Gewinner is spending the summer in South Carolina.

Mrs. W. H. O'Pry, whose health has been very bad for the last few months, we are glad to say, is improving.

Mrs. E. S. Smith and children left this morning to visit relatives.

Mrs. Frank Mosely returned from Howard yesterday evening.

Joseph G. Blount is back from a visit to the mountains.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

A Negro Mother Locks Her Children in a House and They Are Burned to Death.

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A negro woman living on Mr. James Gibson's place, at Crawford, Ala., went to church last night, leaving her three children locked up in a cabin. During her absence the cabin caught fire and two of the children perished in the flames, and the other was seriously burned before it could be rescued by the neighbors.

Mr. Richard P. Baker, a prosperous farmer of Lee county, Ala., and Mrs. Sarah C. Baker, a young widow, were married in this city yesterday evening.

A negro named George Phillips was assaulted and badly hurt by another negro, named Tom Nunnally, near Cataula, Harris county, yesterday evening. Nunnally was arrested and lodged in jail at Hamilton this morning. He confessed his guilt and said that Commodore Perry, another negro, had hired him to kill Phillips. Perry has also been arrested.

Mr. J. M. Barker and Miss Ada Daniel were married in this city yesterday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Maynor, an aged and highly respected lady, died at her home near Crawford, Ala., Saturday night.

Hon. W. J. Sanford and others will speak in Bowersville tomorrow night in the interest of the democratic candidates.

Sallie Fannie, the thirteen-year-old daughter of Mr. E. W. Buchanan, died in this city yesterday.

Mrs. Catherine Jordan died at her home a few miles from this city this morning, aged 65 years.

Honors Suggested for Judge Clarke.

CUTHBERT, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The gubernatorial delegates from this county to the state convention number among them Judge John T. Clarke. Judge Clarke would fill the position of chairman of that body in an able manner, and his many friends throughout the state would be delighted to see him tendered the presidency. No more able executive officer resides in the state, and he has no superior in parliamentary usages.

A New Hotel for Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A company is now organizing for the purpose of building a fine hotel in Athens to cost not less than $75,000.

General R. F. Hoke, of North Carolina, is in the city at the Commercial hotel.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please.

A TATNALL CANNIBAL.

SHE KILLS A CHILD AND COOKS IT.

The Dish to Which a Picnic Party was Treated—Half the Child Found Salted Away for Future Use—A Story Which Seems to be True—Most Revolting in its Details, Etc.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 25.—[Special.]—A horrible report from the lower end of Tatnall county has just reached the city. A negro woman engaged to prepare a dinner for a colored picnic, murdered a young child, which had been left in her charge, cooked half the remains and served it to the people. The other half of the remains were found salted down in a barrel. The negroes became perfectly frienzed on making the discovery, seized the woman and burnt her at the stake. The report appears to be authentic.

KILLED BY HIS SON.

The Frightful Death of a Liberty County Father.

HINESVILLE, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A shocking tragedy was perpetrated in this county Friday. Pat Martin, a widower, living with his three little boys, the oldest being about twelve years of age, was killed by them while sleeping on a cot in the front piazza of his house. They went to the house of an aunt living near and confessed the horrible deed, saying that their father had whipped them and threatened to choke and cut their throats when he had taken a nap. The boys secured an ax, and while he slept aimed three or four blows at his head, killing him before he could rise. The boys are small for their age, having always been considered sickly. Martin was addicted to drinking, but as he worked hard at a neighbor's house up to dinner time, and the killing took place immediately after, it is not probable that he was in liquor.

A CHILD DROWNED.

A Twelve-Year-Old Boy Falls Into the River.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A sad drowning occurred at the Baltimore steamship's wharf. The steamship, Wm. Crane, arrived about two o'clock. An hour later, when the passengers had gone off, Mr. J. W. Farquharson, the stewart of the vessel, took his two little children, Willie C., a twelve-year-old boy, and a ten-year-old daughter, out on the wharf. The family's home is in Baltimore, and the children came out this trip with their father to spend part of their vacation, both having been at school until shortly before the ship sailed.

For some time the father watched the children playing about the wharf, and he cautioned them not to go near the edge. He was sitting on a bale of hay fifty feet from the river, and suddenly got to dozing. Directly he was awakened by the frantic cries of his little daughter, who was calling to her father. Mr. Farquharson sprang up, but the child was so terrified that the parent could not understand her. Not seeing his other child on the wharf, he surmised the truth and ran to the edge of the wharf. The lad's hat was floating down the river. Two men in a boat and in mid-stream were rowing with all their strength toward the wharf. John W. Winn, the diver, who happened to be on the wharf, was overboard like a flash, but the child must have been at once carried to the bottom. Several persons were standing in the stern of the Crane, and saw the boy fall into the river. It was flood tide and there was twenty-five feet of water at the wharf. Winn dived again and again, but could not find the body.

Grappling hooks were got out, and in fifteen minutes after the lad fell overboard his body was caught and pulled up on the wharf. The child was rolled on a barrel while a physician was sent for. Dr. Dunn soon arrived, and he made every effort to resuscitate the boy. A feeble pulse was obtained once and it was thought the child's life would be saved. After a few beats the pulse ceased. The doctor worked for forty-five minutes, when he saw that there was no hope. The father was frantic with grief, and many of those in the crowd could not keep back the tears from their own eyes as the parent in his agony embraced the lifeless body and called it by name.

Mr. Farquharson left on the northbound train for Baltimore with his daughter and his son's body. The mother, who is at home, was notified by telegraph.

Looking for Their Father.

ATHENS, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The children of Mr. Mark Cheatham were in Athens, yesterday, looking for their father, and are very much troubled about his absence. Mr. Cheatham is a very quiet, inoffensive carpenter, boarding out at Mrs. Gean's, on the Watkinsville road. Last Friday, a week ago, he slipped out of the house and said that he would return in a little while, and has not been heard of since. Mr. Cheatham is a very temperate man, and has never been known to leave before without telling some of his people where he was going. The children are very anxious to learn anything of his whereabouts.

Tournament at Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Wednesday next the State Colored Firemen's association will hold the annual tournament in the city of Athens. Eight visiting companies will participate, representing Macon, Augusta, Americus, Griffin, Milledgeville and Gainesville. The two home companies have made ample preparations for the occasion. Thursday, the 29th, day after tournament, E. W. Brydie, secretary of the Firemen's association will run a big excursion to Tallulah Falls. Fare for round trip, $1.50. Separate cars for the white people.

Found Guilty of Manslaughter.

BUCHANAN, July 26.—[Special.]—The jury found Fletcher Barnett, the negro who killed Mason, in Tallapoosa, guilty of manslaughter, and Judge Branham sentenced him to four years in the chaingang.

Norris, the murderer of Elliott, will be tried tomorrow. The defense will endeavor to prove his insanity.

Amused by a Lunatic.

ROME, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—A white man from Chattanooga, who has been adjudged a lunatic, passed through the city today in charge of a keeper. He created considerable excitement on Broad street for a while by his strange actions.

Personal Notes From Jonesboro.

JONESBORO, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Judge E. Barber has been quite ill for several days.

Mrs. Dobley has returned from a visit to Stockbridge.

Miss Pauline Davis, of Fayetteville, visited Mrs. C. A. Eason this week.

Mr. Frank Coleman and Thos. Franklin, of Atlanta, spent Sunday here.

Mayor Blalock and lady spent Sunday in Fayetteville.

Mrs. J. H. Dorsey, of Lovejoy, was the guest of Mrs. G. S. Hanes last week.

Misses Minnie Crockett and Bessie Stewart returned from a pleasant visit to Griffin last week.

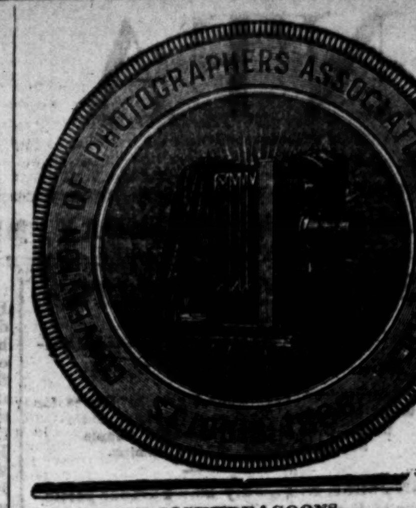
Mrs. Wm. Ford, nee Miss Rowena Hanes, of Isabella, visited her parents here last week.

Mrs. W. H. H. Morrow and her accomplished daughters, Misses Issie and Florrie, have gone on a visit to Carrollton.

Colonel T. B. Harwell and lady visited Rev. T. L. S. Harwell last Sunday.

Cholera, dysentery and diarrhœa come with the summer imprudence in fruit diet. Infection and sudden checks of perspiration cause these complaints. On the first symptom take four or five Brandreth Pills and drink plentifully of hot water, and you are safe. If you wish to render the body a fortress against disease, take one or two Brandreth Pills every night for ten days and thus remove from the bowels all irritating substance and purify the blood.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered Liver. Only one pill a dose.



FAC SIMILE OF EACH SIDE OF THE SILVER MEDAL AWARDED TO C. W. MOTES AT ST. LOUIS, MO., JUNE 25th, 1886.



THE LIGHT DRAGOONS.

A Notable Occasion for the Gallant Soldier Boys.

DARIEN, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The members of the McIntosh Light dragoons who went up to Liberty county to participate in the centennial celebration of the Independent Troop returned delighted with their visit, and are loud in their praises of the hospitality of Liberty's good people.

The trip to the centennial was accomplished by means of about a dozen buggies, single and double, and several sprightly and accomplished young ladies from the ridge accompanied the party. All were in a jolly mood, and the forty-one mile drive through the piney woods, which, under ordinary circumstances, would have been fatiguing, thanks to the ladies, became a source of novel pleasure. Every dusky "mauma" and "uncle" met on the road were made objects of hilarious and friendly salutation, and the broad grins which followed evidenced their appreciation. Peal after peal of merry laughter ascended, while the woods resounded with "Sweet Home," "Boil dat Cabbage Down," "I'll Never Kiss Willie," and so on.

The homeward trip was made equally enjoyable, although one half of it was made in a pitchy darkness over roads made almost impassable by heavy downpours of rain. One part of the road was particularly dangerous on account of some frail and narrow bridges which had to be crossed, and in each case a flash of lightning had to be waited on to make the crossing. None of the party, however, seemed to feel nervous. For every new danger that the leading driver announced overcome, cheers were proposed and lustily given while the thunder rolled sullenly overhead. At last a broad opening became visible through the pines—the party had struck the good road within a mile or two of home. The driver ahead stopped, told everybody to stand up and strain their lungs and proposed three cheers for Liberty's hospitality, coupled with the names of Captains Hughes and Miller. Three frantic hurrahs rent the air as a flash of lightning revealed the position of each one of the enthusiastic train.

An hour later and the most of them were probably making the trip over again in their dreams.

The McIntosh Light Dragoons unanimously elected Mr. James L. Foster as captain on Saturday last. A committee waited on Mr. Foster and informed him of his election, and it is probable that he will accept. The Dragoons have now been without a commander for some time and the old time enthusiasm in the ranks has lagged somewhat. By honoring Mr. Foster, however, the Dragoons have acted wisely. This gentleman possesses pluck, means, talents and an iron will, and under his leadership we may expect to see the troop leap into the front ranks of military organizations.

FACE TO FACE.

The Old Veterans Meet and Recount Their War Days.

PALMETTO, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—On last Saturday, the 24th inst., the confederate veterans held a reunion at this place. People began to arrive on Friday evening before, and by 8 o'clock Saturday, they began to come in wagons, buggies, on horseback and on foot from every direction, and they continued to come until ten or eleven o'clock. At half past nine the survivors of Company I of the Second Georgia Cavalry had formed into line on horseback, and started in procession to the grove selected for the exercises, followed by all other ex-confederates marching four abreast. When they reached the grove all the veterans took their seats immediately in front of the stage that had been reserved for them, and the crowd gathered round until there was a perfect sea of faces.

The exercises were opened with a prayer by Rev. W. A. Ragsdale, of Paulding county. Then came the address of welcome by Major E. P. Floyd, and response by Captain J. L. Bell in behalf of the veterans; then followed a beautiful recitation by each of Misses Maggie Dean, Weir Lyndon, Louise Killian and Dora Beckman. Then Captain George C. Looney was introduced as orator of the day, and delivered an interesting speech of some length that was magnificently beautiful and eloquent. At the close of his speech there was great applause, and there were loud calls for Captain Levi Ballard, but he said he was at home and thought others should do the speaking. The audience then called for Captains W. A. Ragsdale and T. W. Latham, who delivered short but feeling and appropriate addresses. The exercises were interspersed with music, with Miss Florrie Bullard at the organ. The Senoia brass band was in attendance, and added greatly to the enjoyment of the day by their excellent music.

At twelve o'clock the barbecue of sixty carcasses was done and on the immense table that had been prepared. A great many had brought baskets well filled, and when their contents were placed on the table with the barbecued meats, it made a feast worthy of any occasion. Dinner was announced, the crowd went from the stand to the table and feasted to their own satisfaction.

The crowd was most generally estimated at four thousand, and the notable feature, showing the benefits of prohibition, was that the writer saw and could hear of but one man that was in the least intoxicated, and he came from a distance, and it was said that he brought his whisky with him. About 3 o'clock the crowd began to disperse, everybody claiming to have spent a pleasant day, and by 5 o'clock the town settled down to its usual quietude, and the reunion was over.

THE DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

A Grand Gathering of Church People in Kingston.

KINGSTON, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The Methodist district meeting closed last night and the morning trains carried off all the ministers and delegates except Rev. Messrs. Cary and Hudson who remained to aid the pastor, Rev. James England, in a protracted meeting.

The town presents the look of a deserted village. Yesterday was a red-letter day for Kingston. The largest crowd ever assembled in Kingston was here yesterday. The trains from every direction brought in great crowds, and each public road leading into the town was thronged with buggies, wagons and carriages from eight o'clock until eleven. Dr. Kendall, of Rome, preached at eleven o'clock at the arbor, while Mr. Pierce preached to the negroes at the same hour. Dr. Kendall preached one of the most powerful sermons we ever heard. Mr. Dodge, of Cartersville, preached at night. The people of the town part with those who were here with reluctance. They feel almost like parting with friends of a lifetime.

A SCREVEN BARBECUE,

In Which the Appetite and the Intellect Were Satisfied.

SYLVANIA, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The people of Scarboro and the surrounding country gave a barbecue and basket picnic at that place on last Thursday, at which was present a large and happy crowd. Hon. T. W. Oliver, Jr., was the speaker of the day, and spoke from a stand beautifully decorated with flowers and evergreens to an attentive audience, but was not able to conclude his address on account of a rain which came up very suddenly, and drove the people into the houses for shelter. Dinner was spread on a long table at about 2 o'clock, and of barbecued meat, chickens, pies and everything else that was nice, there was no end. Everybody seemed to enjoy the day and to go away thoroughly satisfied. Scarboro has some beautiful young ladies and gallant gentlemen, and for good dinners can certainly take the pennant.

Increasing Her Schools.

ROME, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The contract for an additional public school building was awarded today to J. B. Patterson. The building will be completed in time for the fall session.

The Crop Outlook in Warren.

From the Warrenton, Ga., Clipper.

The crop prospects in Warren at present are not, by any means, cheering. The heavy rains that fell during the latter part of June and the first part of this month placed the lands in such a condition that they could not be properly worked, and the growing crops became so badly overrun with grass that they could not be cleaned without doing serious injury to the plants. Many farmers have been compelled to abandon a large acreage of cotton because of their inability to master the grass. Under the most favorable circumstances from now on, some of our farmers claim that there cannot be more than half a crop made. The growth of cotton has been greatly retarded, and having but little more than two weeks to take on and mature a crop, it doesn't seem possible that it could recover in that space of time from the backsets to which it has been subjected. Upland corn and that on well drained lowlands is very good, and seems to be the only source to which the farmers can look with any degree of consolation. Fortunately a large acreage was planted this year, which fact is the only salvation. One notable feature about the farmers this year, and a very commendable one, is that they have bought only what was actually necessary to carry on their operations. Money has never before been so scarce in Warren county, and from Monday morning until Saturday night the town presents an uninterrupted scene of chronic dullness.

Seeing the Convicts.

From the Americus, Ga., Recorder.

To those who have never seen the convicts at work, it is well worth the time to pay a visit to them. The eighty-five, who lately passed through Americus, are now at work on the Americus, Preston and Lumpkin extension, and it is these particularly that we are speaking of. They are quartered in a stockade at night, and closely guarded. In the morning they are given their breakfast and then marched to their work. They are worked in cuts as much as possible, with guards on each side, each guard having a certain number under his eye, and very often he is compelled to count noses and pass word to the next man. In this way, no matter how many are together, they cannot be gone long before they are missed. As laborers they are hard workers, probably realizing that the better they work, the better they will be treated.

He Was a Wicked Negro.

From the Hartwell, Ga., Sun.

On last Friday night week Tom Teasley, a colored man living on Mr. Ed. N. Adams' place, ran away with Lizzie Roebuck, wife of Jack Roebuck. He left his wife sick in bed with a babe only one month old; and on last Friday night, just one week after her brutal husband deserted her, the poor woman died. A warrant has been issued for him, and if any one knows of his whereabouts he would be furthering the cause of justice by sending information to the sheriff of Hart county.

The Prosperity of Baldwin.

From the Milledgeville, Ga., Chronicle.

The tax digest of Baldwin county for the year 1886 has been forwarded to the comptroller's office by Mr. J. Hunter McComb, tax receiver. The exhibit is creditable to him and the county. Total value of whole property given in, $1,534,033; total increase in values over the year 1885 is $174,922. Of this increase the whites return $142,518, and the colored $32,404. The colored return showing the greater ratio of increase. The total number of polls is 2,097.

Georgia Patents.

Mr. H. N. Jenkins, solicitor of patents, Washington, D. C., officially reports to THE CONSTITUTION the following complete list of patents granted Georgia inventors for the week ending July 20, 1886: A. W. Potts, Apple Valley, mould board for cultivators; J. C. Powell, Macon, hand stamp; Hugh H. Colquitt, Atlanta, fertilizer.

A Lady's Unfortunate Experience.

Was that of one of our acquaintance who suffered from scrofula, a yellow complexion, and distress of the stomach, for years before using Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, which finally cured her.



AURANTII

Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and Burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c. STADIGER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but will CURE all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a waxy, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the BEST ALTERATIVES and PURIFIERS OF THE BLOOD, and is A VALUABLE TONIC.

STADIGER'S AURANTII

For sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle.

C. F. STADIGER, Proprietor, 140 SO. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, Pa. Name this paper. mar10-d&wk6m f l u r m

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—G. W. Ad... auctioneer. By virtue of an order of the ... of ordinary of Fulton county, granted at the ... term, 1886, of said court, will be sold before ... courthouse door in said county, on the first ... day in August next, within the legal hours of ... the following property, to-wit:

One lot of land, containing 51 acres, more or ... in the 17th district of Fulton county, being the ... divided north half of the original half lot No. ... commencing at the southwest corner of said ... thence north with the original line, 61 rods ... feet to a stake at the corner of Mrs. Burgess' ... thence north of east with the out corners of ... fence, 47 rods, 7½ feet to a rock corner, thence ... east to a bluff spring on the south side of a branch ... thence up said branch, with the meanders ... said branch to a rock corner, thence due ... within 30 rods of the original north line of said ... thence south, parallel with the original line, to ... pine knot corner, 30 rods west of the original ... er, thence due west to the beginning corner, ... same being the property of the estate of G. ... Camp, deceased. Sold for the purpose of paying ... of debts and reinvestment. Terms cash.

W. M. CAMP, Administrator.

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CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE mayor and general council will be received Monday, August 2nd at 3 p. m., by the city ... in open council for the following city work:

Mcadamizing Crew street from Peters street ... Crumley street.

Constructing sewer on Capital avenue from ... ton street to Crumley street. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of city engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

M. MAHONY, Commissioner of Public Works.

J. W. ELDER, Jr., REAL ESTATE AGENT

18 EAST SEVENTH STREET, CHATTANOOGA, - - - - TENNESSEE

Marietta and North Georgia Railroad Company.

General Office, Marietta, Ga., July 21, '86.—It ... pleasure in announcing that the Marietta and North Georgia railroad is now completed and open for travel, as far as White Path Springs, Gilmer county, 76 miles north of Marietta.

On and after this date a daily passenger schedule will be in operation as follows: Leave Marietta at 8:50 a. m., arrive at White Path at 1:20 p. m.; returning, leave White Path at 12:20 noon, arrive at Marietta at 5:30 p. m.

Parties leaving Atlanta at 7:50 a. m. via Western and Atlantic railroad make close connection at Marietta, and returning arrive at Atlanta 6:35 p. m.

J. B. GLOVER, General Superintendent.

Bee Line to New York and Boston.

THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only line running through cars into the city of New York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river. No extra charge on the limited express, four express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York, New England and Canada; ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address

J. E. REEVES, General Southern agent, Cincinnati, O. aug20d1y

HOLMES' SURE CURE MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat. Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, Ga. For sale by all druggists and dentists.

FITS A Leading London Physician Establishes an Office in New York. From AM. JOURNAL OF MEDICINE. "Dr. Ab Meserole, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years standing cured by him. He guarantees a cure." Large Bottle and Treatise sent free. Give P. O. and Express address to Dr. AB. MESEROLE, No. 96 John Street, New York. Mention this paper. jan24—d m sun tue th

TO RENT.

LOCATED ON MONUMENTAL SQUARE

North Side of Broad Street, No. ...

THAT DESIRABLE TWO-STORY BRICK STORE now occupied by Wilson & Twiggs, formerly occupied by James G. Bailie for over thirty years. One of the best business locations in the city for any class of business. Has an elevator. Rear entrance from McIntosh street. Possession given 1st of October next. Rent reasonable to desirable tenants.

For further particulars apply to the Real Estate Agents of Augusta, Ga.

M. HYAMS & SON, 120 Seventh Street.

jul6 tu thu 1m

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—FULTON COURT of Ordinary, Chambers, July 5th, 1886. To Edward Harrington Morgan and ... Christopher Morgan, heirs at law of Maria ... late of said county, deceased.

J. Carroll Payne having applied for probate of the will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next regular term of the Court of Ordinary of said county, to be held on the first Monday in August next, as said will then be offered for probate in solemn form.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

July 6-13 20-27tues

LOST MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL ... prudence, Nervous Debility cured by Botanic Nerve Bitters ... Herb Med. Co., Phila., Pa. ... store, and cor. Pryor & Decatur sts, Atlanta.

48 AND 49 FOR MEN CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 days. Drug Stores, 15 N. 11, Phila. ... and corner Pryor and Decatur ... Atlanta. feb 7-1y tues thu sat ...

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



AND BREAKFAST BACON

NONE GENUINE

UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A METALLIC SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS AS IN THE CUT.



MOST PERFECT M...

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, ... Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder ... no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's ... Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor ...

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago ...

July 15—d&wkly top col n r m or f ...

SCAT! SCIAT...

Mr. A. T. LYON, ... known photographer I... THREE STATES ... Carolina, Georgia and ... says:

"I have suffered E... CIATING PAINS fr... ATIC RHEUMATIS... ping on uneven surfa... sidewalk would give ... fect agony. Various ... have been tried, but ... effect, until I commen... use of

GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RE...

which has relieved me... least semblance of pa... given me the entire us... limbs. I conscientious... mend it to the public.

"A. T. LYO...

"No. 128 Cherr...

"Macon...

A Certain Cure for ...

A Superb Flesh Producer and ...

Guin's Pionee Blood ...

Cures all Blood and ... Diseases, Rheumatism, ... ula, Old Sores. A ... Spring Medicine.

If not in your marke... be forwarded on receipt o... Small Bottles, $1.00; ... $1.75.

Essay on Blood and ... Diseases mailed free.

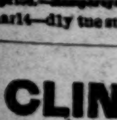
MACON MEDICINE ...

MACON, GA.





HUMPHREYS' Homeopathic Veterinary Specifics ... HORSES, CATTLE ... DOGS, HOGS, ... Used by U. S. ... Chart on ... and Book ... Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton ...



HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. ...

In use 30 years. The only successful ... Nervous Debility, Vital W... and Prostration, from over-work or ... $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial po... SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid ... price.—Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton ...

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CLINGMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES



THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT THE MOST EFFECTIVE PRE... TION on the market for Piles. A SURE ... for Itching Piles. Has never failed ... prompt relief. Will cure Anal Ulcers, ... Fistula, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, ... worms, Pimples, Sores and Boils. Price ...

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO ... NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, C... Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Erysipelas, ... Carbuncles, Bone Felons, Ulcers, Sores, ... Sore Throat, Bunions, Corns, Neuralgia, Rheu... Orchitis, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Colds, ... Bronchitis, Milk Leg, Snake and Dog Bites, ... of Insects, &c. In fact allays all local Irrit... Inflammation from whatever cause. Price ...

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PL... Prepared according to the most sc... principles, of the PUREST SE... INGREDIENTS, compounded with ... Tobacco Flour, and is specially recommended ... Croup, Weed or Cake of the Breast, and for ... of irritant or inflammatory maladies, ... where the patient is unable to bear the stronger ap... of the Tobacco Cake. For Headache or oth... and Pains, it is invaluable. Price 15 ... Ask your druggist for these remedies, or ...

CLINGMAN TOBACCO CURE ... DURHAM, N. C., U. S. A.

Administrator's Sale.

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W. M. CAMP, Administrator.

32027 aug 3.

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J. B. GLOVER, General Superintendent.

...e Line to New York and Boston. ...S THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPI... ...from Cincinnati to Boston, and the onl... ...ning through cars into the city of New Yo... ...any transfer whatever, avoiding the dis... ...winter ferriage of the Hudson rive... ...a charge on the limited express, four fa... ...trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Roche... ...acuse, Albany and all points in New Yor... ...ngland and Canada; ask your ticket ag... ...and folder, or address

J. E. REEVES, General Southern agent, Cincinnati, O.

...LMES' SURE CURE ...TH WASH AND DENTIFRICE

...leeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throa... ...s the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; use... ...commended by leading Dentists. Prepar... J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, G... ...by all druggists and dentists.

...ITS A Leading London Phys... ...ician Establishes an Office in New York. From Am. Journal of Medicine. "Dr. Ab Meserole, who make... a specialty of Epilepsy, has with... ...out doubt treated and cured mo... ...cases than any other living phy... His success has simply been astonishing; we ha... ...of cases of over 20 years standing cured by him... ...tees a cure." Large Bottle and Treatise sent fre... ...O. and Express address to ...B. MESEROLE, No. 96 John Street, New York ...ion this paper. jan24—d m sun tue th

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...ED ON MONUMENTAL SQUAR...

...orth Side of Broad Street, No. 713.

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...urther particulars apply to the Real Esta... of Augusta, Ga.

M. HYAMS & SON, 120 Seventh Stree...

...thu,lm

...GIA, FULTON COUNTY—FULTON COU... Ordinary, Chambers, July 5th, 18... ...dward Harrington Morgan and Dan... ...pher Morgan, heirs at law of Maria Re... ...aid county, deceased. ...rroll Payne having applied for probate ... ...of said deceased, you are hereby cited... ...appear at the next regular term of ... ...Ordinary of said county, to be held on ... ...onday in August next, as said will then... ...for probate in solemn form.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

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...OST MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL IN... prudence, Nervous Debility cur... by Botanic Nerve Bitters, 50... Herb Med. Co., Phila., Pa., dr... store, and cor. Pryor & Decat... sts., Atlanta.

...FOR ...MEN CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 day... Drug Stores, 15 N. 11, Phila., Pa... and corner Pryor and Decatur st... Atlanta. feb 7-1y tues thu sat...

...K YOUR GROCER FOR



...D BREAKFAST BACON ...NONE GENUINE ...ES BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARKS, A L... ...METALLIC SEAL ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND ...THE STRIPED CANVAS AS IN THE CUT.



MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago and St. Louis.

July 15—d&wkly top col n r m or f ad r m 3p

SCAT! SCIATICA!

Mr. A. T. LYON, the best known photographer IN THE THREE STATES of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, says:

"I have suffered EXCRUCIATING PAINS from SCIATIC RHEUMATISM. Stepping on uneven surfaces of a sidewalk would give me perfect agony. Various remedies have been tried, but with no effect, until I commenced the use of

GUINN'S

PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER

which has relieved me of the least semblance of pain, and given me the entire use of my limbs. I conscientiously commend it to the public.

"A. T. LYON,
"No. 128 Cherry St.,
"Macon, Ga."

A Certain Cure for Catarrh!

A Superb Flesh Producer and Tonic.

Guin's Pionee Blood Renewer

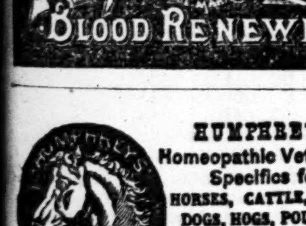
Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine.

If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small Bottles, $1.00; Large, $1.75.

Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

MACON MEDICINE CO.,

MACON, GA.





HUMPHREYS' Homeopathic Veterinary Specifics for HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, DOGS, HOGS, POULTRY. Used by U. S. Governm't. Chart on Rollers, and Book Sent Free. Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

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CLINGMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES



The Greatest Medical Discovery of the age. No family ought to be without them.

The most sure of the Most Wonderful Cures on record.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT

THE MOST EFFECTIVE PREPARATION on the market for Piles. A SURE CURE for Itching Piles. Has never failed to give prompt relief. Will cure Anal Ulcers, Abscess, Fistula, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Ringworms, Pimples, Sores and Boils. Price 50 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CAKE

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Cures all Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Bone Felons, Ulcers, Sores, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Bunions, Corns, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Orchitis, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Milk Leg, Snake and Dog Bites, Stings of Insects, &c. In fact allays all local Irritation and Inflammation from whatever cause. Price 25 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PLASTER

Prepared according to the most scientific principles, of the PUREST SEDATIVE INGREDIENTS, compounded with the purest Tobacco Flour, and is specially recommended for Croup, Weed or Cake of the Breast, and for that class of irritant or inflammatory maladies, Aches and Pains where, from too delicate a state of the system, the patient is unable to bear the stronger application of the Tobacco Cake. For Headache or other Aches and Pains, it is invaluable. Price 15 cts.

Ask your druggist for these remedies, or write to the

CLINGMAN TOBACCO CURE CO.

DURHAM, N. C., U. S. A.

JONES AND TOBACCO.

His Opinion of a Tobacco Crank, and a Tobacco Crank's Opinion of Him.

Rev. J. W. Cunningham in St. Louis Republican.

TEXT—All anti-tobacco people are fanatics and cranks and the devil has mounted them on a cigar and a chaw tobacker and is rackin' 'em around. SAM JONES.

HOW IS THE MIGHTY FALLEN.

Sam Jones was shamed into quitting tobacco at Chicago, but "as the dog is turned to his own vomit again; and the sow that was washed to her wallowing in the mire," (St. Peter), so has he returned to the personal defilement of tobacco, and seeks to escape the odium of apostasy by uttering the text above.

ANTI-TOBACCO CRANKS.

On the 16th inst. I spent an hour in the presence of Sam Jones at Kirksville, Mo., with a few clerical friends. All were anti-tobacco men, but were respectfully quiet as to "the filthy weed." Not so with Sam Jones. He told of a man who gave as excuse for using tobacco that he "takes it as an antidote for fanaticism, and never saw a crank that was no an anti-tobacco person." Then he said: "All anti-tobacco people are fanatics and cranks, and the devil has them mounted on a cigar and chaw tobacker and is racken' 'em around."

After supper he smoked a cigar his puffs of smoke going squarely into the face of a lady who changed position to avoid the fumes of his "comforter."

* * * * * *

I live at 2,121 Chestnut street, St. Louis, Mo.; have been a preacher forty-two years; a writer twenty five years, and now I am going to lampoon Sam Jones to the best of my ability in behalf of tobacco reform.

I have no grudge against him for anything he has said in lecture or sermon applying to me, but he said socially that I am "a crank" and turned me over to "the devil" to ride a cigar and "chaw tobacker," and I am after him for that, and for reform.

FURTHER PROOF.

It was a notable fact to observing ones at the Kirksville hotel that Sam Jones was using tobacco. A lady guest said to me: "As I passed the open door of his room I looked in and was shocked. The room was full of smoke, so full that he was only dimly visible. The smoke was thick enough to slice." Yet in that cloud of smoke he was preparing a temperance lecture.

The opinion at Kirkville among intelligent people was that of eight speeches from invited orators, Sam Jones delivered the poorest. The "cranky" anti-tobacco women, Mrs. Hoffman, Mrs. St. John and Miss White eclipsed him.

VARIETIES OF DRUNKENNESS.

Alcoholic drunkenness is produced by wine, beer, gin, rum, brandy and whisky. Opium drunkenness is opium taken inwardly or injected into the blood. Tobacco drunkenness is produced by chewing, smoking and dipping—the latter a vice of women, chiefly in the south. However consumed, tobacco sufficiently used produces drunkenness. It intoxicates the mental faculties and effects the nervous system.

It is not so calamitous to its victims and their families as that of opium or whisky, yet there is not a conscientious, truth telling victim that does not lament his enslavement and confess that it is an evil. And one who does not so confess and lament has no conscience and the truth is not in him.

SOME LIQUOR DRINKERS ARE NOT DRUNKARDS.

They use liquor all through life in moderation, without attaining the point of intoxication. Four they are few, and moderate drinking is dangerous. Some tobacco consumers use it in moderation, and are not drunkards, while many others use it to drunkenness. Sam Jones is one of the latter, and he is one of the most conspicuous tobacco drunkards in the United States, because his fame is great. He tried to quit but failed, and shamefully apostatized with the eyes of the whole country on him.

A HARD-SHELL PREACHER

who took his bitters, was called to account for taking too much. His defense was: "Breetherin, I don't drink because I like the taste of my bitters, but I drink for the good feelin's it gives me." When Sam Jones was asked, "Why do you chew tobacco?" he replied: "To git the juice out of it;" but from the amount he consumes it may be concluded he takes it also because he "likes the taste" of it, for the "good feelin's" it gives him, and because it has got the mastery over him and he has neither the inclination nor the power to rise above it. He is a hopeless, helpless tobacco drunkard, playing the hero before a laughing, applauding world, who laugh and applaud just as they would the tonguey performances of a clown in a circus, if they were there.

* * * * * *

To the Romans St. Paul wrote: "It is good neither to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, nor anything whereby thy brother stumbleth or is offended, or is made weak." [Romans x., 22.] "Wherefore, if meat make my brother to offend I will eat no flesh while the world standeth, lest I make my brother to offend." [I. Cor., viii., 13.] In startling contrast with St. Paul's concessions to conscientious scruples of others was Sam Jones's reply to a Christian lady in St. Louis, in whose house he was smoking. When she asked in terms polite and ladylike: "Brother Jones, do you think it right for a preacher to smoke?" He replied: "Are you going to let the devil mount you on a cigar and rack you around?"

YOUNG TIM JONES.

If young Timothy, the Greek disciple of St. Paul, had been such a sharp-witted, conceited, irreverent and self-witted man as Sam Jones, and had heard Paul read his words of counsel to Corinthians and Romans, he would have said: "Look here, Paul, old fellow, your head's level on the wine question; while you let it alone for conscience sake, you advise me to 'take a little wine for my stomach's sake and mine often infirmities,' but to abstain from meat or 'anything' that a 'fanatic' may object to, is another matter. You're a crank, and the devil will mount you on a leg of mutton or something, and rack you all over Greece and Italy. If I wuz you I'd wallop every Corinthian and Roman dancer, racer, fighter, wrestler, circus and theater-goer and progressive euchre-player, and I'd take the hair off of every 'pusilanimous pup' that yelps, for then I'd hit him with a gospel dornic; but if any 'fanatic' objected to me eating meat or doing 'anything' I chose to do, I'd tell him he was a 'crank' and to go to 'the devil.' That's the way I'd settle the cranks. Don't you see."

* * * * * *

If I had the space I could arraign some of

THE TOBACCO DRUNKEN CLERGY

of the country under a fearful bill of indictments. They render themselves nuisances to many families whose hospitalities they share by their tobacco indulgence. I have often been told this by Christian women. They smoke to the very church doors, chew in the holy of holies. They light the fires for fresh offering to the tobacco god, at the very door of the church at whose altar they have ministered and go smoking along the street. I have heard loving wives implore their clerical husbands in the most earnest manner to desist from tobacco only to be laughed at or bluntly refused. I heard a preacher say to a young wife. "I won't quit, and if the church should have an anti-tobacco law, I would join some other, and if all churches should do the same, I will start a tobacco church. I have seen him go to bed with a cigar in his mouth at ten o'clock and polute the air with tobacco smoke, to the discomfort of clerical brethren in the same room, and against their protest. At the dawn of day I have seen him reach for his tobacco, bite off a piece, and lay in bed and spit over the floor till rising time, and today he is pastor of a fine church. I have seen preachers go into saloons and buy cigars. I heard a prominent minister denounce saloons on Sunday and on Monday morning I saw him go into a saloon and buy cigars. A lady said to me of a certain D. D.: "I was made sick at the communion altar in receiving the sacrament from his hands, so offensive did he smell of tobacco." And I have heard the same man advocate liquor prohibition publicly, and say he was willing to take his gun and enforce a prohibitory law at the point of the bayonet.

Another well-known D. D. described to me strange and alarming mental vagaries that had troubled him and said: "I can account for it only on the ground that I tried to quit tobacco." It was clearly to my mind that he had delirium tremens, and so I told him. He keeps off the "jimjams" now by habitual drunkenness with the weed.

Many an old tobacco toper would have delirium tremens by a sudden breaking off.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

WILL HE STRIKE BACK?

If he does I will put him through with my reserve forces. This may be considered "boycotting." I will remove the boycott by saying if he don't strike back he is afraid, and the public will crown me victor. I can bear to be laughed at by any response he may make for the sake of finishing him up hereafter.

A father had his little boy laying face downward across his lap and was warming his middle extremity. The little fellow bit his ancestor, who cried: "What are you biting me for?" The boy stopped long enough to answer, 'Who begun this fight?' If Sam Jones complains of this "lampooning" I will refer him to the text at the head of these columns, as to who began the fight.

DEDHAM, ME.

TO THE LIEBIG COMPANY:

Gentlemen—Your agent left me a bottle of your Coca Beef Tonic. I took it myself, as I had been sick for a number of months with a lung affection and was not able to practice. It helped me very much—so much so that I am now about as well as usual. I have since given it to a number of patients, and it has benefited every case. I am indeed most thankful that it came to my hands. I had tried different preparations of Coca before, but had no effects from them. H. S. PHENIX, M. D.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injure the complexion, induce pimples, sallow skin, etc. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose.

Knights Templar Triennial.

Major C. T. Watson, deputy grand commander of Knights Templar of Georgia, has returned from St. Louis, where he secured excellent accommodations for the grand commandery and subordinate commanderies of Georgia, with their ladies, who will attend the triennial conclave of the grand encampment of the United States, which commences September 21st.

He reports an immense amount of work being done by the various committees preparing for the occasion.

The Knights Templar demonstrations proper will consist of the regular parade, in which there will probably be thirty thousand Templars; a charity concert with cannon chorus, with three thousand musicians, led by Gilmore; Knights Templar drill at the fair grounds, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans home of Missouri; a reception of the Templars at the exposition.

In addition there will be a night parade of the St. Louis Trades' Display association, which they intend shall be the largest ever seen in this country; a parade of the military and fire brigade of St. Louis, and a parade of the Flambeau battalion. A very large sum of money has been raised for decorations and illuminations of the streets and boulevards.

This being the middle week of the autumnal festivities of St Louis, it is expected to far eclipse them all in brilliancy.

The Western and Atlantic railroad is making great preparations for the transportation of the knights.

Railroad Building in Florida.

The Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West railroad company is building a line from a point near Sanford, on its present line, to Tampa, making an air line from Jacksonville to Tampa. Forty-three miles have been completed, and are ready for business. Every effort is being made for an early completion of the entire line. The line runs from Lake Monroe via Longwood, Apopka, Lake Apopka and Oakland, direct to Tampa, crossing the Tavares, Orlando and Atlantic, the south Florida railroads.

Georgia Pacific Extension.

The extension of the line between Birmingham and York, Ala., is progressing rapidly, and will be completed and ready for business in the early part of 1887. There will only be forty-two miles of new track. This will open up a field of new business for the Atlanta merchants with the merchants in northwest Alabama and east Mississippi.

The Cincinnati Southern.

There are rumors in railroad circles that the Erhlanger system, lessee of the Cincinnati Southern railroad, is willing to dispose of its lease. So far, two companies are considering the proposition to take the lease. They are the Southern Pacific and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroads.

HEADLIGHT FLASHES.

CONTRACTS for building the Sheffield and Birmingham railroad will be let on the 29th inst.

MR. ROBERT BILLUPS has been appointed postal clerk on the run between Atlanta and Savannah.

The Sunday excursions to Salt Springs, via the Georgia Pacific railroad, continue to be well patronized.

Captain R. A. Williams, southeastern passenger agent of the Memphis and Little Rock Short Line, is out on the road again.

Mr. Dave G. Hall, passenger agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, headquarters in Macon, is in the city.

The freight business of the railroads centering in Atlanta is very heavy. Considerable difficulty is experienced in obtaining the necessary cars to accommodate it.

Mr. Fred D. Bush, district passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, left Sunday night via the Georgia railroad for a trip through the Carolinas.

The Western and Atlantic railroad has issued its new time table. It is called "The Capitol Time Table" because it contains a handsome lithograph of Georgia's new capitol.

Messrs. T. J. Barnard and John L. Brown, contracting freight agents of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, are in the city. They have just returned from the watermelon territory.

THE East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad has contracted with the Southern Car works of Knoxville, Tenn., for several hundred cars to meet the demands of its rapidly increasing business.

Mr. George L. Harrison, southern traveling passenger agent of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, was in the city yesterday. He brought with him a quantity of handsome and tastefully designed advertising matter.

Mr. J. H. Latimer, southeastern passenger agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, with headquarters at 28 Wall street, is very busy just now, arranging to send off the doctors of dentistry to their annual convention, which will be held in Nashville, Tennessee, tomorrow. There will be three hundred delegates in attendance. After winding up the business of the association they contemplate having an excursion to Mammoth cave, Ky.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS WILL CURE

HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
DYSPEPSIA
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
MALARIA
CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK & SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
CONSTIPATION
FEMALE INFIRMITIES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red Lines on wrapper.

TAKE NO OTHER.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM For the LUNGS.

Cures Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Consumption, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails. For sale by all Druggists.

Price, 25 cts., 50 cts and $1.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.

Write for Illuminated Book.

nov28—1y sun tues wed thu wky n r m

MELLIN'S FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS TRADE MARK FOOD

THE ONLY perfect substitute for MOTHER'S milk. Invaluable in CHOLERA INFANTUM, Teething, DIARRHŒA and all diseases of children. A predigested food for Dyspeptics, Consumptives, Convalescents, &c. Perfect nutrient in all wasting diseases. Requires no cooking. Keeps in all climates. Sold everywhere. Our book "The Care and Feeding of Infants," MAILED FREE. DOLIBER, GOODALE & CO., Boston, Mass.

july24 d6m tues thur sun wky n r m



An INSECT BITE is a TROUBLESOME Thing

Use Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER for all Insect Bites, Bruises, Burns, Scalds or Sprains.

All Druggists keep Pain-Killer.

★ ★ ★

A FRIEND IN NEED.

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitrol.

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,

Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts,

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING.

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

PETER LYNCH,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES

Tobaccos, Cigars, Snuff, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Harness, Hardware, Glassware, Crockery, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, Ammunition of all sorts, Field and Garden Seeds in their season, and numerous other varieties of goods as

CHEAP as the CHEAPEST.

Just received, 1,000 pounds of all kinds of Turnipseeds, the growth of 1886, cheaper than ever known before. Also Millville, Mason's Metal and Glass Top Fruit Jars—pints, quarts and half gallons. Orders from the city and country promptly filled. Terms cash. PETER LYNCH, 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, July 18, 1886. Atlanta, Ga.

WEAK MEN!

Whose VITALITY is failing, Brain DRAINED and EXHAUSTED or Power PREMATURELY WASTED may find a perfect and reliable cure in the FRENCH HOSPITAL REMEDIES originated by Prof. JEAN CIVIALE, of Paris, France. Adopted by all French Physicians and being rapidly and successfully introduced here. All weakening losses and drains promptly checked. TREATISE giving newspaper and medical endorsements, &c., FREE. Consultation (office or by mail) with six eminent doctors FREE. CIVIALE AGENCY, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York.

fan3—dly sun tues thur wky

HARTER'S THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC

PREPARED ONLY BY THE

Dr. Harter Medicine Co.

Established 1855.

The Universal Verdict of the People—Voices from every State and Territory in the Union.

Will Positively Not Blacken the Teeth or Constipate the Bowels.

ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO.

THREE DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, ILLS

Crab Orchard Water

A Remedy for all Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. A positive cure for Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation. Dose, one to two teaspoonfuls. Genuine Crab Orchard Salts in sealed packages at 10 and 25 cts. No genuine salts sold in bulk. CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Prop'rs. SIMON N. JONES, Manager, Louisville, Ky.

mar10—d6m tue fri sun e o w & wky e o w nxt rd mat

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

Hard, Rock-Bottom Prices in the Following List

Refrigeraters, Ice Cream Freezers, Clothes Hampers, Bird Cages, Ice Boxes, Baby Carriages, Water Coolers, Boys Wagons, Velocipedes, Fly Fans, Baskets, Filters.

Every Variety of Garden Tool Made.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF

WIRE GOODS IN THE STATE.

Office Railings, Window Guards, Tree Guards, Trellises, Arches, Fences, etc., made to order and guaranteed to please.

Special Attention Given to Cemetery Work.

C. S. SCHUESSLER.

42 Peachtree and 52 Broad Streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

SCIPLE SONS

WE ARE STILL AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS

JELLICO COAL WE HAVE

been selling for the past several seasons and there is none better.

We are offering special inducements to the Contractors and Builders in

LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER PARIS, SEWER PIPE.

PLASTERING HAIR. MARBLE DUST. WHITE SAND. CYPRESS SHINGLES. STOVE FLUES. FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY.

No 8. Loyd St. near Markham House, Atlanta, Ga.

Help Wanted---Male.

WANTED—A BUSINESS CHANCE. THE UNdersigned wishes to arrange with a reliable party to gather up all empty beer, ale, porter and appolinaris bottles in Atlanta, and ship them to him in Savannah. Can use one million bottles per annum. George Meyer, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR southern states One familiar with drug trade. Address box 887, Philadelphia postoffice, Pa. jy 27-2t

WANTED.—TO A PARTY WHO DOES NOT object to a limited amount of traveling, an opportunity is offered that will insure an income of not less than $1,500 a year. One with some knowledge of mercantile agency business preferred. Capital required, $600. Address, A. G., CONSTITUTION office.

WANTED—2,000 MEN ON THE MEMPHIS AND Birmingham and Kansas City railroad, between Birmingham and Warrior river. Wages $1 per day, payable every Saturday night, or $1.25 per day, payable every month. Fine, healthy country, good boarding houses. Apply to Dunavant, Kelly & Piper, Birmingham, Ala. 1w

WANTED, MEN—STONE CUTTERS, QUARrymen and masons, on the line of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham R. R., near Birmingham, Ala. Wages for stone-cutters $3.25 per day, quarrymen $1.50 per day. For further information, apply to Tate & Demarant, contractors, Birmingham, Ala. jul20-1m

WANTED—A LIVE ACTIVE MAN NEEDING profitable employment, to represent us in this city and vicinity. $75 monthly and expenses, or commission if preferred. Goods staple as flour. Everyone buys. Address Standard Silver Ware Co., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A new business at their homes; easily learned in an hour; no peddling; 10c. to 50c. an hour made daytime or evening; 24 working samples to commence on free. Address at once Albany Supply Co., Albany, New York, U. S.

FIFTEEN TO TWENTY FIRST-CLASS LIFE INsurance canvassers would do well to correspond with Frank M. Turpin, manager Ætna Life Insurance Co., Macon, Ga. july24d1w

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, MAN OR WOMAN. Call at the office of the Georgia Marble Company, Constitution building. 6t

Situations Wanted--Male.

A GOOD BUSINESS MAN DESIRES A POSItion in wholesale house, office or store. Is a first-class bookkeeper. Best of references. Salary moderate. Address P. O. box 184, Rome, Ga. 2t

Situations Wanted--Female

A YOUNG LADY, A GRADUATE OF THE VIRginia Female Institute, desires a position for the coming session, in either a private family or a school, to teach the usual English branches, calisthenics, and beginners in French and Latin. Calisthenics a specialty. Address M., V. F. I., Staunton, Va. tue sun

Wanted--Miscellaneous.

WANTED — 100,000 BEER BOTTLES, PINTS and quarts. Highest market price paid for them at Brewery office 23 Decatur street. sun. mon. tu.

WANTED—BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to The Constitution for a book of 100 ironclad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages. tf

Boarders Wanted

BOARDERS WANTED.— COMFORTABLE board can be had at 38 N. Forsyth.

144 MADISON ANENUE, NEW YORK—SUPErior board; eligible rooms; moderate prices; many southern references. tues

For Sale--Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—THE 4-YEAR OLD JERSEY COW Rose of Dixie No. 2792, A. J. C. C. Dropped calf July 9th and now in service to Yancey's Rioter Pogis No. 15318. A good milker, and offered for sale only because I have two and need only one. W. P. Pattillo. 3t

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME PAIR OF ENGLISH pug pups. Male, $25; female, $15. Address George McD. Blake, Richmond, Va.

For Rent--Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—ONE OF THOSE NICE SIX-ROOM cottages on Smith street, No. 83; also storeroom No. 15 Marietta street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, 35 Whitehall street.

For Rent Rooms.

ROOMS TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOMS with dressing rooms attached, on first or second floor. Houston street, No. 13. fri su tu

Furnished Rooms.

MRS. K. E. WAGNON, FORMERLY OF ATlanta, 106 East 10th street, N. Y., handsomely furnished rooms, $3, $5, $7, $10 weekly. Meals convenient. tf.

For Sale Horse, Carriage, Etc.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE WORK MULE, DRAY and harness. Or will exchange for lumber or brick. Apply to W. S. Bell, 25 Ivy street. 3t

For Sale--Books, Stationery Etc

DO YOU WANT A NICE RECEIPT OR DRAFT book? We send a book containing one hundred receipts or drafts, post paid, upon receipt of thirty-five cents. Address The Constitution. d & w tf

A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES with mortgage clause; costs sixty cents, and is a good investment for the business man. We will send the book, post paid, upon receipt of sixty cents. Address The Constitution. tf

FOR SALE—WE CARRY A STOCK OF SUPErior composition for making printers' rollers, which we sell at forty cents per pound. We are also prepared to have rollers cast. Address The Constitution. tf

Business Chances.

FOR SALE.—THE FINEST MEAT MARKET AND the best stand in the city for sale. Patronage first class. Address A. B. C., CONSTITUTION office. 3ti

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND GOOD WILL OF an established commission house, doing a fine business, and having a splendid line of shippers; business in prosperous condition; moderate capital required, and satisfactory reasons given for selling. Address "Business;" box 28, city.

Money to Loan.

FARM AND CITY LOANS, 3, 4 OR 5 YEARS. Rates low and loans promptly made. Alfred Gregory & Co., 34 1-2 Peachtree street. tuthusun

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE AND COLLATERAL; buys approved commercial and negotiable paper. L. Snider's Loan and Banking office, 6½ Whitehall street. sututh

HARRY KROUSE. REAL ESTATE AGENT Loans and advances made on city property.

Agents Wanted.

$1000 SALARY TO AGENTS—ADDRESS AT once, Dr. Scott's Electric Goods, 842 Broadway, New York. The only genuine. may8-d3m sat tus thu

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS RESPECTABLE agents, men or women; salary or commission. Call at 15½ North Pryor up stairs. tu thu sat su

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL MINING SPEcialties on salary or commission. Big money in it. Address H. P. S. F. & M. Co., Box 115, Newport, Ky. d 14t

DR. RICE,

For 25 years at 37 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky

Bet. Third and Fourth,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

SYPHILIS ... Gonorrhea, GLEET ...

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

THE CONSTITUTION

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE PREPAID, AT $1 PER MONTH, $2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR $10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS, SOLICITED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO
THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 27, 1886.

BLUE. *Indications for Atlanta and Georgia, taken at 1 o'clock, a. m.: Local rains, stationary temperature. North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama: Local rains; stationary temperature; southerly winds becoming variable.* RED.

LORD SALISBURY has been commanded by the queen to form a new cabinet.

THE president has referred the oleomargarine bill to Attorney-General Garland for his opinion as to its constitutionality.

HON. DUPONT GUERRY was yesterday appointed district attorney for the southern district of Georgia.

A SAD story comes from the north country. The Indians and Esquimaux are perishing to death for the lack of food, the fish "catch" not being sufficient to sustain them.

THE Augusta cotton mills are threatened with a boycott. The products of these mills are disposed of in New York. It will, therefore, transfer some of the pending excitement to that city.

CONGRESS is hustling business through in order to adjourn next week. President Cleveland has announced that he will examine the appropriation bills closely before he signs them. This determination may hold the houses together for three or four days longer than was anticipated.

A TERRIBLE story of cannibalism is reported from Tatnall county. It is said that a colored woman killed a child, and, cooking one-half of it, served it to a party of pleasure seekers. The other half was salted down for a rainy day. When the victims of this human meal found out the facts, they burned the murderess to death.

The Cost of the Campaign.

The Bacon organs, and Mr. Bacon himself, have had a great deal to say about the enormous amounts of money spent in the late campaign by the friends of General Gordon.

The lowest figures offered as the cost of General Gordon's campaign is $50,000. Even $100,000 is trippingly spoken of as a reasonable estimate of the money spent in making his way easy to the gubernatorial chair. We have not taken the trouble to deny these absurd stories.

It is quite natural for the men who assumed to be bosses, and were shown to be blunderers and braggarts, to assign some extraneous cause for their crushing defeat. It is easier for them to say that the people were debauched by gold than to acknowledge that they turned away from them in indignation and disgust and rallied to Gordon in love and enthusiasm. Hence they have charged openly and barefacedly that enormous sums of money were sent out to debauch the public conscience and buy the popular franchise, and that they were beaten by ceaseless streams of money which aggregated from $50,000 to $100,000 in amount. These charges affect the good name of the people of Georgia—and especially the good name of the people who rallied to the standard of General Gordon—and we propose now to put them at rest forever.

We assert, not by hearsay, but positively and upon our own responsibility, that the entire cost of General Gordon's campaign, from first to last, was less than $4,000. It was considerably less than this, but that every possible item yet unpaid may be included, we put the outside figures at $4,000. This includes every dollar spent for postage, printing, telegraphing (which item alone was several hundred dollars,) expense of messengers, traveling expenses, and for every possible expense—contingent or remote, direct or indirect. We assert further that every dollar contributed to this fund, by any person or persons, or corporations, outside of General Gordon's own personal means, will not make a sum as great as that contributed by friends in Savannah to Major Bacon's campaign fund and publicly acknowledged in the Macon Telegraph, viz: $1,000.

We go further. Mr. Patrick Walsh was one of the staunchest supporters that Mr. Bacon had in the last campaign. He fought for him steadily, earnestly, sincerely. He is a gentleman of high character and ability. His shrewdness to detect and his courage to speak the truth as he sees it are admitted. Now we are ready to put Mr. Walsh in full and complete possession of the books, checks and memoranda of the campaign—to bring before him every man who had anything whatever to do with its management—to give him the testimony of the campaign committee, and any other data or testimony he may want, or that the fullest research may suggest. Then, if after all this is done, Mr. Walsh is not so fully satisfied that he has been to the bottom of the campaign expenditures, that he will come out over his own signature and certify that the total does and cannot reach $4,000, we will withdraw all we have said in this article, and let the matter stand where it stood before this article was written.

This offer is made in the utmost good faith and sincerity, and without any consultation with Mr. Walsh or his friends. Let us repeat it. We assert, in the most positive terms, that the entire cost, direct and remote of the late campaign to the Gordon side, was less than $4,000; that less than $1,000 of this was contributed by all persons outside of General Gordon; that no corporation contributed one dollar, and we propose to submit the fullest data to support this proposition to Mr. Patrick Walsh, a strong Bacon man, who will be in Atlanta this week, and accept his statement on the subject. This proposition is open until it is accepted.

We offer these statements in defense of the good name of the people of Georgia. If there is an unpurchaseable and incorruptible community on this earth it is the honest iron-ribbed democracy of Georgia, and the men who insult them with the insinuation that they have been bought, know this to be true. If there ever was a following that rallied in response to high and noble enthusiasms, and motives way above all that is sordid or mean, it is the men who supported John B. Gordon in the late contest. These men, as well as the men who voted against him, could not be bought or bribed, and the man who says they have been, utters a baseless and wanton slander. If General Gordon had been beaten, we should have accepted his defeat frankly and have charged nothing to the disgrace of his opponents. These charges of the illigitimate use of money are disgraceful. When made specifically they have been specifically denied. We now enter this general denial made in as positive terms as we have at our command, and backed by as fair a proposition as we know how to make. Until this is accepted, in all decency's sake, let us hear no more of these outrageous charges.

Another Thorn.

We regret to call the attention of the Courier-Journal to the fact that Mr. Norwood, who has recently been re-nominated for congress in the first Georgia district, announced in his speech before the convention which nominated him that he has never been a free-trader, but that he has always been in favor of protection. And yet Mr. Norwood voted in favor of considering the Morrison free-trade scheme. This is a very sad affair altogether, and it is to be hoped that the Courier-Journal will not abuse Mr. Norwood any more than is absolutely necessary under the circumstances.

Our esteemed contemporary may find it necessary to read Mr. Norwood out of the party, but he will remain in the party all the same, and the Courier-Journal may find itself in the position of little Miss Muffett, who sat on a tuffet, eating her cream and whey, when a great big spider came and sat down beside her, and drove Miss Muffet away.

The truth of the business is, the old south has become the new south, and the new south is a very practical south. This will account for the present and forthcoming manifestations that will cause the agents of the whisky ring to grow bald with bitterness. Our young and growing industries must be fostered; our farmers who are now compelled to plant all cotton must be given the benefit of home markets.

An International Episode.

When Editor Cutting took it into his head to notify the readers of his paper that a certain Mexican citizen was a swindler and a deadbeat he did not have the slightest idea that he was on the road to fame.

We all know the subsequent history of the case. The Mexicans locked up the editor and our government demanded his unconditional release on the ground that he was an American citizen unjustly imprisoned. This demand was ignored, and the prisoner had to remain in jail.

Recently the case has taken a new shape. The Mexicans have tried to pursuade Cutting to give bond and thus regain his liberty. No doubt this would suit the poor fellow very well, but our consul at Paso del Norte has stepped in between the prisoner and the authorities with the statement that Cutting must not give bond because the United States demands his unconditional release. The consul moreover says that it is now too big a matter for the Mexican courts to pass upon. It is an international case and can only be settled by the two governments.

All this is calculated to make Editor Cutting swell will pride. It is a big thing to be the hero of an international episode. Still, there are times when our fellow-citizen feels a little dubious. With the thermometer at 110, the adobe walls of his prison are hot as fire. His stomach revolts at the disgusting jail rations. He spends his days and nights sweltering among half-breed convicts and full-fledged vermin. Day by day he wonders what the result will be. Must he starve and die and rot because his case is one of international importance? Was the demand for his release only a farce? Will his government wait, as it has done so often, until he expires under brutal treatment, and then arrange for an amicable adjustment of the matter by a few chuckle-headed diplomatic noodles?

When Cutting thinks of all these things it must strike him that his government is criminally regardless of the rights of its citizens, and pusillanimous in the bargain. He has good reason to think so and others agree with him. We do not know what the upshot will be, but it is safe to say that the administration will not resort to vigorous measures until public opinion absolutely forces it to take action.

A New Jersey Lover.

The good citizens of Red Bank, New Jersey, should muzzle one John Henderson, a youth of that town.

Henderson is a crank of a new and original variety, and has no business being at large.

He possesses in his own right the snug sum of ten thousand dollars, and for several years was a favored suitor for the hand of the fair Miss Ryerson, who lives on the Middletown side of the Shrewsbury river. The lovers quarreled some time ago, and all the efforts of friends failed to bring about a reconciliation. In a moment of desperation Henderson made a frantic appeal. He wrote his offended fair one a note and asked her if he could hope to ever regain her affections.

The lady responded: "No! Never again can I love you."

The crushed lover decided to drown himself and his sorrows in the cup, and went about it in a deliberate sort of way. He had a lawyer draft his will. He gave and bequeathed five thousand dollars to be expended in the erection of a monument over Miss Ryerson when she should die, and one thousand was to be paid to Miss Ryerson on the death of the testator. That left four thousand dollars which Henderson said he intended to use in purchasing fire water in which to drown his grief. The debauch was bogun, but in a few days Henderson decided that the expenditure of his reserved pile would require too lingering a death, and had his will changed so that a thousand dollars was given to his friends and two thousand more was given to Miss Ryerson, leaving a thousand for his own uses. He has no relatives to interfere with the will, so that it will stand the tests of the courts as soon as the sorrowful swain shall have passed to the other shore.

The Outcry Against Dirt.

The Boston Record quotes a Professor Davidson as saying that "the present howl against Zola will die out."

This is a big mistake. The howl against Zola is an outcry against dirt. Every year this protest grows more and more emphatic. There has been a wonderful reformation within the memory of the present generation. Many of our middle-aged readers can recollect when the great dailies published details of scandals and divorce suits that would not be tolerated now. During the trial of the Dilke case most of our newspapers cut down their telegraphic reports and published only the merest summary of the case. They knew that their readers would not stand much of the stuff.

American newspapers that make a specialty of dirt are so few that they can be counted on the fingers of one hand. Their proprietors have reaped more infamy than wealth. Their lives are rendered miserable by the knowledge that they are scorned by even the poorest of their fellow citizens. There is no room in this age for the Zola business in literature or journalism. Perhaps people are "no better than they should be," but they are almost unanimous in the determination not to encourage the scoundrels who would debauch the public mind by circulating poisonous books and newspapers.

Where the Americans Live.

The foreign tourist who travels through the northern and western states will go home without knowing much about the American people. The genuine Americans nearly all live south of Mason and Dixon's line.

In proof of this assertion we have only to refer to Dr. Billings's statistics on our natural increase of population. The average birth rate of the country is thirty-six per thousand of population, and the death rate is only eighteen per thousand. But in some states the birth rate is even lower than the death rate. In New Hampshire the number of births is about seventy-one to each thousand women; in Massachusetts it is eighty-two, and in Vermont it is eighty-eight. In the south it is nearly double these figures; for instance, 148 in Louisiana, 156 in Georgia, and 187 in Texas. Now if the south is to continue with about twice as many births to the thousand women as the north can show, it is very evident that the native element in the north will gradually die out. These statistics it should be remarked apply to the native population alone. The natural native increase in the south keeps that section thoroughly American. It is well to bear this fact in mind as it accounts for the remarkable political, religious and social differences existing between the two sections.

THE southern watermelon appears to be too strong for the northern stomach. The northern stomach, however, can easily digest the Jersey gourd.

THE New York Tribune has an editorial on "The Disposal of the Dead." Has the republican party been lying in state all this time?

LATELY "Dr. Vivian, of New York," appeared in Birmingham, England, and seemed to have plenty of money and a fair stock of brains. He wooed and won Miss Emily Margaret Wilkes, a highly respected young lady, and they were married. The wedding was a brilliant affair; the floral decorations were elaborate, and the breakfast cost five hundred dollars. The honeymoon was spent in London in rooms that cost $30 per day. One day a detective called on an aunt of Dr. Vivian and showed her a photograph, at the same time asking if it did not resemble the doctor. The aunt said it did and the detective remarked that the photograph was a picture of Jim Barnet, a noterious convict, who was wanted on both sides of the Atlantic. When the doctor was told of the matter he swore roundly and started for police headquarters to dress somebody down. He got into the wrong road, however, and was making for a depot, when a detective gathered him in. The police recognize in the doctor the following distinguished individuals: Dr. Vivian, Dr. Grey, Dr. Buchanan, Dr. Barnett, Dr. Percy, Dr. Guelph and also Jim Barnet. The last named citizen was released from prison last February. The young wife is in a terrible state of mind. She will be slow to marry a stranger next time.

OUR opinion is that independentism will not be nursed by the democratic convention which assembles here tomorrow.

HERE is an interesting bit of history: John Howard Payne and Mr. W. W. Corcoran were friends for fifty years. One night in the fall of 1882 Mr. Corcoran was riding by the Ebbitt house in Washington, when he heard the marine band playing very sweetly, "Home, Sweet Home." Mr. Corcoran stopped and listened and after a little reflection resolved to bring the remains of the poet from foreign soil to rest in his native land. The resolution was promptly carried out. Mr. Corcoran also erected over the grave of his friend a monument of white Carrara marble, surmounted by a bust of Payne, and one-half larger than life size.

AT the north an oleomargarine cow has been paralyzed by lightning. This shows that the southern snake story can be discounted by northern editors.

THERE was a great deal of romance in the marriage of Moses A. Weinberg and Emma Klieves. Weinberg lived in Chicago where he chanced to see a photograph of Miss Klieves who lived in New York. The young lady was fourteen, and her pretty picture haunted Weinberg so that he went to New York and succeeded in getting an introduction to his charmer. They were married when the young lady was eighteen. Alas, for maiden! The man who had wooed her so persistently became careless and then cruel. Emma Klieves-Weinberg is now an inmate of the Bloomingdale asylum—a raving manic, made such by her husband's cauelties. Sad ending to a romantic courtship.

THE other day Matthew Arnold was at Long Branch, and just before his departure took a plunge in the ocean. He had to be taken out and was brought back to life according to the rules prescribed for restoring the drowned. A correspondent of the New York Herald describes that process as follows:

The Poet of Nature was rolled in the hot, hot sand, according to rule 4. He had a glass of beer "forced" down his throat, according to rule 6—the code says "force the brandy down the patient's throat," and I follow the text without meaning to imply that Matthew was averse to the drug. The roof of his mouth was then tickled with a feather, as suggested in rule 9, and a burly Communicant with Nature, in a fisherman's garb, cuffed his ears soundly, as required by rule 10. Finally, after he was able to walk, Matthew was taken in a carriage to the West End barber shop, where he was "done up" to the tune of about a dollar. He couldn't help thinking that he would have saved "that four bob" if he had not been resuscitated. His next sonnet will probably be: "To Those Who Love the Sea."

IT is to be feared that a democratic congress is no more inclined to do justice to the Indians than a republican congress. This is one of the great troubles that now vex the country.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Nevada, Mo., tells some interesting things about Frank James. He says the reformed bandit has no idea of going on the stage, although he has had many propositions to exhibit himself. One offer was of a thousand dollars a week for one year, with private sleeping car accommodations and all expenses. James says he wants peace and quiet. He has been living at Nevada since September last and has been industrious. He has a wife and one child, a bright little boy, and lives in a cottage which was once occupied as a Methodist parsonage. James is in good health.

THE whisky ring is still trying to run the country, and all because a democratic ways and means committee appears to be "sympathetic." We trust Mr. Randall has his eyes on the whisky ring.

AN Englishman who recently tried to shake hands with the prince of Wales, has been arrested and ordered to keep the peace. No wonder Ireland wants to break loose from that gang.

LAST week Mrs. Cleveland was left alone in the white house for the second time since her marriage. She says she is not afraid for her husband to go away, as there are two watchmen in the house at night. Wednesday last was Mrs. Cleveland's twenty-second birthday, and in honor of the anniversary the table was elaborately decorated with ferns and pansies and ribbons, forming pretty designs, appropriate to the interesting occasion. In the center of the table was a round mirror encircled by a great wreath of smilax and pink roses, and in the center of this, upon a high crystal stand, was placed a birthday cake set in roses and surrounded by twenty-two candles. The tapers were lighted and the dinner proceeded. At its close the small company of Mrs. Cleveland's friends adjourned to the red parlor and sat for a time upon the south portico. Then it grew late and the visitors' hour for returning home arrived.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

DOM AUGUSTO, the Brazilian prince, and other officers of the Brazilian frigate Almarante Barrosso, will visit the industrial exhibition at Coney Island today, at the invitation of the managers of the Sea Beach railroad. A large number of letters have been received by the managers of the Sea Beach and Coney Island railroad begging for invitations to meet the prince. Many of them are from women who entreat an opportunity of being presented to him.

MRS. BAYARD TAYLOR, who was to leave Germany yesterday for home, was recently elected a member of the Goethe society of Wiemar. Her daughter has been studying art in Munich.

THE Solado estate in Mexico has an area of more than eight hundred square miles and lies partly in four states. Chains of mountains, some of them rich in minerals, traverse it. And flourishing farms, mining settlements, factories and incorporated villages may be found within its limits.

SENATOR MILLER admits that his fancy farm costs him more than he gets out of it. Some enemy advises him to use the dressing Senator Ingalls gave him as a fertilizer.

SENATOR VANCE is building a house in the Black mountains in North Carolina, and on the adjournment of congress will start immediately to superintend the construction. Mrs. Vance will accompany the senator.

THE father of Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke was a market gardener and florist, in a large way of business, at Fulham, a southwestern suburb of London. He was engaged to arrange the grounds about the Hyde park exhibition of 1851, and thus came to know and be frequently in contact with Prince Albert.

THE Young Men's Hebrew association of Philadelphia moved last week into their new rooms, on Eighth street, between Green and Spring Garden streets.

"HIGHER education" appears to convince the girls that marriage is not the chief end of woman. Out of the 703 Vassar graduates only 200 have married.

THE new law in New York prohibiting the employment of children in factories will force 30,000 children out of employment.

PAUL MORPHY'S presents were sold at auction in New Orleans a day or two ago, and the sale, which was had at the Arcade exchange, attracted much attention. The chessmen were sold first, the opening bid being $1,000, which was quickly advanced to $1,100, then to $1,200 and on up to $1,500, where the bidding halted for a moment. This was advanced to $1,550, and, not being increased, the set was knocked down to Mr. Walter Denegre, who, it is said, was acting for the New York and Brooklyn Chess club. The silver laurel crown began at $100 and advanced quickly to $225. Mr. Samory, a retired merchant, added $25 more, and secured the crown for $250. The sale of the silver service was opened with a two-hundred and-fifty-dollar bid and went up to $400, and was knocked down to Mr. Samory also.

THE first female clerk employed by the government was Miss Jennie Douglas, appointed to the treasury department by Spinner in 1862.

ELIZABETH CADY STANTON says: "If from no higher motive than the preservation of beauty, I say to all girls in society, sleep!"

NEARLY five thousand Russian Hebrews entered the New York port during June, and many unable to support themselves were returned to their own country.

BAGLEY is getting up private theatricals.

"Now, Joe," say he, addressing Bailey, "I don't know exactly what we shall want you to do—unless we make you prompter."

"I don't see very well how I am going to be prompter; I was here on the minute today."—Tid-Bits.

Maori Paste.

From the San Francisco Bulletin.

One of these mud volcanoes—Te Huka—spews forth a very plastic and fine paste, which the natives eat and enjoy. It tastes like flour paste very slightly sweetened. I did not like it at all, and doubt if it is fattening. We were by this time very hungry, but this edible mud did not tempt us, and we moved on the margin of Lake Rotomahana, where lunch was waiting us. The Maoris had cooked potatoes and fresh water crabfish for us in the stream of the boiling springs, covering the opening with cross sticks, placing the potatoes, etc., on these and covering the whole with grass, which sufficiently confines the steam. I sat down on a flat stone, and, enjoying my lunch and the surroundings, gave myself up to the quiet pleasure of the occasion, when I felt an increasing warmth where I was sitting, and suddenly had to spring from my seat, an unexpected burst of steam from under the rock giving me the hint to leave. Lunch finished, we stepped into a canoe of the flimsiest kind. The party consisted of ten white men and natives, all but the paddlers squatting down in the bottom of the canoe, and brought the edge almost level with the water.

Queer Things in the Sky.

One of the Drifting Paragraphs.

A Central American paper gives an account of two beautiful meteorological phenomena witnessed off Acapulco on the nights of the 26th and 27th of May. At first a surprising flag of colors, principally bright red, rose in the horizon of the Pacific and spread its strange tints on the sky for an hour and twenty-five minutes. A white and brilliant semi-circle of the same form and dimensions as the first exhibition then spanned the sky over the wavery horizon and lasted till daylight.

THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

Queer Fancies of Those Who Are Just Lifting Life's Curtain.

JUST A CHANGE OF FORM.

From the Troy Times.

A little miss wanted some ice cream the other evening. She would not accept her mother's refusal, and as the last resort she sent her to her father. The question was put to him, who answered: "Not much." She went back to her mother and told her that her papa said "she could have a little."

NO MISTAKING THIS DESCRIPTION.

From the Brunswick, Me., Telegraph.

A little fellow living in town, between three and four years of age, was asked what his kitty did in a fight between her and a dog. "Well," said he, "she bumped up her back as high as she could, she made her tail as big as she could, and then she blew her nose in his face."

FULL EXPLANATION.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

The polite child is the latest in the juvenile world. She was strolling around the neighborhood on a tour of observation, when she came across a colored man sitting on a doorstep. She stood with her finger in her mouth looking at him. Finally she said:

"You're a colored man, ain't you?"

"You're a very polite little girl," he said. "Yes, I am a colored man."

"Oh, yes; I'm very polite. I call every nigger I see a colored man."

PERHAPS UNCLE HARRY READ IT.

From the San Francisco Post.

Lulu is about five years of age. Her uncle Harry recently died. A few days ago she came to her grandmother with a bit of paper in her hand and said: "Mamma, I have written a letter to Uncle Harry." The letter ran:

"Dear Uncle Harry: We are all well and hope you are. I went out to the cemetery today with papa and saw your monument. I think it is real nice. How do you and God get along?"

A NOVELIST IN THE BUD.

From the Alton Democrat.

The imagination of a three-year-old boy is often a stupendous thing. One can't help wondering how much a child of that age believes of his own big stories. This one for example: "I went out in de front yard dis morning," said Benny, "and I saw 'nawful big horse up in a tree, and I tooked a gun and I shooted it, and I tooked it in de house and my mama picked de fedders off it and cooked it for breksi!"

BLASPHEMY AND DEATH.

An Ohio Farmer's Sudden Taking Off by Heart Disease After Blatant Profanity.

From the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph

A very sensational story was told by a brakeman on a Pan-Handle passenger train this morning on his arrival in the city.

He said that while in Steubenville a countryman told him that on Tuesday a farmer, living some miles beyond Steubenville, cut a field of corn. The corn was very fine in quality and had promised a large yield, but a sudden wind and rainstorm prostrated it, and it was only good for fodder. The farmer, with the aid of a couple of men, began cutting the corn in the morning, and by noon had almost completed their work. The owner of the corn was in a fearful humor at its loss, and kept up a running fire of oaths and curses all the morning.

"You ought not to talk that way," remarked one of the workmen. "It's enough to make one's blood curdle."

"Let it curdle," retorted the farmer. "If Jesus Christ was here in the corn field I'd cut him up the same way I cut this corn."

The man stood up erect as he spoke and remained motionless. His companion, who was a church going, quiet countryman, was shocked at the speech and continued his work without paying particular attention to his employer's movements. At the end of a few moments he turned to see why the farmer had stopped work and he saw that he was standing erect and looked rigid and white. Receiving no answer to a question as to what was the matter, the workman approached the farmer and found to his horror that he was dead, although standing. There was an expression of pain in the dead man's face and the eyes were wild and staring. At first the workmen refused to touch the body, as they regarded the sudden death as a judgment of an offended Deity, but some of the neighbors finally removed it to the house and a physician was sent for, who said that death had resulted from heart disease.

The man who told the story to the brakeman could not give any names of persons or places, but declared that the story was the talk of the country folk. It is given for what it is worth.

THE YZNAGA DIAMONDS.

A Strange Tale Which May Interest the Future Duchess of Manchester.

Will L. Visscher in Cheyenne Mirror.

In the year 1869 this writer was publishing a newspaper on the magnificent low-pressure steamer, Richmond, which plied between Louisville and New Orleans. The vessel was 2,200 tons burden, nearly 500 feet long and fitted up in truly palatial style. She had two cabins besides the "texas," a brass band and a string band, and the expense of running the craft was enormous. The wife of a wealthy Cuban was a passenger on the Richmond, accompanied by her little daughter, a child of singular beauty.

Late one night a lady in startling deshabille with her profuse dark hair disheveled and streaming about her neck and shoulders, and over her somewhat exposed bust, burst from the door of her stateroom and ran toward the gentlemen who sat smoking in the cabin, almost shrieking, "My diamonds! my diamonds are gone!"

She was followed by her little daughter, then a child of tender years, who was crying piteously, more doubtless over her mother's distress than her loss. Some one had reached through the transom of the lady's stateroom, evidently from the arboard side, and had cut the pocket from her dress, which hung behind the door, and had thus secured a great mass of beautiful and costly diamonds, worth hundreds of thousands. Search was made with no result, and a suit against the owners of the Richmond was unsuccessful.

The lady who lost the diamonds was Madame Yznaga, the mother of the present Lady Mandeville, and the little girl who cried so piteously was the present Lady Mandeville herself, the future Duchess of Manchester.

His First French Kiss.

An American correspondent in Paris thus describes the rage for kissing in la belle France:

"The almost universal custom of kissing in Paris seems at first singular to a stranger coming from a country where the improprieties of life rarely permit you to take a lady's hand, much less to salute her. In France, to kiss a lady with whom you are not intimate, on meeting her is very common; especially is this the case if she is a married lady. Not only the members of the family, but all the guests, expect invariably to salute the lady of the house on coming down in the morning. But though the modest American may, perhaps, escape the ceremony on ordinary occasions, yet on the New Year's morning it is imperative. On that morning I came down to my breakfast about nine o'clock.

"I sat down quietly, bidding madam bon jour, as on ordinary occasions. In a few moments she was at my elbow with:

"'Monsieur, I am angry with you.'

"'Ah,' said she, 'you know very well the reason. It is because you did not embrace me this morning when you came down.'

"Madam was a lady of perhaps twenty-eight, with jet black, glossy hair and a clear, fair complexion. She was very beautiful; had she been plain I should have felt less embarrassed. She waited as though expecting me to atone for my neglect. But how could I before the whole table? I sat all this time trembling in my seat. At length madam said:

"'Monsieur, embrassez moi.'

"The worst had come. I arose trembling, put my white, bloodless lips, all greasy with butter and wet with coffee (for in my embarrassment I had dropped my napkin) to those of madam. This was my first French kiss."

The Man Who Laughs.

From the Lewiston Journal.

The man whose ha! ha! reaches from one end of the street to the other may be the same fellow who scolded his wife and spanked the baby before he got his breakfast, but his laughter is only the crackle of thorns under the pot. The man who spreads his laughter through his life, before a late breakfast, when he misses the train, when his wife goes visiting and he has to eat a cold supper; the man who can laugh when he finds a button off his shirt, when the furnace fire goes out in the night, and both of the twins come down with the measles at the same time, he's the fellow that's needed. He never tells his neighbor to have faith; somehow he puts faith into him. He delivers no homilies; the sight of his beaming face, the sound of his happy voice, and the sight of his blessed daily life carry conviction that words have no power to give.

The blues flee before him as the fog before the west wind; he comes into his own home like a flood of sunshine over a meadow of blooming buttercups, and his wife and children blossom in his presence like June roses. His home is redolent with sympathy and love. The neighborhood is better for his life, and somebody will learn of him that laughter is better than tears. The world needs this man; why are there so few of him? Can he be created? Can he be evolved? Why is he not in every house, turning rain into shine and winter into summer all round the year, until life is a perpetual season of joy.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortcuts Caught on the Run.

I suppose we are all cranks, more or less—especially more.

When a man has a hobby which he is accustomed to straddle only in his hours of ease, he is not known as a crank, but he has in him all the elements of a crank, ready to be developed at a moment's warning. The development is sure to take place sooner or later, and then the man becomes a terror to his family and to his friends.

There is my friend Flawig, for instance. For years and years he has been trying to invent a new system of musical notation—as if the old system were not bad enough to suit anybody's purpose. For a long time he kept his hobby to himself, and made himself very agreeable, but now the thing has taken hold of him to such an extent that he is a nuisance. He will stop in the street, get in a bending posture and proceed to slap himself on the knees, accompanying the antic with a series of guttural grunts which bear about as much relation to music as the noise made by a mule in kicking down a stable door. At his dinner table he will suddenly drop his knife and fork and proceed to thump on the board much to the annoyance of his wife and children. But they, poor things! have to stand it. His wife tells him that his system is growing every day and his children give such assent as they can. I laugh at Flatwig when he approaches me with his foolishness, but his condition is pitiable indeed.

My friend Brezan is even a worse crank than Flatwig. He is not an inventor in any shape. He is an absorber. He reads the newspapers, and whenever his eye lights on what might be called moral statistics he swallows the whole affair at a gulp, remembers every statement and every figure, and proceeds to deal them out to his acquaintances in conversation. Brezan is young, and is a great ladies' man. But he is the one person on earth who can carry the abomination of desolation into a parlor where young people are trying to enjoy themselves. He never jokes, and at soon as he sees that people are enjoying themselves he proceeds to fire his moral statistics at them. He knows to a figure how many lost pins and needles and buttons would pay the national debt. He gloats over the vast amount of money that is thrown away on beer and whisky, and can tell you just how many bars of soap and loaves of bread this money would buy. Since prohibition, Brezan has flung away his liquor statistics, and is now disseminating his soda water theory. I do not remember what this theory is, though he has told it to me a dozen times; but it is in the direction of moral economy. He is a little mixed on ginger slings, lemon wake-ups and milk shakes, but no doubt his soda water figures have as much foam and go to them as syrup. Brezan makes life unendurable to the just as well as the unjust.

Then there is my friend John J. Mizry. He is troubled with the reform itch. He imagines that all his friends and acquaintances ought to be reformed. He is not a loud talker, but he is a long one, and I have frequently seen him going about with a piece of greasy flannel around his neck, showing that he is gradually talking himself to death on the reform plan. Imagine what must be the agony of those on whom he gets in his reform work. Brother John J. Mizry is not altogether a curiosity; he is worse—he is a deadly bore. A great many good people tolerate him on account of his platform, but none of them make the mistake of supposing that there is anything in him. They all know that he is a desperate fraud, but they allow him to circulate around in the hope that he may finally persuade some other young man to take a dose of his nauseating gruel.

John J. Mizry is a young man, but he never smiles. His face is long and his voice is merely a murmur. The nearest that he comes to things that are of the earth earthy is to wear a pair of tight pantaloons. Arrayed in these his poor little legs appear to be a protest against his profession. Though he is a young man, he wears spectacles and alludes to men old enough to be his grandfather as Brother So-and-So. As a matter of course, it would be impossible to convince John J. Mizry of the fact that no genuine reformer ever had weak eyes, a sore throat and legs like a pipe-stem. Consequently he will go on boring people to the end, and some day he will die and the next be forgotten.

It is all very sad; but there is no medicine that will cure John J. Mizry. He thinks he has a mission to perform, and it has never entered his poor little head that the public has accurately gauged him.

A crank is a fanatic. In the old days which some of us remember with emotions of pleasure and regret, it was the boast of the southern people that all the fanatics came from New England. If this theory was correct, we have among us a large number of citizens from that land of culture; for it has come to pass that not a bush can be shaken but a fanatic of some sort or other will rise up and begin the business of reform. And if the people do not minister to these cranks they are attacked by both press and pulpit; so that it is difficult to say whether a person living in the south has the right to eat or sleep until he has paid tribute to some reformer, or to some other reformer. Heaven help us and save us from the cranks!

A Bit of an Earthquake.

From the Boston Journal.

A remarkable phenomenon has occurred at South Sodus, a New York village located on the border of lake Ontario. About a fortnight ago it was noticed that an area of thirty-eight square feet in the garden of Albert Smith had risen three inches during the night. It rose two inches more during the day, and the next morning it was seven inches above the surrounding land in the garden. Scores of people came to see the wonder, and actually saw the land slowly rising before their eyes. The land has since then slowly risen, and is now three feet higher than the rest of Mr. Smith's garden. It is still rising, but very slowly.

The Heart of Ludwig.

Stilled for aye the wild pulsation
Of that throbbing heart of thine,
Kept for unborn generations
In thine own Bavarian wine.

Men of Munich, proud and loyal,
With the dead heart of their King,
'Mid the pomp and splendor royal,
Move toward ancient Altotting.

In majestic beauty blooming
Mark the costly coffin flowers,
Hear the deep-mouthed cannon booming
From those medieval towers.

See the escort; veteran legions,
Fair haired Uhlans, wild hussars,
From the Alpine mountain regions,
Scared with countless battled scars.

Next the guardians of the nation,
They in robes of state; their fame
Such that world wide reputation
Clings around each ancient name.

Last a manly form advances
With an air of dazed surprise;
Right and left he swiftly glances,
Madness in his restless eye.

Grand and haughty self reliance,
Mixed with vague suspicioning,
And a look of proud defiance,
'Tis Baravia's insane King.

Sacred heart, 'twill cease its aching,
Prisoned in its costly urn,
No more beating, bleeding; breaking,
Ne'er with the cares of life to burn.

Now entrusted to the keeping
Of that holy brotherhood,
Where the pulseless hearts are sleeping,
Of a line of regal blood.

Each a leaf from history's pages,
By the glowing alter's fires,
Ludwig's heart may rest for ages
With the dead hearts of his sires.

MONTGOMERY M. FOLSOM.

Macon, Ga.

No lover at all had the maiden gay,
She were no engagement ring.
But she bought a fiddle and learned to play,
And thus had a bow on the string.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

ragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

e we are all cranks, more or less—more.

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MONTGOMERY M. FOLSOM.

er at all had the maiden gay,
wore no engagement ring,
e bought a fiddle and learned to play,
thus had a bow on the string.

THE TRUCK FARMERS.

THE CUKE AND THE MELON IN SOUTH GEORGIA.

Four Hundred Carloads of Lucious Melons Shipped From Brooks County—Profit for the Producer—A Sketch of Quitman—Its Railroad Facilities—How the Crops Stand.

NEAR QUITMAN, July 23.—(Staff Correspondence.)—The trucking and melon growing business in Brooks county is now an assured success, despite all the predictions of croakers.

A few years ago, when the business was in its infancy, a great many men caught the fever and embarked headlong into an enterprise with the merest outlines of which they were totally unfamiliar, and the consequence was that the market was flooded with inferior products, handled in an inexperienced manner, and failure and dire disaster overwhelmed the Knights of the Cuke. Dishonest agents of mythical western firms came along with bogus telegrams and conjectural quotations of prices current, and what little good fruit was produced was gobbled up by these scalawags.

Many abandoned the business—some at heavy loss on the original investment. The business languished, and the croakers all sat like crows on a limb and gleefully croaked, "I told you so!" But there were a few level-headed individuals who still had faith in the practicability of making money out of the business. They held on until the clouds rolled by and the tide took a turn.

The present season has well illustrated the wisdom of their course. Four hundred car-loads of melons have been shipped from this small scope of country, lying contiguous to the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, within the county of Brooks. Railroads have joined hands with the growers and have cut the rates down as low as they can. They have constructed turnouts all along the line for the convenience of shippers. Six of these long sidings exist between the eastern and western borders of Brooks, besides the regular stations. Commission houses have sprung into existence; men have made money soliciting the trade, and thousands of dollars have jingled in pockets where dimes were not wont to jingle.

At this writing the melon crop has been harvested, and the ground is ready for a pea or potato crop.

Such has been the demand for real estate that lands are almost unpurchasable all along within convenient distance of the railroad. The cultivated lands fetch a handsome rental, and so eager are the tenants that they have already rented the lands that were rentable for the next season's crop.

As for other truck, it has not been grown, perhaps, to the extent proportionately that melons have. Still, there is a good deal of land devoted to the raising of beans, cucumbers, etc., and there is a fair margin of profit for the producer.

"Nothing succeeds like success," and this success is unanswerable argument to the croakings of the disgruntled. There is no craze about it, no fabulous prices, no bubble, no nonsense, but it is a legitimate business, conducted on business principles, and bringing a steady income to those concerned in the growth and handling of the crops raised.

These gray lands are eminently adapted to this industry. The soil is a free loam, easily permeable by the vivifying elements of air, water and sunlight. This explains the fact that crops are marketable here so much earlier in the season than in the vicinity of Macon. It is as much due to the character of the soil as to the difference in altitude or longitude of the two sections. All crops grow well. Corn yields heavy crops, cotton does well, and cane, potatoes and other field crops turn out well.

It is a good country, healthy and well watered, with an abundance of the finest timber the world ever saw, all add to the desirable features of this section. The water in southern Brooks is not so cool as among the hills, but it is sweet and pure, and people enjoy as good health here as they do anywhere.

QUITMAN

is a pretty little town of two thousand inhabitants. About twenty-seven years ago your correspondent, then a little tot, first laid eyes on the embryonic city of Quitman. The railroad had just reached that point, and Remington had put up a general merchandise store. In those stores you could then purchase anything from a grindstone to a tin horse, or from a yard of broadcloth to a plug of tobacco. Mingled in an indistinguishable and heterogenous mass were the elements of a dozen wholesale houses, in different lines. The incipient streets were marked by blazes on the tall pine trees, and the natives stood afar off and gazed with awe and wonder on the locomotive. That was before the virgin soil had been so harassed by the husbandman, and people were, no doubt, better because they knew less.

Today, how changed? I stood on a corner and gazed across toward the ample lawn that surrounds the massive courthouse. under the cool shade of the spreading water oaks that cluster about it stands a granite shaft. That shaft is all that is left, except the memory of that dark struggle that came so soon after Quitman's birth. Rocked in the lap of revolution, its cradle sung the shouts of contending armies, it had a long and doubtful struggle for existence. It is strong limbed and sturdy enough now. There are about thirty business houses and several real handsome brick buildings. There is one bank, and two institutions for the handling of money through loans, secured by proper mortgages as security. This places Quitman on a solid basis in the way of financial facilities. Merchants draw fine trade from Brooks and surrounding counties, and they are thrifty and growing, though a little slow in the way of public enterprises.

They have, like all other towns in Georgia, that little joke cracked at old Pluvius, an abortive artesian well.

There are some of the prettiest, snuggest and most home-like little homes that you may find in a day's journey. The main street runs east and west, and beyond the business houses on either end are some beautiful homes.

The McCall house is the hotel of the place, and they treat a fellow very well indeed beneath its hospitable roof. One of the most crying needs of Quitman is a large hotel for the accommodation of northerners and other tourists wintering south. A gentleman told me that he receives scores of letters every winter asking about Quitman as a place of resort for this class of wanderers, and he invariably replies by a postal, "no accommodations." There is considerable talk of building a hotel at an early day; and it is only waiting for somebody to take the initiatory steps.

Quitman, in common with other towns on the road, has phenomenal railroad accommodations. During every day eight passengor trains go thundering by, and one may go when he gets ready and stay according to his convenience.

Speaking of railroads, brings me to the Covington and Macon extension, which the people here are so anxious to secure. They have subscribed fifty thousand dollars, which is now available in the form of notes on the best men in the county, all of which will go toward furthering this project. It cannot be denied that the route from here to the middle of Dooly county lies through a section of the finest timbered country in the south. And this is not all. When the lands are cleared, they are very productive, and yield splendid crops.

As a manufacturing town Quitman is again coming to the front. The factory, established here long ago, which has passed through so many vicissitudes of fortune, has lately been rejuvenated, and is now being run by a strong local firm and is doing well. Fifty operatives are employed, and the product of its spindles and looms is equal to any in the state.

Quitman has a well conducted high school, with an attendance of 150 students. The public school system of Brooks is of a high order and there are ample facilities for education both in town and county.

Seven miles southeast of Quitman is the Blue springs, a pleasant summer resort. The spring bursts up in a capacious pool of healthful and delightful mineral waters, and a good sized stream flows from it into the Withlacoochee river. It is a great picnicing ground and a pleasant place to go for a day of enjoyment.

To sum it all up, Brooks is fully the peer, if not the superior, in many points, of any county in southern Georgia. Her farmers are honest, and live at home; her business men are not boomers, but solid, affable and generous, and her gentle daughters are among the fairest of the fair. Churches and schools abound, and the country roads are kept in good repair. There are plenty of water mills, sawmills, and blacksmiths and mechanics. A good portion of the lower part of the county is interested more or less in the turpentine business, but the LeConte pear fever is only at a blood heat. Grapes, peaches, apples and other fruits are produced in large quantities and of the finest quality. Grass grows on the ridges and water runs along the hollows, and people live long, happy lives in the heart of the wiregrass.

POLITICS

just now agitate the public mind. From this county Colonel Bill Humphreys will go to the legislature, and Henry G. Turner is going right straight back to congress by a large majority. Mr. Turner has shown himself able and efficient; he has now the additional benefit of experience and training, and it would be a great misfortune were he to be left out in the coming elections. He is making history for his country and reputation for himself in a most satisfactory manner.

As I write the aromatic breeze from the smiling woods blows gently, and the spirit whispers from the stately pine trees breathe in my listening ear a thousand sacred memories, mingled with words of hope which beget an inspiration to nobler aims and greater exertions. Katydids sound their sleepy monotonous notes among the trees and the lint-white puffs of cloud drift lazily across the blue summer skies. Amid such surroundings, what wonder if I throw aside pencil and paper, and drift with the tide into the delicious depths of the land of dreams?

M. M. FOLSOM.

THE VETERANS.

A Brooklyn Grand Army Delegation Visit Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., July 26.—The George C. Strong post, G. A. R., of Brooklyn, arrived here today on the steamship Old Dominion, of the Old Dominion line, from New York. They were met down the river by delegations from the Phil Kearney post, G. A. R., and the R. E. Lee camp of confederate veterans and escorted to the city, where several hours were spent in visiting places of interest, including the confederate soldiers home. Late this afternoon the visitors, escorted by union and confederate veterans and two companies of the First regiment Virginia Volunteers, proceeded to Capital grounds, where they were reviewed by Governor Fitzhugh Lee, who welcomed the visitors in hearty and eloquent terms. They were entertained this evening by the military of the city, and tomorrow most of them will go to Petersburg to visit the battle grounds about that city.

STOKES DIES CRAZY.

A Man Who Was a Religious Zealot and Temperance Worker.

COLUMBUS, S. C., July 26.—[Special.]—Edward F. Stokes, of Greenville, died today in the state lunatic asylum, For several months he has been confined here as a harmless lunatic. He has had a somewhat remarkable career, and during the past twenty years has played no inconspicuous part in public affairs. A lawyer by profession, he labored diligently and amassed an independent fortune. He was very eccentric, but governed many strong points. In fact he was a man of great abilities. A few years ago, during the republican regime, he was incarcerated in jail for more than a year by a radical judge for refusing to divulge professional secrets. During the past few years he suffered the loss of the greater part of his possessions, and this so preyed upon his mind that he was pronounced non compos mentis by a commission. Stokes was a religious zealot and an indefatigable temperance worker.

FROM BIRMINGHAM.

A Lively Day for Thieves—Republican Trickery.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 26.—[Special.—John Jarratt repeated his tariff speech here tonight by special request.

Charles Drew, a railroad man, attempted suicide today by taking poison. He had been out of employment some time, and having a family, had become very despondent.

At the colored Baptist church last night, a strange negro attempted to rob Oscar Dozier of his watch. Dozier resisted and was dangerously cut with a razor. His assailant escaped.

The police arrested five negroes today for thieving and robbery.

The republicans in this county are circulating tickets bearing the names of the democratic nominees for state offices, and republican nominees for legislature and circuit clerk.

SCARED TO DEATH.

A Party of Armed Negroes in Alabama Scare a Woman to Death.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 26.—[Special.]—Mrs. Scott, wife of a prominent farmer of this county, was scared to death Saturday by a party of armed negroes. Mr. Scott was riding along the road when he came on a party of negroes. He asked them if they wanted employment. They replied in the negative. He told them that the grass was growing and every man ought to be at work. They left the road with the remark that they would "see him later." A few hours later the party of armed negroes surrounded the residence. Mrs. Scott went into a convulsion and died a few hours later. The negroes did no shooting. Vigorous efforts will be made to have the guilty ones punished.

NEWS FROM CHATTANOOGA.

The Wasson Works Sold—The Spiritualists—A New Church Building.

CHATTANOOGA, July 26.—[Special.]—The Wasson works, which have been closed down for several months, were sold today to S. M. Carpenter, of Cleveland, Ohio, who will at once put the factory in full operation.

The Southern Spiritualist association will hold its annual encampment on Point Lookout mountain, commencing Sunday, and will continue four weeks. Several hundred prominent Spiritualists will be present.

The contract for the erection of a Cumberland Presbyterian church was let today, and the building will be erected at once. The church will cost $30,000, and will be the sixth fine church built in Chattanooga within the past two years.

THE IRISH DELEGATES.

The Rupture Between the Irish of New York.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The Irish parliamentary fund association held a meeting this afternoon and prepared a letter, which stated that the association withdrew from colabaration with the municipal council of the Irish national league in the reception of Michael Davitt, who leaves for this country on Thursday. At a meeting of the council, at the Morton house tonight, Chairman James P. Farrell stated that the letter had not been received. Secretary R. M. Walters of the fund association had previously stated that he had presented the letter, and it had been accepted. The council will hold its regular meeting tomorrow night.

A Car Inspector Killed.

RICHMOND, Va., July 26.—Charles C. Crutchfield, a car inspector at the Richmond and Petersburg railroad depot, in this city, was killed today by being caught between a locomotive tender and car, while attending to some of his duties. He was thirty-five years old and leaves a family.

A baseball reporter puts down more strikes than any military in this great and glorious country.—Sporting Life.

SENATOR HENRY GREGG WRIGHT.

The First Senatorial District Agrees Upon Its Nominee.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The senatorial convention of the first district convened today. M. A. O'Byrne, of Chatham, was made permanent chairman, and James Medlinger secretary. The two-third rule was adopted. Bryan county nominated R. F. C. Smith; Effingham nominated Henry Gregg Wright, and Chatham offered no one. On the first ballot Wright received 7 and Smith 3 votes. Wright was declared nominated for senator from the first district. A committee was appointed to wait on him and notify him of his nomination. He appeared and accepted the nomination in a most pleasant speech. He at one time represented Washington county in the legislature, and is a brother of the late General Rause Wright. The nomination is satisfactory to Chatham. The chair named the following as the senatorial executive committee: Bryan—R. F. C. Smith; Chatham—C. R. Rossignal; Effingham—L. F. Tarver.

Resignation of Major West.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—Major J. A. A. West, who so recently figured prominently in the railroad, Richmond academy and gas sensations in Augusta, comes before the public again tonight by tendering his resignation as principal of Richmond academy, his elevation to which position caused such dissatisfaction a couple of weeks ago. It is said that henceforth he will give his entire attention to his gas and railroad interests.

A Hotel in Danger.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 26.—[Special.]—The Grand Central hotel, the largest in the city, had a narrow escape from destruction by fire today. The kitchen in the rear part of the building was partly burned down, and but for the almost superhuman efforts of the firemen the entire structure would have been burned. The damage is inconsiderable, fully covered by insurance.

The Contest in Meriwether.

GREENVILLE, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The following is the official vote of the primary for representatives held Saturday in Meriwether: J. M. Terrell, 650; H. W. Hill, 586; J. W. Taylor, 488; J. H. Meacham, 373; J. T. Sims, 299; 1,269 being the total vote. Terrell and Hill were nominated, Terrell receiving more than a majority of all the votes cast. The nomination is equivalent to an election.

Another Fire in Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 26.—[Special]—Fire tonight damaged an unoccupied store on the corner of Greene and Wilde streets to the amount of $200. It was of incendiary origin, and occurred at exactly the same hour as did the Christian church fire last night. The incendiary seems to be walking abroad in Augusta.

A Druggist's Mistake.

CLEVELAND, Ohio., July 26.—A druggist today sold Mrs. Andre Barrioli, an Italian woman, arsenic for sugar of milk. Tonight the mother is dead and three children are not expected to recover. The druggist is crazy with grief.

A Negro Lynched.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 26.—Advices from Comanche county state that a mob hanged the negro boy who outraged and murdered Mrs. Stephens. The mob was bent on burning him, but the mother of the murdered woman pleaded for a less barbarous punishment.

They Had Speaking.

TALLADEGA, Ala., July 26.—[Special.]—Hon. Thomas Seay, democratic nominee for governor, failed to fill his engagement to speak here today. The audience was addressed, however, by Bishop, Bingham, Lawler and others.

Light for Talladega.

TALLEDEGA, Ala., July 26.—[Special.]—The Talledega Gas, Water and Light company have their large 80-horse power engine in readiness now, and as soon as the reservoir can be completed, the city will be supplied with pure spring water.

A Brewery Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 26.—The Miller brewing company's building was burned tonight. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $45,000.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

John Ruskin's illness has changed for the worse.

Michael Davitt sails for New York next Thursday.

Why They Boil Locomotives.

Burdette, in the Brooklyn Eagle.

"What is that big iron thing full of holes?" asked Laura. "Locomotive boiler," said Tom. Laura looked thoughtful. After a moment's silence she asked: "Why do they boil locomotives?" Tom looked amazed. "To make 'em tender," he said, slowly.

"Are you trying to think of something funny my dear?" asked the paragrapher's wife. "I am," he said, as he hove a deep sigh and ran his fingers through his long hair. "Then suppose you think that you are going to buy me a new bonnet, my dear; that will be something funny for you to do."

We accidently overheard the following dialogue on the street yesterday:

Jones. Smith, why don't you stop that disgusting hawking and spitting?

Smith. How can I? You know I am a martyr to catarrh.

J. Do as I did. I had the disease in its worst form but I am well now.

S. What did you do for it?

J. I used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It cured me and it will cure you.

S. I've heard of it, and by Jove I'll try it.

J. Do so. You'll find it at all the drug stores in town.

Obituary.

DAVIS—Died, at the residence. 149 Spring street, yesterday morning at half past nine, of hemorrhage of the lungs, Bennie, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Davis. The remains will be taken to Dahlonega at 7:40 a. m. for interment.

Funeral Notice.

COOLEDGE—Friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Cooledge are invited to attend the funeral services of their infant daughter, Sallie Fannie, at the Leyden House, 124 Peachtree street, at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. 40 in a vial, Purely Vegetable. Price 25 cents. 5 vials by mail for $1.00. CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Mention this paper.
feb18—dly sat tues thu wky un roy b p nol

W. ENGLISH, President; A. B. STEELE, Vice-President; R. S. ..., Secretary

CHATTAHOOCHEE BRICK CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER BRICK.

Office 55 Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

We are prepared to furnish brick in any quantity at prices to suit the times.

PLAIN, OIL PRESSED and MOULDED BRICK A SPECIALTY.

Samples and prices furnished on application.
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ROYAL BAKING POWDER



Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

Professional Cards.

J. M. ARROWOOD,
Attorney at Law,
Room 34, Gate City Bank Building Atlanta, Ga. Collections and office practice a specialty.

W. B. OSBORNE—
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
Designs and complete working drawing for automatic cut off and plain slide valveengines. Plans for flour mills, factories, &c. 289 E. Fair.

WM. A. OSBORN, Real Estate Agent. G. T. OSBORN, Attorney at Law.
WM. A. OSBORN & SON, Superior Court Commissiner,
N. W. Corner Marietta and Broad streets.
Real Estate Agents and Attorney at Law.

G. L. NORMAN,
ARCHITECT,
24 Peachtree Street.

JNO. M. McCANDLESS
Analytical Chemist.
Analyzes all kinds of ores and minerals, mineral waters, fertilizers, urine and urinary deposits. Special attention paid to sanitary examination of well waters and to analyses of foods, milk, butter, flour, bread, baking powders, etc. Laboratory, 70 and 71 Gate City Bank Building.

J. T. HOLLEMAN,
Attorney at law,
Gainesville, Ga.

A. H. Cox, J. W. Cox.
COX & COX,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Rooms 27 and 29, Gate City National Bank building, 41 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Room 18, Gate City National Bank building. Practice in all courts.

EDMUND G. LIND, F. A. I. A.
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store

L. B. WHEELER, W. H. PARKINS.
ARCHITECTS, Atlanta, Ga.
Office: 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building, cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take Elevator.

JOHN L. TYE,
Attorney at Law,
Room 26 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. Special attention given to business in Henry and adjoining counties

James F. Rogers. John A. Ivy.
ROGERS & IVY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Covington and Social Circle, Ga.,
will give special attention to collection, assignments and commercial law. Real estate loans and investments safely made. Practice in all the courts. tf.

THOMAS L. BISHOP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 2, Brown Block, 28 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
21½ East Alabama street.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking depositions in Fulton county.

S. A. REID, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Eatonton, Ga.
with Judge Turner. Also office over Western Union Telegraph office, Mulberry street, Macon, Ga.

A. B Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MEYHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

E. F. FACIOLLE,
Contractor and Builder
For Wood and Brick Buildings
Office: Room No. 12 Fitten Building, Atlanta, Ga. Take the Elevator.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
LAWYERS,
17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 117

W. Y. ATKINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Newnan, Ga.

FAY & EICHBERG ARCHITECTS
19 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

Atlanta Rubber Co.

26 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.,

JOBBERS OF

INDIA RUBBER GOODS,

BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, &c.

RUBBER CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRUGGISTS, SUNDRIES, TOYS, &c.

Leather Belting, Lace Leather. &c

ASBESTOS, SOAPSTONE, HEMP, and every description of PACKING.

—AGENTS FOR—

N. Y. RUBBER CO.
N. J. RUBBER SHOE CO., and the
GIBLIN AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHER
Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

J. P. STEVENS.

DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
SILVERWARE.

47

WHITEHALL ST.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. ...

Shoes and Slippers

—FOR—

SUMMER WEAR

—AT—

MANUFACTURER'S COST.

—AT—

FORCE'S.

This an opportvnity not often presented, to get RELIABLE and STYLISH

Shoes and Slippers

AT COST.

GENT'S, MISSES', LADIES', CHILDREN'S

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

—FOR—

SUMMER WEAR

At Cost.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE
tu wed thu 33 WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA BRIDGE WORKS

GRANT WILKINS,

Civil Engineer and Contracting Agent.

Bridges, Roofs and Turn Tables,

Iron Work for Buildings, Jails, Etc.

Substructures and Foundations a Specialty.

Specifications, Plans and Estimates Furnished on Application. jan 15 d&wky

Hackett & Rice Iron Fence Co

ATLANTA, GA.

The Only Wrought Iron Fence Company in the South.



Manufacturers of the latest and best patent Wrought Iron Fence on the market. Also Cresting, Grates, Sash Weights, Hitching Posts and Builders' Castings. All work guaranteed equal to the best made. Send for prices before ordering elsewhere. Good local agents wanted in every town in the south, to whom exclusive territory will be given.

KENNESAW ROUTE

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The following time card in effect Sunday, May 9th, 1886.

NORTHBOUND—NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	7 50 am
Arrive Dalton	11 40 am
" Chattanooga	1 00 pm

Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1 50 pm
Arrive Dalton	5 37 pm
" Chattanooga	7 07 pm

NO. 14. ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta	3 45 pm
Arrive Rome	6 55 pm

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta	5 15 pm
Arrives Marietta	6 10 pm

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 11 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	11 00 pm
Arrives Chattanooga	4 30 am

NO. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	5 55 pm
Arrives Dalton	10 06 pm
Arrives Chattanooga	11 35 pm

Stops at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS

No. 1 has Pullman palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome.

No. 11 has Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.

No. 19 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change via McKenzie and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change.

SOUTHBOUND.

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	8 55 am
Leave Dalton	10 32 am
Arrive Atlanta	2 30 pm

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga	1 15 pm
Arrive Atlanta	6 35 pm

NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga	2 00 am
Arrive Atlanta	7 25 am

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.

Leave Rome	7 55 am
Arrive Atlanta	11 05 am

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.

Leaves Marietta	7 57 am
Arrive Atlanta	8 58 am

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.

No. 12 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta, and Pullman sleepers Nashville to Atlanta, and through coach Little Rock to Atlanta without change.

No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.

JOS. M. BROWN, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ALTON ANGIER, Assistant Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
R. A. ANDERSON, Gen'l Superintendent.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., June 19, 1886.

Commencing Monday, June 21, 1886, the following schedule will operate on this road. Trains run by 75th meridian time—one hour faster than Atlanta time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 53	No. 51
Leave Athens	8:45 a m	5:25 p m
Arrive at Harmony Grove	9:42 a m	6:25 p m
Arrive at Lula	10:54 a m	7:45 p m
Arrive at Atlanta	1:30 p m	10:40 p m
Arrive at Clarkesville	12:57 p m	
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	1:50 p m	

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52
Leave Tallulah Falls	8:25 a m	
Arrive Clarkesville	9:08 a m	
Leave Lula	11:10 a m	8:40 p m
Arrive Harmony Grove	12:15 p m	9:34 p m
Arrive at Athens	1:20 p m	10:30 p m

Tallulah Falls Accommodation.—Operates on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

No. 1.	No. 2.
Lv Tallulah Falls 6:40pm	Lv Cornelia 9:10pm
Ar at Clarkesville 7:28pm	Ar at Clarkesvi'e 9:34pm
Ar at Cornelia 7:50pm	Ar Tallulah F'ls 10:20pm

Close connections made at Lula and Cornelia with passenger trains on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west. Ample time for supper at Lula on evening trains. Superb sleeping car accommodations. The shortest and quickest route between Athens and all points north, east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent, Athens, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, G. P. A., Richmond, Va.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)

THE POPULAR ROUTE TO ALL POINTS

NORTH AND EAST.

Double Daily Trains of Elegant Coaches run through without change between Atlanta and Washington,

—With Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars—

ATLANTA to NEW YORK,

—AND—

MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON.

Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York. Richmond and Danville Railroad time one hour faster than Atlanta city time.

Schedule in effect June 20th, 1886.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 40 a m	5 00 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. time)	8 40 a m	6 00 p m
Arrive Lula	11 00 a m	8 20 p m
" Seneca	12 57 p m	10 54 p m
" Greenville	2 30 p m	12 25 p m
" Charlotte	6 25 p m	4 40 a m
" Salisbury	8 01 p m	6 20 a m
" Greensboro	9 35 p m	8 10 a m
" Danville	11 30 p m	10 10 a m
" Lynchburg	2 00 a m	1 00 p m
" Charlottesville	4 30 a m	3 20 p m
" Washington	8 30 a m	8 30 p m
" Baltimore	10 03 a m	11 25 p m
" Philadelphia	12 35 p m	3 00 a m
" New York	3 20 p m	6 20 a m
" Boston	10 30 p m	3 00 p m
Leave Danville	12 00 a m	10 35 a m
Arrive Burkeville	3 57 a m	1 43 p m
" Richmond	7 00 a m	3 30 p m
" Norfolk	12 20no'n	7 30 p m
Leave Atlanta		7 40 a m
Arrive Spartanburg		3 43 p m
Leave Spartanburg		4 00 p m
Arrive Hendersonville		7 00 p m
" Asheville		8 15 p m

MOUNT AIRY ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Atlanta (city time)	4 00 p m
Arrive Gainesville	6 03 p m
Arrive Lula	7 30 p m
Arrive Mount Airy	8 10 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Mount Airy	6 10 a m
Leave Lula	6 40 a m
Leave Gainesville	7 06 a m
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	8 25 a m

Double Daily connections with Athens via Northeastern Railroad.

E. BERKELEY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., Richmond, Va.
E. B. THOMAS, General Manager, Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

Office General Manager,

Augusta, Ga. April 17, 1886.

Commencing Sunday, 18th proximo, the following passenger schedule will be operated: Trains run by 90th meridian time.

FAST LINE.
NO 27 WEST-DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 40 am
Leave Athens	7 45 am
Leave Gainesville	5 55 am
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville	5 55 am
Arrive Athens	7 40 pm
Arrive Augusta	8 15 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST-DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 00 am	L've Augusta	10 50 am
Ar. Gainesville	8 25 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
" Athens	5 30 pm	" Milledgeville	9 38 am
" Washington	2 20 pm	" Washington	11 20 am
" Milledgeville	4 43 pm	" Athens	9 00 am
" Macon	6 15 pm	Ar. Gainesville	8 25 pm
" Augusta	3 35 pm	" Atlanta	5 00 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST-DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	7 30 pm	L've Augusta	9 40 pm
Ar. Augusta	5 00 am	Ar. Atlanta	5 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 10 pm	L've. Covington	5 40 am
Decatur	6 46 pm	L've Decatur	7 25 am
Ar. Covington	8 30 pm	Ar. Atlanta	7 55 am

DECATUR TRAIN.
(Daily except Sundays.

L've Atlanta	9 00 am	L've Decatur	9 45 am
Ar. Decatur	9 30 a.m	Ar. Atlanta	10 15 am

CLARKSTON TRAIN.

L've Atlanta	12 10 pm	L've Clarkston	1 25 pm
L've Decatur	12 32 pm	L've Decatur	1 50 pm
Ar. Clarkston	2 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	2 20 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule flag station.

No connection for Gainesville on Sundays.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest, and carry through sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Union Point for supper.

Connects at Augusta for all points east and south east.

W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager
E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l. Pass. Agent.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA DIVISION.

TIME CARD IN EFFECT JUNE 13TH, 1886.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	New Y'k Express.	Day Express.	Day Express.
Leave Atlanta	5 40 pm	12 15 n'n	6 15 am
Arrive Rome	8 30 pm	3 15 pm	9 15 am
" Dalton	9 57 pm	4 35 pm	10 40 am
" Cleveland	10 55 pm		
" Knoxville	1 40 am		3 35 pm
" Morristown	3 12 am		5 10 pm
" Bristol	6 15 am		8 50 pm
" Roanoke	12 50 pm		3 20 pm
" Waynesboro	4 25 pm		6 50 am
" Luray	6 28 pm		9 02 am
" Shenan'h J'c't.	8 38 pm		11 20 am
" Hagerstown	10 30 pm		12 25 am
" Washington	10 30 pm		1 15 pm
" Baltimore	11 30 pm		3 55 pm
" Philadelphia	4 45 am		6 55 pm
" New York	7 00 am		9 20 pm

SOUTHWARD

STATIONS.	Florida Express.	Savan'ah Express.
Leave Atlanta	5 00 pm	9 15 am
Arrive Macon	8 20 pm	12 30 pm
" Hawkinsville	11 03 pm	3 00 pm
" Jesup	2 25 am	6 10 pm
" Brunswick	6 00 am	8 35 pm
" Jacksonville	8 05 am	
" Savannah	6 10 am	7 50 pm

ATLANTA TO CHATTANOOGA.

STATIONS.	New Y'rk Express	Day Express	Night Express
Leave Atlanta	5 40 pm	12 15 pm	6 15 am
Arrive Dalton	9 40 pm	4 35 pm	10 40 am
" Chattanooga		6 00 pm	12 15 pm
Leave Chattanooga		6 35 pm	
Arrive Cincinnati		6 50 am	

CHATTANOOGA AND MEMPHIS.

Leave Chattanooga	6 10 pm	5 10 am
Arrive Memphis	5 20 am	4 55 pm

CHATTANOOGA TO BRISTOL.

Leave Chattanooga	11 00 am	9 40 pm
Arrive Knoxville	3 35 pm	1 40 am
" Morristown	5 24 pm	3 12 am
" Bristol	6 15 am	9 10 pm

Pullman Buffet cars leave Atlanta daily at 5:40 p. m. for New York without change. Also from Rome at 8:35 p.m. for Washington without change. Also from Cleveland at 11 p. m. for Warm Springs and Ashville without change. Also from Chattanooga at 6:10 p. m. for Memphis without change. Also from Atlanta at 12:15 noon and 6:15 a. m. for Cincinnati without change.

B. W. WRENN, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt., Knoxville, Tenn.
J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

CURE FOR THE DEAF.

PECK'S PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS perfectly restore the hearing and perform the work of the natural drum. Invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation and even whispers heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book with testimonials, FREE. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York. Mention this paper.

apr29—dly wed fri mon wky

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

howing the arrival and departure of all trains from the city.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R.

*Day Expo. s from Sav'h &Fla. N 14 12 05 n'n	*Day Express North, E. and West No 14 12 15 pm
New York Lim. From North. No 15..12 55 pm	* Day Express Phil.& N. Y., No 12...... 6 15 am
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from North, No. 11. 11 55 pm	*New York Lim. North N. Y. Phila. etc. No. 16 .... 5 40 pm
Day Express from North No. 13......... 3 30 pm	*Cannon Ball South for S'v'h & Fla. No. 15 ....9 15 am
*Day Ex. from Savannah and Brunswick, No. 16.................. 5 35 pm	*Fast Express South for S'vh & Fla.No. 13 5 00 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
From Savannah*	7 32 am	To Savannah*...	6 00 am
" Barn'sv'll*	7 50 am	To Macon*.......	3 10 pm
" Macon*.....	1 35 pm	To Savannah*...	6 50 pm
"Savannah*...	9 35 pm	To Ba'nesville*.	4 30 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chata'ga*	7 25 am	To Chattanooga*	7 50 am
" Marietta...	8 58 am	To Chattanooga*	1 50 pm
" Rome.........	11 05 am	To Rome...........	3 45 pm
" Chata'go*..	2 30 pm	To Marietta......	5 15 pm
" Chata'ga*..	6 35 pm	To Chattanooga*	5 55 pm
		To Chattanooga*	11 00 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From M'tgo'ery*	5 00 am	To Montgo'ery*	1 15 pm
" M'tgo'ery*	2 25 pm	To Montgo'ery*.	11 30 pm
" LaGrange.	8 55 am	To LaGrange.....	4 25 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*.	6 40 am	To Augusta*......	8 00 am
" Covingt'n..	7 55 am	To Decatur.........	9 00 am
" Decatur......	10 15 am	To Clarkston......	12 10 pm
" Augusta*....	1 00 pm	To Augusta*......	2 45 pm
" Clarkston..	2 20 pm	To Covington......	6 10 pm
" Augusta*..	5 50 pm	To Augusta*......	7 30 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.

From Lula..........	8 25 am	To Charlotte*....	7 40 am
" Charlotte*.	12 30 pm	To Gainesville....	4 00 pm
" Charlotte*	9 40 pm	To Charlotte*....	5 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

From Bir'g'm*...	7 20 am	To Birming'm*...	8 05 am
" Bir'g'm*...	3 55 pm	To Birming'm*..	4 30 pm

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Bankers and Brokers.

W. H. PATTERSON,
BOND AND STOCK BROKER
24 Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—Georgia State 4½ per cent bonds. Marietta and NorthGeorgia R. R. 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1911.

The State bonds above are too well known to require commendation, and as to the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad bonds, I will cheerfully furnish official information as to their merits.

WANTED—
Georgia Railroad Stock.
A. & W. Pt. R. R. Stock and debentures.
South Western R. R. Stock.
Atlanta city bonds.

I BUY AND I WANT TO BUY ALL KINDS OF
BONDS & STOCKS.

Shall be pleased to accommodate investors, either in buying or selling. Information furnished with pleasure. Have first class investment Bonds and Stocks for sale.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN.

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK
—OF ATLANTA, GA.—
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital & Surplus $300,000.
Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand With interest.

Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

Property of the Columbus Manufacturing Company.

Complete and fully equiped cotton factory, together with nearly a mile of the finest water power on the Chattahoochee river, just above the city of Columbus.

STATE OF GEORGIA, MUSCOGEE COUNTY—By virtue of the power vested in us under the terms and conditions of a certain deed of trust executed to the undersigned J. Rhodes Browne and A. Illges, trustees, by the Columbus manufacturing company, of Muscogee county, state of Georgia, dated March 1, 1884, whereby the said corporation conveyed to us all the property, real and personal, hereinafter described, in trust, to secure the payment of its certain issue of bonds and the interest coupons thereof as in said trust deed specified and enumerated (all of which appears duly of record in Mortgage Deed Book "A," folios 367 to 373, March 5, 1884, in the clerk's office of superior court Muscogee county, Georgia and in Record Deeds, volume O O, pages 81 to 88 inclusive, March 22, 1884, office of the probate court in the county of Lee, state of Alabama, and in conformity with the directions and terms prescribed in the resolutions passed by the holders of said bonds, on April 24, 1886, under the authority conferred by said deed of trust.

We will sell in the city Columbus, Muscogee county, Georgia, on the 3d day of August, 1886, between the legal hours of sale, in front of the auction house of F. M. Knowles & Co., on the northwest corner of Broad street and Tenth (formerly Crawford street,) (being the usual place for sheriff's sales in said city of Columbus) at public outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property of the Columbus manufacturing company, to-wit: All those lots and parcels of land situated, lying and being, as follows: Fractional section number twenty-six (26) and the north half of fractional section number thirty-five (35), both in fractional township number eighteen (18), range number thirty (30) in formerly Russell now Lee county, state of Alabama. Also the following lots of lands lying and being in the eighth district of Muscogee county, state of Georgia, known as lots number eighty-six (86) and eighty-seven (87) and the west half of lot number seventy-four (74) and fractions numbered ninety-one (91) and ninety-two (92), and island number three (3) in Chattahoochee river, and a small enclosure situated east of the residence formerly occupied by J. R. Clapp, used as a residence and grazing lot, containing seven (7) acres more or less. All of said lands last described lying and being in the county of Muscogee and state of Georgia, and together with said lands in Lee county, Alabama, containing eight hundred and thirty (830) acres more or less.

Also, all of the said Columbus manufacturing company's buildings on said land in Muscogee county, Ga., operated as a cotton factory, and with all of the improvements in any manner appendant and appurtenant thereto, inclusive of the cards, spindles, looms, machinery and fixtures of every kind whatever contained in said buildings also all and singular the other improvements on all of the lands aforementioned and described; also the entire water power owned and controlled by said Columbus manufacturing company on and in said Chattahoochee river, together with all and singular the rights and franchises by the said Columbus manufacturing company held and possessed therein under the laws of Georgia

The plant of said cotton factory consists at present of 4,544 spindles, 149 looms and other suitable machinery, all in good condition and producing good work. Present capacity 7,500 yards a day of heavy sheetings and shirtings, three yards to the pound

The operatives' houses and improvements generally in excellent condition, labor abundant, lands elevated and location of property unsurpassed for health, convenience and economical production—free from the burden of municipal taxes paid by all the other Columbus mills, yet within three miles of the city of Columbus and three quarters of a mile of Columbus and Rome railroad. The water power is the finest in the south, controlling and embracing the whole bed of the Chattahoochee river for the distance of about one mile along the lands of the company, said lands extending along its banks upon the Georgia and Alabama sides of the river. Only a small portion of the water power is required and utilized in running the present mill and the natural falls in the river render but a simple inexpensive dam of logs and plank necessary. This magnificent water power is easily controlled and has a fall of forty-two and a half (42½) feet within three-quarters (¾) of a mile. With a comparatively small expenditure upon a new dam, 125,000 (one hundred and twenty-five thousand) spindles with looms in proportion can be driven by this water power. Capital for the erection of additional mills and utilization of the immense power now wasted, is all that is needed to make this property the site of a prosperous and populous manufacturing village. The personal inspection of capitalists is invited. Full and satisfactory details will be furnished on application.

J. RHODES BROWNE,
A. ILLGES,
3m Trustees.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26, 1886.

Money easy.
New York exchange buying at par; selling at ⅛ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.	R.R. BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Ga., 4½			Ga. R. 6s, 1910	110	112
30 year	107	108	Ga. R. 6s, 1922	112	114
Ga. 6s 1889	103½	104½	Cen. R. 7s, 1893	111	113
Ga. 7s, gold	111	113	C. C. & A. 1st	111	113
Ga. 7s, 1896	120	123	A. & C. 1st	122	125
S. C. Brown	107	109	A. & C. inc	105	107
Savannah 5s	99	101	M. & A. ind	100	103
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	124	126	W. of Ala. 1st	105	107
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	111	113	do. 2d	112	114
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	120	122	Ga. Pac. ind	109	111
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	116	118	Ga. Pac. 2d	50	55
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	109	112	Am'cus, Prest.		
Atl'ta 6s, S.B.	100	105	& L'mkn1st 7s	103	105
Atlanta 5s	105	107	M. & N. G. 1st		101
Augusta 7s	103	105	RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Macon 6s	110	112	Georgia	183	185
Columbus 5s	90	95	At. & Char	100	105
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.			Southwest'n	119	121
Atlanta Nat'l	200	—	S. Carolina	5	10
Merch'ts B'k	119	—	Central	75	77
B'k State Ga	120	150	Central deb	99	101
Gate City Nat.	107½	—	Aug. & Sav	119	121
RAILROAD BONDS.			A. & W. Pt	101	103
Ga. R. 6s, 1897	106	108	do. deb	103	105
			C. C. & A	25	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 26.—As was expected on all sides, the stock market was dull and almost barren of news with very little life except in North Pacific, Texas Pacific, Reading, in which special causes contributed to make these usually quiet stocks active. The land sale negotiations helped the North Pacific and reports of agreements between opposing interests aided the Reading. The opening this morning was strong. The first prices showing advances ranging from ⅛ to ⅝, latter Reading. The market showed some activity in early trading and slight declines were established except on the North Pacific, but beforenoon the dullness reigned and prices rallied, dull and fairly steady, the market succeeding which continued until the last hour, when a decided upward turn took place. The market finally closing firm at about the best figures of the day. The net result of the day's operations is the advance of small fractions for most of the active list. Sales 152,000 shares.

Exchange 485. Money 2@2½. Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $128,471,000; currency $20,229,000. Governments quiet and strong; 4s 126⅞; 3s 100⅛ bid. State bonds dull but strong.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	104	N. & C.	57½
do. Class B 5s	*105½	N. O. Pac. 1sts	70
Ga. 6s	102	N. Y. Central	107⅛
Ga. 7s mortgage	102	Norfolk & W'n pre.	40½
N. C. 6s	124	Northern Pacific	29⅞
do. 4s	98	do. preferred	61¾
S. C. con. Brown	107½	Pacific Mail	56¾
Tennessee 6s	61¾	Reading	26¼
Virginia 6s	46	Rich. & Alleghany	8
Virginia consols	53	Richmond & Dan	142
Chesap'ke & Ohio	8	Rich & W. P. Ter'l	31⅝
Chicago & N. W.	113	Rock Island	125½
do. preferred	140½	St. Paul	92⅞
Del. & Lack	127⅞	do. preferred	122
Erie	33	Texas Pacific	—
East Tenn	5⅝	Union Pacific	59¼
Lake Shore	87	N. J. Central	55¼
L. & N.	45	Missouri Pacific	108⅞
Memphis & Char	36	Western Union	67
Mobile & Ohio	15	†Offered.	‡Asked.

*Bid. ‡Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26, 1886.

New York—Cotton opened quiet and easy at lower prices for the months. Toward the close a further decline took place which made the close about 10 points under Saturday's close. Spots, middling 9⅝c.

Net receipts two days 3,589 bales, against 439 bales last year; exports 15,599 bales; last year 1,816 bales; stock 241,996 bales; last year 217,943 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	OPENED.	CLOSED.
July	9.50@ 9.53	9.44@ 9.45
August	9.50@......	9.43@ 9.41
September	9.46@......	9.39@ 9.40
October	9.31@......	9.28@ 9.29
November	9.31@......	9.25@......
December	9.33@......	9.29@ 9.30
January	9.43@ 9.44	9.38@ 9.39
February	9.53@ 9.54	9.48@ 9.49
March	9.64@ 9.65	9.58@ 9.59

Closed weak; sales 72,000 bales.
Local—Cotton steady; middling 9c.
shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	—
Air-Line Railroad	—
Georgia Railroad	66
Central Railroad	—
Western and Atlantic Railroad	—
West Point Railroad	—
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad	—
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
Total	66
Receipts previously	161,081
Total	161,147
Stock September 1	433
Grand total	161,580

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments today	—
Shipments previously	145,649
Local consumption previously	11,827
Total	157,476
Actual stock on hand	4,104

NEW YORK, July 26—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: Liverpool sent over a disappointingly weak dispatch, silver quotation was lower and crop accounts excellent. It was this combination of influences that discouraged the bulls and led to a break of some ten points with the feeling still tame at the decline. Long cotton was unloaded with much freedom. There was no new selling except possibly on the later months.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 26—12:15 p. m.—Cotton dull and in buyers favor; middling uplands 5 5-16; middling Orleans 5⅜; sales 5,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 2,100; all American; uplands low middling clause July delivery 5 16-64; July and August delivery 5 16-64; August and September delivery 5 15-64, 5 16-64; September and October delivery 5 12-64; January and February delivery 5 8-64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, July 26—1:00 p. m.—Sales of American 6,800 bales; uplands low middling clause July delivery 5 15-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 16-64 buyers; August and September delivery 5 15 64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 11-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 7-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 6 64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 6-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 7-64, buyers; futures dull.

LIVERPOOL, July 26—4:00 p.m—Uplands low middling clause July delivery 5 15-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 15-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 15-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 11-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 7-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 6-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 6-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 7-64, buyers; September delivery 5 15-64, buyers; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, July 26—Cotton steady; sales 535 bales; middling uplands 9⅝; middling Orleans 9 11-16; net receipts none; gross 103; consolidated net receipts 1,456; exports to Great Britain 11,496; to France 380; to continent 1,941; stock 177,180.

GALVESTON, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 9 1-16; net receipts 10 bales; gross 10; sales 156; stock 2,522; exports coastwise 47.

NORFOLK, July 26—Cotton steady; middling 9⅜; net receipts 134 bales; gross 134; stock 4,090; sales 2; exports coastwise 389.

BALTIMORE, July 26—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 9 9-16; net receipts 31 bales; gross 244; sales —; stock 9,948; sales to spinners 31; exports coastwise 160.

BOSTON, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; net receipts 464 bales; gross 941; sales none; stock 6,310.

WILMINGTON, July 26—Cotton firm; middling 9; net receipts 11 bales; gross 11; sales none; stock 5,56.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26—Cotton firm; middling 9⅞; net receipts 26 bales; gross 23; sales none; stock 11,534.

SAVANNAH, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 438 bales; gross 410; sales 5; stock 6,039; exports coastwise 281.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9 3-16; net receipts 288 bales; gross 288; sales 1,000; stock 16,603.

MOBILE, July 26—Cotton nominal; middling 9; net receipts 28 bales; gross 28; sales none; stock 4,410.

MEMPHIS, July 26—Cotton steady; middling 9⅜; net receipts 70 bales; shipments 1,866; sales 300; stock 8,121.

AUGUSTA, July 26—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 9 net receipts 24 bales; shipments —; sales 116.

CHARLESTON, July 26—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 9¼; net receipts 20 bales; gross 20; sales none; stock 2,782; exports coastwise 550.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, July 26—The feeling was unsettled in wheat today, and the market was only fairly active. The market opened ⅛@¼c lower, but rallied under good buying ⅞c, fell back ⅝c, rose again, but fell off once more on the publication of the visible supply report, which showed an increase of 3,100,000 bushels. The market finally closed, however, ⅛c higher than on Saturday.

The chief speculative interest during the day was centered in corn. The market opened very irregular, prices varying ¼@1½c over the closing figures of Saturday. Large buying orders were received, based on reports of dry, hot weather in the corn belt, eased off on reports of rain, rose again and closed 1c higher than Saturday.

Oats ruled strong in sympathy with corn, but fell back toward the close and finished at about Saturday's figures.

Provisions were steady and closed firmer.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC,

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26, 1886

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
July	74	74	74	74
PORK.				
July	9 42½	9 42½	9 42½	9 42½
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
July	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 26—Flour—Best patent $5.75@$6.00; extra fancy $5.00@$5.25; fancy $4.75@5.00; extra family $4.25@$4.50; choice family $4.00; family $3.25@$3.50; extra $3.00@$3.25. Wheat—Old No. 2 red $1.00@$1.05; old No. 3 do. 95c; new No. 2 75@80c. Bran—Large sacks 70c; small 75c. Corn meal—Plain 60c; bolted 60; pea meal $1.00, Grits—$3.25. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee 60c; No. 2 white mixed 58c; No. 2 mixed 57c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 45. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 90c; small bales 85c. No. 1, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock $1.00.

BALTIMORE, July 26—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.50@$2.90; extra $3.00@$3.65; family $3.75@$4.50; city mills superfine $2.50@$3.00; extra $3.25@$4.00; Rio brands $4.50@$4.62. Wheat, southern lower; western lower and active; southern red 82@85; amber 85@87; No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 83@83¼. Corn, southern firmer; western easier and dull; southern white 50@51; yellow 50@51.

CHICAGO, July 26—Flour unchanged; southern winter wheat $4.45@$4.50. Wheat fairly active, closing a shade higher; No. 2 July 73¾@74¾; August 74½@75; No. 2 spring 73½@73¾. Corn excited, closing higher; cash 40½@40¾; July 40@40½; August 40¾@41¼. Oats active and firm; No. 2 cash 27@27¼; August 27½@28.

NEW YORK, July 26—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $3.05@$3.50; good to choice $3.90@$5.45. Wheat quiet and steady; No. 2 red August 84⅜@84⅞; September 84⅞@85½. Corn ½c higher; No. 2 July 47⅞@48¼; August 47⅝@48⅜. Oats ¼@½c lower; No. 2 July nominal at 37. Hops firm; state 14@20

ST. LOUIS, July 26—Flour unchanged; choice $3.25@$3.40; family $2.50@$2.60. Wheat active and ¼c higher; No 2 red cash 74¼; August 73⅞@75⅛. Corn active and 1@1½c higher; No. 2 mixed cash 36@36⅛; August 36⅞. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed cash 26½@26⅝; August 26⅝.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Flour in light demand; family $3.40@$3.65; fancy $3.50@$4.10. Wheat dull; No. 2 red 75½@76. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 40⅛. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 29⅛.

LOUISVILLE, July 26—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 No. 2 red 71. Corn, No. 2 white 40. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 33.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 26—Coffee — Fancy Rio 13c; choice 11½@12½c; prime 10½@11c; fair 9½@10; ordinary 9½@10c. Sugar — Standard granulated 7c; standard A 6¾c; off A 6½; white extra C 6¼c; yellow C 6c. Syrups — New Orleans fancy kettle 45c; choice kettle 43c; prime kettle 30@35c; choice centrifugal 35c; primecut 28@30c; fair do. 20@25c; fancy sugar syrup 45c; do. choice 40c; do. prime 27@30. Teas—Black 35@60; green 35@60. Nutmegs 75c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 14c. Mace 80c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 7½c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 4½c; XXX do. 5c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $6.50; ½ bbls, $3.50; kits 50; pails 55. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 12½. Matches—Round wood, ₩ gross, $1.13; ₩ 200, $2.00; ₩ 300, $3.50; ₩ 400, $4.50. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes, 5¾c. Rice, prime, 5; fair, 4. Salt—Virginia, 80c. Cheese — Full cream. —; factory, —.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes, common to prime 7½@10¼. Sugar dull; Louisiana open kettle choice 5½; strictly prime 5⅜; common to good common 4½@4⅝; Louisiana centrifugals, plantation granulated 6⅜; choice white 6 3-16; off white 5⅞@6; prime yellow clarified 5 13-16@6⅞. Molasses quiet and weak; Louisiana open kettle good prime to strictly prime 32; prime 20@22; good fair 17@18; centrifugal, prime to strictly prime 15@19. Rice dull and weak; Louisiana ordinary to good 3½@4¼.

NEW YORK, July 26—Coffee fair Rio dull at 9⅜. Sugar dull and nominal; fair to good refining 4⅞@5; refined, C 4⅞@5; extra C 6@6⅛; white extra C 6@6⅛; yellow 4½@4⅞; off A 5⅞@6; mould A 6⅝; standard A 5¾; confectioners A 6⅝; cut loaf and crushed 6⅝@6¾; powdered 6 11-16@6¾; granulated 6 3-16@6¾; Cubes 6 11-16@6¾. Molasses quiet and weak; 50-test 17½. Rice firm; domestic 4@7.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Sugar easier; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 5@5½.

CHICAGO, July 26—Sugar steady; standard A 6⅝ granulated 7½.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 26—Provisions dull and generally easier. Pork $10.20. Lard 6.25. Bulk meats, loose lots long clear 6.20; short ribs 6.25; short clear 6.40; boxed lots, long clear 6.35; short ribs 6⅜; short clear 6.47½. Bacon, long clear 6.95@7.00; short ribs 6.90; short clear 7.10; hams 11½@12½.

CHICAGO, July 26—Mess pork firm; cash $9.40@$9.50; August $9.40@9.45. Lard steady; cash 6.50@6 52½; August 6.52½@6 55 Short rib sides steady; cash 6.05. Boxed meats firm; dry salted shoulders 6.05@6.10; short clear 6.45@6.50.

LOUISVILLE, July 26—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib 6.90; sides 7¼; shoulders 6⅞. Bulk meats, clear ribs 6.47½; clear sides 6¾; shoulders 6. Mess pork $11.00. Hams, sugar-cured 11½@12½. Lard, choice leaf 8.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Pork, demand light at $10.12½. Lard steady at 6.15. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 6¼; short ribs 6¼. Bacon quiet and steady; shoulders 7; short ribs 7⅛; short clear 7⅝.

NEW YORK, July 26—Pork unchanged; old $10.37½@$10.62½; new $11.25@$11.62½. Middles dull; long clear 7. Lard a shade easier and dull; western steam spot 6.70@6.72½; August 6.72.

ATLANTA, July 26 — Bulk clear rib sides 7c. Sugar-cured hams, large average, 13@13½c; do. small average 14@14½c. Lard — Refined 7½@8c; leaf 8½@9c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, July 26—Apples—$5.50@6.00 ₩ bbl. Lemons — $10.00. Oranges — $.600@$6.50 ₩ box. Coconuts—3½@4c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.00@$2.00. Figs—16@18c. Raisins—₩ box $2.75; new London $3.75; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—70c ₩ gal; $14 ₩ bbl, California Pears $5.00 ₩ box. Citron—15@40c. Almonds — 20c. Pecans — 12c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Dried Fruit—Peaches 2@8c; apples 20.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 26—Turpentine firm at 31½; rosin firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine firm; hards 75; yellow dip $1.70; virgin $1.80.

SAVANNAH, July 26 — Turpentine firm at 31½; sales 550 barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained 90@$1.15; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, July 26—Turpentine firm at 32; rosin steady; good strained 85.

NEW YORK, July 26—Rosin dull at 93@$1.05; turpentine dull at 34½.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, July 26—Market is steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule-shoes $5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½@20c. Iron-bound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 30@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well buckets $3.75. Cotton rope 15c. Swede iron 5c. rolled (or merchant bar) 2 rate. Cast-steel 12c. Nails $2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 6c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle, $3.00; blasting $2.50 Bar-lead 6½c; shot $1.50.

Live Stock

ATLANTA, July 26—There is a fair supply of horses on the market. Plug $65@$90; drive $125@$140; good drivers $75@$200; fine, $250@$350. The supply of mules is limited. 14½ to 15 hands $125@$150; 13 to 15½ hands $150@$170.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Hogs firm; common and light $4 20@$4 90; packing and butchers $4.60@$5 00.

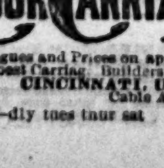
Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 26—Eggs—8@9c. Butter—Jersey 25c; choice Tennessee 18@20c; other grade 12@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@27c; spring chickens, large 12½@18c; small 8@12½; cocks 20; ducks 25@27. Irish potatoes — $2.25@$2.50. Sweet Potatoes — None. Honey—Strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions —$.00@$3.25. Cabbage—1c.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, July 26 — Leather — Steady; G. D. 22@25c; P. D. 20@23; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 36@40c; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.

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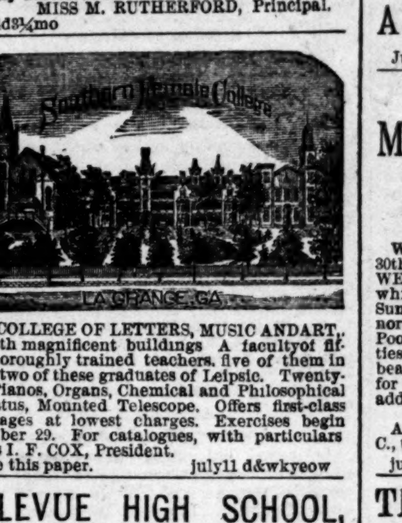
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If you cannot obtain these Whiskies from your Grocer, we will, on receipt of Bank Draft, Registered Letter, or Post Office Money Order, or C.O.D. if desired, deliver them to your address, by Express, charges prepaid, to all points east of the Mississippi river; and by freight to any part of the U. S. (prepaid).

For EXCELLENCE, PURITY and EVENNESS OF QUALITY, the above are Unsurpassed by any Whiskies in the market. They are entirely FREE FROM ADULTERATION, and possess a natural flavor and fine tonic properties.

These Whiskies are sold under guarantee to give perfect satisfaction; otherwise to be returned at our expense. Correspondence solicited.

H.&H.W. CATHERWOOD
114 So. Front St., PHILADELPHIA.
NEW YORK OFFICE—43 SOUTH WILLIAM ST.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SEASON OPENS JULY 1ST.

HAYWOOD WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
WAYNESVILLE, N. C.
"The Loveliest Spot in all God's Wonderland of Beauty."

New three-story brick hotel, 170 feet long, with verandahs 12 feet wide and 250 feet long. House handsomely furnished, Everything new, bright and clean. Accommodations in every department strictly first-class.

Mount Mitchell Hotel,
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.,

Situated on the Western North Carolina railway, near the foot of Mount Mitchell or "Mitchell's Peak, the highest land in America east of the Rocky Mountains. The Mount Mitchell hotel is under the same management as the Haywood White Sulphur. Every possible effort will be made to make the Mount Mitchell the most popular hotel in western North Carolina. For further information, address J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE,
top sum r Waynesville, N. C.

THE BURNHAM HOUSE,

A SELECT FAMILY HOTEL, 126 AND 128 FIFTH avenue, corner of 18th street, New York.
G. V. HOUSE, M. D., Manager.
June 5—1m sat tue th

THE NEW
Mountain Park Hotel,
Hot Springs, N. C.,
(Formerly Warm Springs.)

Will be opened for the reception of guests June 30th. This hotel is situated in the mountains of WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA, the altitude of which is the highest east of the Rocky mountains. Summer atmosphere cool and pleasant as at any northern resort. Hot Baths and Warm Swimming Pools cannot be excelled for health-giving qualities and pleasure. Walks and drives through the beautiful mountain scenery, and other facilities for amusement unsurpassed. For full particulars address B. P. CHATFIELD, Proprietor,
Hot Springs, N. C.

Also proprietor Highland Park Hotel, Aiken, S. C., the popular winter resort.
jun29-tues thur sat. eod 1m.

THE NEW YORK HOTEL
NEW YORK CITY.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAS BEEN COMPLETELY renovated and 100 rooms added, making its present capacity five hundred guests.

Conducted on both the American and European plans. A Restaurant of superior excellence, supplies meals a la carte. Price of rooms, with board, from $3 per day; without board, from $1 per day and upwards.

Broadway cars pass the hotel.
SPECIAL RATES TO PERMANENT GUESTS.
tues thur sa H. CRANSTON.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC Boston, Mass.

THE LARGEST and BEST EQUIPPED in the WORLD—100 Instructors, 2005 Students last year. Thorough Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano and Organ Tuning, Fine Arts, Oratory, Literature, French, German and Italian Languages, English Branches, Gymnastics, etc. Tuition, $5 to $20; board and room with Steam Heat and Electric Light, $45 to $75 per term. Fall Term begins September 9, 1886. For Illustrated Calendar, with full information, address, E. TOURJEE, Dir., Franklin Sq., BOSTON, Mass.
jly3—a tu th 3m&wky eow 6t

ROANOKE COLLEGE.
IN THE VIRGINIA MOUNTAINS.

Classical and Scientific Courses for degrees. Also Business and Preparatory Courses. Special attention to English. French and German spoken. Library 16,000 volumes. Best moral and religious influences. Expenses for nine months $149. $176 or $204 (including tuition, board, etc.) Increasing patronage from 15 States, Indian Territory and Mexico. Thirty-Fourth Session begins Sept. 15th. For catalogue (with view of grounds, buildings and mountains) address JULIUS D. DREHER, Pres't, Salem, Virginia tues thu sat

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY

Seven distinct departments; Academic, Engineering, Biblical, Law, Pharmacy, Medical, Dental. Free tuition to students in Theology and Manual Technology. Catalogue sent free on application to WILS WILLIAMS, Secretary, Nashville, Tenn. sat tues thu wky

Staunton Female Seminary, Staunton, Va. REV. JAMES WILLIS, A. M., Principal. Beautiful and healthy location. Superior teachers in every department. French and German spoken. Send for Catalogue.
jy6t-tues, thu&sat

PREPARATORY SCHOOL
FOR LEHIGH UNIVERSITY,
Bethlehem, - - - - Pennsylvania.

Recommended by Robert A. Lamberton, LL.D., President of Lehigh University. Prepares young men for Lehigh University, one of the most excellent technical institutions of the east, and so richly endowed that it offers free tuition to all,
Apply to W. ULRICH, Ph D., Principal.
tues thu sat

DR. WARD'S SEMINARY,
Nashville, Tenn. Real Southern Home for Girls, 250 Girls this year. A non-sectarian school. Patronized by men of liberal minds in all Churches. Unsurpassed in Music, Art, and Languages. For Catalogue address DR. W. E. WARD.
Name this name. june22—tues thur sat

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
Madison Square,
NEW YORK,

The Largest, Best Appointed and Most Liberal Managed Hotel in the city, with the Most Central and Delightful Location.

Hitchcock, Darling & Co.

HIRAM HITCHCOCK, Formerly St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans.	A. B. DARLING, Formerly Battle House, Mobile.

may27—d3m thu sat tue

SEASON, 1886.

The Oconee White Sulphur Springs

WILL BE OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF guests June 15th, under competent management. Resident physician and Western Union telegraph office in the Hotel. The Air-Line Belle now runs to Lula. For terms address
OCONEE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS CO.,
tues fri sun Bowdre P. O., Hall county, Ga.

The Niagara of the South
Tallulah Falls, Ga.,

ON THE PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. THE CLIFF House and Cottages now open under new management. For rooms and information apply to F. H. & F. B. Scofield, proprietors, late of hotel Kaaterskill, Catskill Mountains, N. Y., and Leland hotel, Chicago. sun tues thr—1m.

THE STOCKTON,
CAPE MAY, N. J.,

Opened June 30th, under he management of HENRY CLAIR, late of Grand Union hotel, Saratoga Springs.

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

FOR SALE BY
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, DRUGGISTS,
Cor. Pryor and Decatur Sts., Atlanta, Ga.

Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and men from all parts of the country.
call on this paper. oct8—d1l tue thu sat

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.



VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT VIA MONTGOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans without change.

Through time table in effect July 19th, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 4. Daily except Sunday.
L've Atlanta	1 15 pm	11 30 pm	4 25 pm
Lv. Fairburn	1 59 pm	12 30 am	5 56 pm
" Palmetto	2 12 pm	12 45 am	6 23 pm
" Newnan	2 39 pm	1 19 am	7 23 pm
" Grantville	3 07 pm	1 53 am	8 15 pm
" LaGrange	3 47 pm	2 41 am	9 40 pm
" West Point	4 20 pm	3 32 am	....
" Opelika	5 08 pm	4 30 am	....
Ar. Columbus, Ga.	6 31 pm	11 55 am	....
Ar. Montgomery	7 20 pm	7 00 am	....
Ar. Pensacola	5 15 am	2 30 pm	....
" Mobile	2 30 am	2 10 pm	....
" New Orleans	7 20 am	7 30 pm	....

SELMA DIVISION.

	No. 2. †	No. 12.††	No. 54.*
Lv. Montgomery	5 00 am	8 45 am	8 20 am
Ar. Selma	7 30 am	12 30 pm	10 50 am
Lv. Selma	....	1 05 pm	10 55 am
" Greensboro	....	4 44 pm	1 10 pm
Ar. Akron	....	6 00 pm	2 05 pm

TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q & C. ROUTE.

Lv. Akron	7 09 pm
Ar. Meridian	11 15 pm
Lv. Meridian	11 30 pm
Ar. Jackson	4 22 am
Ar. Vicksburg	6 50 am
Lv. Vicksburg	7 20 am
Ar. Monroe	1 40 pm
Ar. Shreveport	6 35 pm

	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 3. Daily except Sunday.
Lv. New Orleans	7 00 pm	7 45 am	....
" Mobile	12 20 am	1 05 pm	....
Lv. Pensacola	10 20 pm	7 05 am	....
Lv. Selma	....	5 00 pm	....
Lv. Montgomery	8 20 am	9 30 pm	....
Lv. Columbus	8 20 am	10 50 pm	....
Lv. Opelika	10 35 am	12 50 am	....
" West Point	11 21 am	1 42 am	3 17 am
" LaGrange	11 50 am	2 14 am	4 17 am
" Hogansville	12 14 n'n	2 47 am	5 02 am
" Grantville	12 27 n'n	3 01 am	5 31 am
" Newnan	12 54 pm	3 31 am	6 30 am
" Palmetto	1 20 pm	4 00 am	7 20 am
" Fairburn	1 32 pm	4 13 am	7 42 a
Ar. Atlanta	2 25 pm	5 00 am	8 55 am

* Sunday only.
†Daily except Sunday.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeper, Atlanta to New Orleans without change.

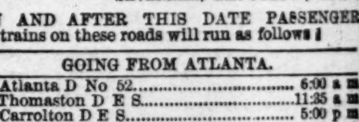
No. 52, Pullman Buffet sleeper Washington to Montgomery; local sleeper Atlanta to Montgomery; Parlor car Montgomery to New Orleans.

No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeper New Orleans to Atlanta.

No. 53, Pullman Buffet sleeper Montgomery to Washington; local sleeper Montgomery to Atlanta.

T. F. McCANDLESS, Passenger Agent, No. 9 Pryor street, Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
A. J. ORME, General Agent,
CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent,
CECIL GABBETT, General Manager,
Montgomery, Alabama.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.



All trains of this system are run by Central (90th Meridian time).

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 27, 1886.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE PASSENGER trains on these roads will run as follows:

GOING FROM ATLANTA.

Lv. Atlanta D No 52	6:00 a m
Ar. Thomaston D E S	11:35 a m
" Carrolton D E S	5:00 p m
" Macon D No 52	9:30 a m
" Augusta D No 17	4:30 p m
" Savannah D No 52	4:07 p m
" Jacksonville	8:55 a m
" Perry D E S No 21	12:00 a m
" Fort Gaines D E S No 27	4:28 p m
" Blakely D E S No 25	6:58 p m
" Albany D No 25	2:45 p m
" Eufaula D No 1	3:58 p m
" Columbus D No 5	2:25 p m
" Montgomery D No 1	7:23 p m
Lv. Atlanta D No 2	3:10 p m
Ar. Thomaston D E S	7:15 p m
" Carrollton	
" Macon D No 2	7:00 p m
" Augusta	
" Savannah	
" Jacksonville D	8:55 a m
" Perry D E S No 28	9:10 p m
" Fort Gaines	
" Blakeley	
" Albany D No 3	11:10 p m
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
Lv. Atlanta D No 54	6:30 p m
Ar. Thomaston	
" Carrollton	
" Macon D No 54	10:40 p m
" Augusta	
" Savannah D No 54	6:30 a m
" Jacksonville D	12 noon
" Perry D E S No 21	12:00 p m
" Fort Gaines E D S No 27	4:28 p m
" Blakeley D E S No 25	6:53 p m
" Albany D No 25	2:45 p m
" Eufaula D No 1	3:58 p m
" Columbus D No 5	2:25 p m
" Montgomery D No 1	7:23 p m

Sleeping cars on No 54, Atlanta, to Savannah through sleeping and sitting cars on No 2 to Jacksonville via Albany and Waycross. Passengers for Wrightsville, Louisville and Sylvania, Ga., take train No. 52. Trains Nos. 2 and 52 make close connection at Albany with trains of S F & W Ry for Southwest Georgia and Florida points. Train No 2 connects at Albany with B & W R R. Trains 52 and 54 connect at Savannah with S F & W R'y for all Florida points.

COMING TOWARDS ATLANTA.

Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D	7:20 p m
" Jacksonville via Albany	
" Savannah D No 51	8:40 a m
" Albany D No 26	12:00 m
" Blakeley D E S No 26	8:00 a m
" Fort Gaines D E S No 28	10:05 a m
" Perry D E S No 22	3:00 p m
" Eufaula D No 2	10:55 a m
" Columbus D No 6	12:00 m
" Montgomery D No 2	7:40 a m
" Augusta D No 18	10:25 a m
" Macon D No 51	5:40 p m
" Thomaston	
" Carrollton D	5:00 a m
Ar. Atlanta D	9:30 p m
Lv Jacksonville via Savannah D	8:20 p m
" Jacksonville via Albany	
" Savannah D No 53	8:20 p m
" Albany No 4	5:40 a m
" Blakeley	
Fort Gaines	
" Perry	
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
" Augusta	
" Macon D No 53	3:35 a m
" Thomaston	
" Carrollton	
Ar. Atlanta D No 53	7:32 a m
Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D	
" Jacksonville via Atlanta D	7:32 p m
" Savannah	
" Albany D	5:40 a m
" Blakely	
" Fort Gaines	
" Perry D E S No 24	7:35 a m
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
" Macon D No 1	9:45 a m
" Thomaston D E S No 34	8:30 a m
" Carrollton	
Ar. Atlanta D No 1	1:35 p m

Sleeping cars on trains from Savannah to Macon and Atlanta to Augusta. Connection at Atlanta with all diverging roads to eastern and western points and local stations. Through sleeping and sitting cars on train leaving Jacksonville at 7:20 p m., via Waycross, Atlanta and Macon. D—Daily. D E S—daily except Sunday. Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union depot thirty minutes prior to leaving of all trains.

WM. ROGERS, Gen'l Sup't, Savannah, Ga.
T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga.
W. T. SHELLMAN, Traffic Manager.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, G. P. A., Savannah, Ga.
R. SCHMIDT, Atlanta, Ga.

A AND NEW ORLEANS
HORT LINE.



AND SHREVEPORT VIA MONT-GOMERY.

erating double daily trains and Pull-eeping Cars between Atlanta and ithout change.

me table in effect July 18th, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 4. Daily except Sunday.
	1 15 pm	11 30 pm	4 25 pm
	1 59 pm	12 30 am	5 55 pm
	2 12 pm	12 45 am	6 23 pm
	2 39 pm	1 19 am	7 23 pm
	3 07 pm	1 53 am	8 15 pm
	3 47 pm	2 41 am	9 40 pm
	4 26 pm	3 32 am	.....
Ga.	5 08 pm	4 30 am	.....
	6 31 pm	11 55 am	.....
y	7 20 pm	7 00 am	.....
	8 15 am	2 30 pm	.....
s	2 30 am	2 10 pm	.....
	7 20 am	7 30 pm	.....

SELMA DIVISION.

	No. 2.	No. 12.	No. 54.
ry	5 00 am	8 45 am	8 20 am
	7 30 am	12 30 pm	10 50 am
		1 05 pm	10 55 am
		4 44 pm	1 10 pm
		6 00 pm	2 05 pm

VEPORT VIA Q. & C. ROUTE.

			7 09 pm
			11 15 pm
			11 30 pm
			4 22 am
			6 50 am
			7 20 am
			1 40 pm
			6 35 pm

	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 3. Daily except Sunday.
ns	7 00 pm	7 45 am	.....
	12 20 am	1 05 pm	.....
	10 20 pm	7 05 am	.....
		5 00 pm	.....
y	8 20 am	9 30 pm	.....
	8 20 am	10 50 pm	.....
	10 35 am	12 50 am	.....
	11 21 am	1 42 am	3 17 am
	11 50 am	2 14 am	4 17 am
	12 14 n'n	2 47 am	5 02 am
	12 27 n'n	3 01 am	5 31 am
	12 54 pm	3 31 am	6 30 am
	1 20 pm	4 00 am	7 20 am
	1 32 pm	4 13 am	7 42 a
	2 25 pm	5 00 am	8 55 am

Sunday.

ROUGH CAR SERVICE.

an Buffet sleeper, Atlanta to New
change.
an Buffet sleeper Washington to
cal sleeper Atlanta to Montgom-
Montgomery to New Orleans.
an Buffet sleeper New Orleans to

an Buffet sleeper Montgomery to
cal sleeper Montgomery to Atlanta.
LESS, A. J. ORME,
Agent, General Agent,
Pass. Agent, Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
MWELL, CECIL GABBETT,
ss. Agent, General Manager.
ontgomery, Alabama.

Southwestern & Mont-
& Eufaula Railroads.



this system are run by Central
time).

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 27, 1886.

TER THIS DATE PASSENGER
ese roads will run as follows:

ING FROM ATLANTA.

No 52	6:00 a m
D E S	11:35 a m
E S	5:00 p m
o 52	9:30 a m
No 17	4:30 p m
D No 52	4:07 p m
e	8:55 a m
No 23	12:00 a m
D E S No 27	4:28 p m
E S No 25	6:53 p m
No 25	2:45 p m
No 1	3:58 p m
D No 5	2:25 p m
y D No 1	7:28 p m
No 2	3:10 p m
D E S	7:15 p m
o 2	7:00 p m
le D	8:55 a m
e No 23	9:10 p m
s	
No 3	11:10 p m
y	
No 54	6:50 p m
No 54	10:40 p m
D No 54	6:30 a m
le D	12 noon
s No 23	12:00 p m
s E D S No 27	4:28 p m
E S No 25	6:53 p m
o 25	2:45 p m
No 1	3:58 p m
9 No 5	2:25 p m
y D No 1	7:28 p m

s on No 54, Atlanta, to Savannah
g and sitting cars on No 2 to Jack-
pany and Waycross. Passengers for
ouisville and Sylvania, Ga., take
rains Nos. 2 and 52 make close con
ny with trains of S F & W Ry for
rgia and Florida points. Train No
bany with B & W R R. Trains 52
at Savannah with S F & W Ry for
nts.

NG TOWARDS ATLANTA.

e via Savannah D	7:20 p m
e via Albany	
D No 51	8:40 a m
o 25	12:00 m
E S No 26	8:00 a m
D E S No 28	10:05 a m
No 22	3:00 p m
No 2	10:55 a m
D No 6	12:00 m
y D No 2	7:40 a m
o 18	10:25 a m
o 51	5:40 p m
	5:00 a m
	9:30 p m
e via Savannah D	6:20 p m
e via Albany	
D No 53	8:20 p m
y No 53	15:40 a m
o 56	8:35 a m
o 58	7:32 a m
e via Savannah D	7:32 p m
	5:40 a m
No 24	7:35 a m
	9:45 a m
D E S No 34	8:30 a m
o 2	1:35 p m

on trains from Savannah to Macon
Augusta. Connection at Atlanta
ing roads to eastern and western
stations. Through sleeping and
ain leaving Jacksonville at 7:20 p
s, Atlanta and Macon. D—Daily,
cept Sunday. Tickets for all points
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ior to leaving of all trains.
ERS, Gen'l Sup't, Savannah, Ga.
E, Sup't S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga.
LLMAN, Traffic Manager. Atlanta, Ga.
TEHEAD, G. P. A., Savannah, Ga.
UT, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, JULY 27.

MEETINGS—
GATE CITY GUARD AT ARMORY AT 8 P. M.
FULTON COUNTY DELEGATES AT 35½ SOUTH BROAD STREET AT 9 A. M.
CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS AT 9 A. M.
CAUCUS OF GUBERNATORIAL DELEGATES AT 7:30 P. M.
IN THE COURTS—
T. C. MAYSON'S TRIAL IN POLICE COURT AT 10 A. M.
THE MILLIGAN-GALLUCHAT CASE IN POLICE COURT AT 10 A. M.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Pencil Paragraphs Caught On the Fly By The Constitution Reporters.

AT HALF PAST SEVEN.—Tonight, at half past seven o'clock, the Gordon delegates will caucus in rooms 102 and 104 Kimball house.

BE ON TIME.—The Fulton county delegates and alternates to the gubernatorial convention are requested to meet at the Gordon headquarters, 35½ South Broad street, at 9 a. m. this morning to attend to important business.

AT BEREAN CHURCH.—The ladies aid society of Berean church gave an entertainment at the church last night, which was largely attended. The concert feature of the entertainment was excellent, while the [illegible]d cakes were delicious. The entertainment was a success financially.

THE FIRST GEORGIA.—Members of the First Regiment, Georgia volunteers, who desire to attend the reunion at Forsyth on August 5 should report their names to Mr. Harry Krouse the secretary, who will furnish certificates entitling members to go on one fare.

THE CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS.—The board of capitol commissioners will meet at 9 o'clock this morning, on the grounds of the new capitol. Architect Eddbrook will be present. Superintendent Champain, who is sick at Columbus, has written the governor that he is slowly recovering.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.—The award of the public printing will be made on Tuesday, the 2d of August. The board that makes the award is composed of the secretary of state, the comptroller general and the treasurer. A meeting will be held Friday, when the bids will be opened and examined.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.—Yesterday Collector Crenshaw awarded the contracts for supplies for the custom house. A large number of bids were made and the prices varied materially. After carefully considering all the bids, the contracts were awarded as follows: Coal, J. C. Wilson, Atlanta; ice, Atlanta City Brewing company; gas, Atlanta Gas Light company; miscellaneous, John Wanamaker, Philadelphia.

THEY ARE STILL BEGGING.—Another petition for a connecting link between Pratt and Terry streets, was being carried around yesterday. Recently the general council has passed upon two petitions for the opening of these two streets and denied both. In order to connect the two streets the Georgia railroad and the Richmond and Danville railroad tracks would have to be crossed and the work would prove quite expensive.

THE SAME OLD PLACE.—Yesterday John R. Cole, of Paulding county, was brought in by Deputy Marshal McDonald, charged with illicit removing, concealing and working. Cole was carried before Commissioner Haight and gave bond. When Deputy Marshal McDonald gets real hard up he goes into Paulding county, and when he goes there he never misses fire. This makes about the twentieth man he has brought from that county.

BURIED AT LULA.—The remains of Conductor Jessie Robinson were laid to rest in the cemetery at Lula yesterday. Conductor Robinson's illness was very brief, Just one week ago tomorrow, he was taken sick while out on his run and brought to Atlanta. At first his illness was not considered serious, but Friday last he began to grow worse, and death ensued Saturday night. Conductor Robinson was well known along the line of the road, and was universally liked.

HE IS HOME.—Major C. T. Watson, deputy grand commander of the Knights Templar, of Georgia, has returned from St. Louis, where he went last week to make arrangements for the accommodation of the grand commandery and subordinate commandries of this state during the triennial conclave of the knights of the United States in September next. Major Watson says that the grandest and most extensive preparations are being made for the event.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. — The State Horticultural society will meet at Fort Valley, tomorrow morning. It will remain in session two days. Many of the prominent horticulturists of the state will be present and participate in the proceedings. Among those who will attend from Atlanta are Mr. W. P. Robinson, Mr. Clark Cole, Dr. S. Hape, Mr. Charles Deckner, Mr. W. D. Beatie, Mr. V. E. Lambert, Mr. J. C. Bucher, Mr. L. M. Cassels, Mr. H. M. Sessions, Colonel R. J. Redding and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Emery.

TAX DIGESTS.—Comptroller General Wright received yesterday the following tax digests: Wilkes county, showing an increase over last year of $23,000; Crawford county, a decrease of $31,671; Glasscock county, an increase of $24,309; Thomas county, an increase of $271,195; Franklin county, an increase of $71,327, and Banks county, a decrease of $2,532. The digest of Wilkes county, prepared by Tax Collector Boyce Ficklin, is a beautiful specimen of the penman's art. It reached the comptroller general's office tied with a blue ribbon.

A RECEPTION.—Last night, at the Capital City club, Mr. Alton Angier gave an informal reception complimentary to General John M. Corse and Mr. T. De Thulstrup. The occasion was a most delightful one. In addition to the gentlemen in whose honor the reception was given, the following guests were present: Governor McDaniel, Major Livingston Mims, Captain Harper, Mr. Joseph Thompson, Mr. L. J. Hill, Captain R. J. Lowry, Major C. T. Watson, Mr. Charles W. Cranshaw, Captain Evan P. Howell, Mr. H. W. Grady, Mr. Clarence Knowles, Mr. Julius L. Brown, Mr. W. R. Hill, and Dr. George W. Harris.

TO MAKE A GOVERNOR.—Yesterday quite a number of delegates to the state nominating convention arrived. Most of them were from Forsyth, Clinch and Jefferson counties. Today and tonight the remainder of the delegates will come in, and tomorrow, at noon, the convention will assemble in the hall of the house of representatives. The Gordon delegates will find their headquarters in rooms 102 and 104 Kimball house, where everything necessary to their comfort has been provided. At half past seven tonight the delegates will caucus in their rooms, and every delegate is requested to be present. The Kimball house ball room has been engaged by the Bacon delegates, and it is understood that they will caucus at the same hour.

THE WHISKY CASES.—In every one of the cases before Recorder Anderson for a violation of the city ordinance to enforce prohibition, a petition for certiorari was presented to Judge H. H. Clark, and in each and all the cases, he refuses the writ. Then bills of exception to his judgment of refusal were presented for his signature, which he signed. The filing of the same with the clerk, giving bond and security and paying costs to him, operated by the law to supersede the sentences passed by Recorder Anderson. The cases will be determined by the supreme court early in October. If the writs of certiorari had been granted, the decision of the supreme court would have been postponed until the spring term of that court.

WITH A HORSEWHIP.

MR. CLINTON GALLUCHAT ASSAILS MR. CLYDE MILLIGAN.

On Account of Alleged Slanderous Reports, a Baltimore Cigar Salesman Attempts to Horsewhip the Bookkeeper for the Atlanta Elevator Company—In Police Court.

M. Clinton Galluchat, a local salesman for a Baltimore cigar house, struck Clyde Milligan, bookkeeper for the Atlanta elevator company, across the shoulders and face once or twice yesterday morning with a buggy whip.

This morning both men will appear in police court to answer the charge of disorderly conduct.

The trial promises to be quite a sensational one, and may be only the second chapter in the unpleasant affair as both men have sworn to take good care of themselves. The affray occurred about twelve o'clock, near Mr. John Silvey's new residence, on Marietta, and

ATTRACTED QUITE A CROWD.

Mr. Galluchat went to work for the Atlanta elevator company last August, and continued in their service until last Monday, when he accepted a position with a Baltimore cigar house. While he was with the elevator company he and Mr. Milligan were necessarily together a great deal, but, from all reports, they did not agree very well. Soon after Mr. Galluchat left the elevator company he was informed that Mr. Milligan had been talking about him, and this is what led to the trouble yesterday. About ten o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Galluchat heard of something that Mr. Milligan had said or was

REPRESENTED TO HAVE SAID,

about him. Just what that remark was no one seems to know and neither of the parties interested are disposed to tell. Immediately after hearing the remark, Mr. Galluchat declared that he would horse-whip Mr. Milligan, and went to a livery stable, where he secured a whip, and where he repeated his threat. He then started out Marietta street towards the elevator, hoping to encounter Mr. Milligan on his way to dinner. Mr. Milligan, on leaving the elevator, usually walks out Spring street to Marietta, and soon after Mr. Galluchat reached the corner, he observed

THE BOOKKEEPER COMING,

and approached him. When within a few feet of each other the two men stopped, and a few words passed between them in an ordinary tone of voice. No one passing had any idea that they were quarreling or that trouble was brewing, but in a short time Mr. Galluchat suddenly raised the buggy whip in the air and brought it down over Mr. Milligan. The lick was a hard one, and attracted the attention of passers-by. The lick seemed to have been a surprise to Mr. Milligan, for Mr. Galluchat had the whip in the air again before any effort was made to resist the second lick. The

WHIP CAME DOWN,

and as it came, Mr. Milligan grabbed it. Then a fierce struggle for the whip ensued. Mr. Milligan, though having but one good hand, proved to be quite strong, and after a warm struggle secured the whip. He then stooped down, and picking up a large stone, was in the act of throwing it at Mr. Galluchat, when the latter drew a pistol and threatened to shoot if the rock was thrown. The entire affair up to this point had been so quick that no one could interfere, but when the pistol was drawn, several persons rushed up, and either by persuasion or force, secured Mr. Galluchat's pistol. The two

BELLIGERENTS WERE THEN SEPARATED

and finally went about their business. Intelligence of the trouble spread quite fast, and soon after both parties had left Patrolman Noland heard of it and started out to find them. Mr. Milligan, however, had gone to police headquarters and made complaint against Mr. Galluchat, charging him with assault and battery and with carrying concealed weapons. A city case was then made by the officer in charge against Mr. Milligan and his name was entered on the city docket. Soon after Mr. Milligan left Mr. Galluchat heard that the officers were searching for him and went to police headquarters, where

A CITY CASE WAS BOOKED

against him too. He was also notified that warrants charging him with assault and with carrying concealed weapons had been sworn out, and that he would be compelled to give bond in each case. He was then placed in the corridor in front of the cells and locked up until he could secure bondsmen, which he did in the course of an hour, after which he was released.

Mr. Milligan is well known in Atlanta, and has a great many friends. He declines to say much about the matter, his only statement being that Mr. Galluchat had been discharged from the elevator company and that he held him responsible for his discharge. He denies having slandered his adversary or any one else. Mr. Milligan has always been a quiet, inoffensive man, and has a host of friends in Atlanta. He says that when Mr. Galluchat attacked him he was unarmed, and that he was struck with the but end of the whip and not with the lash end. He further states that when he wrenched the whip from Mr. Galluchat he started to hit him across the face with it when the pistol was drawn.

MR. GALLUCHAT'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Galluchat does not talk freely about the trouble, either, and says that the trial will show that he was justified in doing as he did. He says, however:

"That fellow Milligan has most infamously slandered me, and in duty to myself I was compelled to take the steps I did. He has four fingers off of one hand, and on that account I would not use any more dangerous violence on him, but thought it best only to cowhide him, which I did effectually. I ask those in whose presence he has spoken despairingly of me to pay no attention to what he has said, as his statements are without foundation in fact. That is all I care to say."

"What was the nature of the slanders he has uttered against you?"

"I don't care to say anything about them."

"Mr. Milligan says the only reason he knows for your attack is that you consider him in some way to blame for your discharge from the elevator company. Is that true?"

"It is entirely false. That had nothing to do with the affair whatever. In justice to Mr. Milligan I will state that he had nothing whatever to do with my leaving the elevator company. I had a contract with them for a year; my time had expired; they had shut down the elevator and were closing up the business. That was in no way connected with today's difficulty. He had outraged me in a manner I was obliged to resent, and I did so. The cause of the trouble will be made known at the trial tomorrow. In the meantime I have nothing further to say."

Mr. Galluchat is a native Carolinian and has been in Atlanta about four years. He was once a member of the Atlanta fire department and has a great many friends in the city.

Only the Genuine,

Inferior articles are never counterfeited, but when anything with real merit is brought before the people, unscrupulous and designing men are ready to produce something to mislead the public and fill their pockets with ill-gotten gains. The market is now flooded with base imitations of the "Genuine Grand Republic Cigarros," which has a world reputation which has grown in public favor since the first box was put upon the market. In order to prevent customers from being duped by these imitations, George P. Lies & Co., the manufacturers, have placed a red seal on each box, with the number of their factory, two hundred, printed on it. There is none genuine without this seal. The old reliable tobacconists, W. A. Russell & Co., of this city, are the wholesale agents. Those who have tried the Republic Cigarros will use no other.

GRANT PARK ITEMS.

The music is the best in the city.

The band plays three afternoons in the week, and on the other days from 7 to 10 p. m.

No improper characters are permitted in the park. The best order is preserved.

The street car service to the park is good. The first car goes out at 6 a. m., the last car leaves the park at 10 p. m.

The park is worth thousands of dollars as a health resort for the people of Atlanta.

"Red Lion" Elixir is perfectly harmless.

THE TRAMP BULLETIN.

A Few of the Many Gags of the Traveling Typos.

"These printers are queer cusses," said an attache of the composing room as he sauntered into the reporters' rooms last night, and perching himself on the horse editor's desk, nibbled at a sandwich.

"How's that?" asked the horse editor, as he laid aside his Havana.

"These printers, I say, are hard cases."

"Well, what about 'em?"

"Ever go down the corkscrew?"

"If you mean the rear steps, yes."

"Ever notice the printers' bulletin on the wall about half way down?"

"No."

"Well, it's worth looking at. Sunday while the rest of the boys were at Sunday school, I sat down and copied it."

"Where is it?"

"Here it is."

And the small man with a large sandwich handed the horse editor a piece of paper with the following:

"Off for Denver. Slug five can have my old shoes."—M. Quad.

"Would remain here, but am three weeks behind with my board."—Pica.

"Arrived Saturday, left Sunday. Town is too dry for me."—Richard W.

"When the town goes dry, telegraph me at your own expense at Chicago."—Slick.

"Have just arrived. The blackberry crop is good."—Denver.

"Boys, when you start out give Augusta liquor the shake."—Dick.

"Now," said the small man, "these are only a few. Nearly every typo who comes up those steps, pulls out his pencil and writes a line or two."

A Macon Man With Atlanta Ways.

Mr. J. C. King, late of the large and prosperous wholesale liquor firm of Campbell, Tindall & Co., who has just purchased an interest in the large, prosperous and old established wholesale and manufacturing establishment of Mr. F. G. Hancock, corner of Broad and Alabama streets, this city, is said by his old partners and friends at Macon to be a young man of great vim and energy, fine judgment and excellent address, and a great salesman on the road, with hosts of friends all over middle and lower Georgia. He will travel a large portion of the time, and doubtless increase very largely the popular and rapidly growing business so successfully established here by Mr. F. G. Hancock so many years ago. This house has stood up like a rock amidst panics, depression, shrinkage, etc. Their establishment is one of the largest and most complete in the southern states, and we predict for the new firm a full measure of success, and we extend to Mr. King a hearty and cordial welcome in coming to Atlanta. We need all just such men, wide-awake, lively and progressive, and have room for them all. Mr. Hancock has always been very enterprising, but with Mr. King's valuable aid we think the new firm of Hancock & King will enter upon a broader and more prosperous field than ever.

The Grant Park.

The music at the park is now rendered by Professor Charles Wurm's band, consisting of Professor Charles Wurm, cornet; C. A. Lilly, first violin; Frank Lilly, clarionet; Professor Wisenfield, piano; E. C. Ford, bass violin. To enable all to enjoy the music, the band plays on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 7 to 10 p. m., and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 3 to 7 p. m. Street cars leave union depot, at Pryor street, every fifteen minutes. The last car leaves the park at 10 p. m.

If extra cars for special parties are wanted, telephone No. 36, to G. S. Hanleiter, superintendent.

The 7,000 rolls of Wall Paper just received at Mauck's brings the people;

"Taper Off"

on "Red Lion" Elixir.

If you want to spend a pleasant and profitable week or month go at once to Oconee White Sulphur springs, Hall county, Ga.

"Red Lion" Elixir for pains in the bowels.

Quick and Easy Trip to Tate Springs.

You can leave Atlanta in the morning and take supper at Tate's, or leave Atlanta in the evening and take breakfast at Tate spring. Tate spring baggageman meets you on train above Knoxville. sun tu thur—6t

The guests at Oconee White Sulphur springs are the best satisfied company of people we know of.

"Red Lion" Elixir is 25c, 50c and $1 a bottle

Urethral Stricture Cured.

Cure permanent. No cutting nor dilation.
B. W. TUTHILL.
Box 154, Atlanta, Ga.

Try "Red Lion" Elixir.

For health and pleasure go to Oconee White Sulphur springs, Hall county, Ga.

"Red Lion" Elixir is just what you need.

West End Property.

I will sell a bargain on long time or lease for a term of years a large lot and brand new elegantly finished seven room cottage close to end of street car. Call and see me.
G. W. ADAIR.

"Red Lion" Elixir for indigestion and dyspepsia.

The Oconee White Sulphur Springs is in full blast, and its management, this season, is most excellent.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is the debilitated woman's best restorative tonic.

"Red Lion" Elixir for OLD FOLKS and those weakened by sickness.

The cleanest, coolest and most comfortable summer resort is the Oconee White Sulphur springs, Hall county, Ga.

"Red Lion" Elixir for the bowels and stomach.

All trains stop in front of the Cliff house and cottages at Tallulah Falls, the Niagara of the south. tu th

"Red Lion" Elixir for rigors and general debility.

See that your R. R. ticket reads Oconee White Sulphur springs, Hall county, Ga.

West India Island Parrots.

My second shipment of parrots are all very likely birds, and will all learn to talk very fast if you take pains and teach them the same as you do a young child. Teach them one word or one name at a time. There is quite a number here in the city I sold two years ago, that could not be bought now for one hundred dollars. Price $6.00 each. For sale at the
1w READING ROOM, 22 Marietta St.

Ask your druggist to show you "Red Lion" Elixir.

Check your trunk to Oconee White Sulphur, Hall county, Georgia.

"Red Lion" Elixir for diarrhœa and bowel complaints.

Jewelry.

STILSON
RELIABLE GOODS FAIR DEA
58 Whitehall Street,

Clothing.

MY STOCK FOR SP
IS COMPLETE IN A
FINE CLOTHING FOR ME
IN GREAT
The Largest Stock of Chi
GIVE ME
LARGE LINE SAMPLES FOR SUITS TO ORDER. GEOR

Tobacco, Etc.

ASK FOR AND USE DRUM
"S. T." Big Chunk an
BLUE RIBBON ON THEIR
THE ONLY GENUINE
BERG & FEYNN, MACON.
RIESER & STERN, SAVANNAH.
GUCKENHEIMER & SON, SAVANNAH.
FOLLIN BROS., CHARLESTON, S. C.
LORICK & LOWRANCE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

Artist's Materials.

You can get anything you want in Artist's material at
THORNTON & SELKIRK'S,
28 Whitehall St.
headquarters for
BLANK BOOKS,
FINE & COMMERCIAL
STATIONERY,
Pictures,
PICTURE FRAMES,
STRETCHERS, SCREENS, EASELS,

We invite special attention to our new line of Mouldings for frames, which we are selling at prices that cannot be duplicated in this city. Be sure and get our prices before buying elsewhere.
THORNTON & SELKIRK,
Successors to E. H. Thornton,
7p und mus n r m 28 Whitehall Street.

GATE CITY ICE COMPANY,
ATLANTA, GA.
ICE VAULT AND OFFICE,
Corner of Wall and Pryor sts.
Ice made from clear well water.

Jewelry.

JEWELER'
LING AND BOTTOM PRICES.
Atlanta, Georgia.

Clothing.

RING AND SUMMER
LL DEPARTMENTS.
N, BOYS AND CHILDREN
VARIETY.
ldren's Suits in the City.
A CALL.
GE MUSE,
38 Whitehall street.

Tobacco, Etc.

MOND'S "HORSE SHOE"
d Natural Leaf Tobacco,
MERITS AT NEW ORLEANS.
NATURAL LEAF.
TANNER, CURIER & HEATH, ATLANTA.
M. J. O'BRIEN & CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
H. W. PERRY & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
P & G, T. DODD, ATLANTA.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST

Why throw away your hard earned money when you can save from ten to twenty per cent by buying your
BOOTS AND SHOES
OF
R. C. BLACK,
35 WHITEHALL ST.
The goods offered and sold so remarkably cheap are in every respect New and Stylish.
The reasons why I can and do sell cheap is because I buy in large quantities, direct from the manufacturers for
SPOT CASH
and thereby save all discounts.
Do not give this a passing notice but call and see and you will be convinced that these are stubborn facts.
R. C. BLACK, 35 Whitehall St.,
ATLANTA, GA.
thu su tu 3m un ander

Clothing.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.



Greatest Inducement
EVER OFFERED IN ATLANTA
—IN—
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
SEE OUR PRICES:
Boys' Suits $ 3.00, former price $ 5.00.
Boys' Suits $ 4.00, former price $ 6.00.
Boys' Suits $ 5.00, former price $ 8.00.
Men's Suits $10.00, former price $15.00.
Men's Suits $12.00, former price $18.00.
Men's Suits $15.00, former price $20.00.
MEN'S PANTS, LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY!
THIN CLOTHING.
Underwear, Neckwear, Hosiery,
At prices that will pay you to come here and buy them.
JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 Whitehall St.

JUST RECEIVED
A large assortment of fine Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware, in the Newest Designs, which will be sold lower than ever. See my prices in the window.
A. F. PICKERT,
No. 5, Whitehall St.
7th page

CHAS. C. THORN,
118 WHITEHALL ST.,
—WILL SELL—
UNTIL SEPTEMBER 23,
Baker Rye Whisky, by the quart.
Gibson's Old Cabinet Whisky.
Genuine Imported Sherry.
Golden Gate Rye.
Genuine Imported French Brandy, a fine panacea in cases of sickness.
Muscatel and other wines.
Kentucky Pure Rye Whisky Worth $1.25 for 75 cts.
Parties out of the city can send P. O. order and their orders will be promptly filled.
I will give 3 cts. a piece for quart flint bottles. 7th p

The Southern Bivouac,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
"A good thing in itself, and a sign of promise."—The Literary World.
"Among the most interesting magazines that come to our table."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.
"It is a source of genuine pleasure to open Southern Bivouac these days."—Boston Herald.
"Has fallen in closely behind the three leading magazines of this country."—New Orleans Democrat.
FOR SALE BY ALL NEWSDEALERS

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I. Jefferson Davis at Home, Illustrated. E. Polk Johnson.
II. The Heritage of Hope, Robert Burns Wilson.
III. Okalalhoma, W. F. Gordon.
IV. Mistress Betsy Shepperd, Eli Shepperd.
V. Philopœna, Will Wallace Harney
VI. After the fall of Richmond, Basil W. Duke.
VII. Therenody (Paul H. Hayne), Alice Williams Brotherton.
VIII. How Father Ryan Died, Young E. Allison.
IX. Charles Gayarre, Paul H. Hayne.
X. The Famous Lafittes at Galveston, Charles Gayarre
XI. The Battle of Fredericksburg, with Map, J. H. Moore.
XII. The Execution of John Brown, J. T. L. Preston.
XIII. Homing Pigeons, George E. Walsh.
XIV. Southern Summer Resorts, Cæsar's Head and Lookout Mountain, Felix L. Oswald.
XV. Comment and Criticism.
XVI. Editor's Table.
XVII. Salmagundi.
Send 20 cents for Sample Copy.
One Year, $2. Six Months, $1.
Bound volume for the year ending May, 1886, sent on receipt of $3.

Fine music, good accommodations, splendid table and the best sulphur water in the southern states; all to be found at the Oconee White Sulphur springs, Hall county, Ga.

"Red Lion" Elixir for colic and cramps.

The Cliff house and cottages at Tallulah Falls are superior in all features and appointments, with large and handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite, running water on each floor, ladies' and gentlemen's bathrooms, etc. Connected with the house is a first class laundry. tu th

"Red Lion" Elixir is the "go."

D. N. FREEMAN & CO.

If you wish your Watch repaired by the most skilful workmen in the south and guaranteed by a first-class house, leave it with

D. N. FREEMAN & CO

For artistic monograms, crests and all kinds of engraving, send to

D. N. FREEMAN & CO

Who have undoubtedly the finest engravers in the Southern States.

You can have your Jewelry repaired by the best workmen, and all work guaranteed, by leaving same at

D. N. FREEMAN & CO., JEWELERS,
COR. ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL STREETS.
Sign of the Large Clock,
ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA

Preferred Locals.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED BY SKILLED WORKMEN FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW 31 Whitehall St

Cheapest Fruit Jars

In the state at McBRIDE'S.

Gate City Stone Filters,

JELLY TUMBLERS, FRUIT EVAPORATORS,

BALDWIN'S DRY-AIR REFRIGERATOR

SHOW CASES, CHINA GLASSWARE,

Etc., new and stylish goods.

AT McBRIDE'S.

THE WEATHER REPORT

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, July 26, 9:00 P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named.

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	29.80	77	73	......	......	.00	Clear.
Savannah	29.80	79	75	S	Light.	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	29.83	79	84	S W	15	.43	Cloudy.
Montgomery	29.77	82	71	SE	Light.	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	29.79	80	73	S	6	.06	Clear.
Galveston	29.80	82	76	S	13	.00	Clear.
Palestine	29.77	80	77	SE	Light.	.50	Cloudy.
Fort Smith	29.70	8[illegible]		......	......	.00	Clear.
Shreveport	29.74	83	74	N	6	—	Lt rain.
LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.							
6 a. m.	29.89	70	65	SE	7	.00	Clear.
10 a. m.	30.90	81	64	SE	8	.00	Clear.
2 p. m.	29.84	85	65	SE	9	.00	Clear,
6 p. m.	29.80	83	68	S	4	.00	Fair.
9 p. m.	29.81	78	66	S	5	.00	Clear.

Maximum ther. 86
Minimum ther. 68
Total rainfall .00

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—75th meridian.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Maximum Temp.	Minimum Temp.	Rainfall.
Atlanta, Ga.	86	68	.00
Anderson, S. C.	93	64	.00
Cartersville, Ga.	88	66	.00
Columbus, Ga.	89	72	.00
Chattanooga, Tenn.	87	67	.00
Gainesville, Ga.	90	65	.00
Greenville, S. C.	97	63	.00
Griffin, Ga.	88	69	.00
Macon, Ga.	89	69	.00
Newnan, Ga.	89	68	.00
Spartanburg, S. C.	92	65	.00
Toccoa, Ga.	88	64	.00
West Point, Ga.	90	70	.00

J. P. STEVENS, DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY. 47 Whitehall St.

MACHINE SHOP TOOLS

—FOR SALE AT—

A BARGAIN.

THE TOOLS NAMED IN THE LIST BELOW have been used but little and are as good as new. If not sold by September 1 they will be shipped north, for use in our own main factory. Tools and foundry fixtures can be seen at the

PIONEER MACHINE WORKS, Covington, Ga.,

by applying to Thomas Camp, Esq. For terms and prices apply to Malsby & Avery, agents, 81 Forsyth st., Atlanta, Ga., or write to Frick Company, Waynesboro, Pa.

IRON WORKING TOOLS.

1 Pulley Boring Machine (Niles Tool Works).
1 " Turning " " " "
1 18 inch Engine Lathe and Chuck (Ames).
1 15 inch Shaping Machine.
1 20x24 Planing Machine, 5 ft. table, (Enterprise).
1 24x24 " " 6 ft. " (McFarlin.)
1 32 inch Engine Lathe, 20 ft. bed, (Enterprise),
1 16 " " " 6 ft. " (McFarlin.)
1 1½ back geared Drill Press.
1 Lathe, medium size, (Putnam).

WOOD WORKING TOOLS.

1 Pattern Worker's Lathe.
1 Moulding Machine, woodworker.
1 Horizontal Borer.
1 square spindle Wood Shaper.

MISCELLANEOUS TOOLS AND FIXTURES.

Portable forges, lot of foundry and smith shop fixtures, for sale by FRICK COMPANY, Engineers, Waynesboro, Franklin county, Pa.
7th or 8th p 2m

G. S. MAY,

Successor to LaFontaine & May,

FINE WOOD MANTELS

Send for Catalogue and price list.
8p 139 WEST MITCHELL STREET.

CHAS. C. THORN, CHEAP CASH GROCER, 118 Whitehall street. Telephone 451.

11	pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
15	pounds Granulated Sugar	1 00
60	pounds Grits	1 00
60	pounds any Patent Flour	1 70
6	Cans Eagle Cond. Milk	1 00
15	pounds Head rice	1 00
20	pounds Fine Rice	1 00
	Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound	15
	Lemons, per dozen	25
	Water ground Meal, peck	15
	Dove Brand Hams, uncanvassed	11

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.

I will give three cents a piece for flint quart bottles.

Be sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.
8th page. tf CHAS. C. THORN.

Meetings.

Attention, Gate City Guard!

Attend an important meeting of your company at your armory this, Tuesday, evening at 8 o'clock. Let all the new members, as well as the old ones, come out in full force. By order

J. F. BURKE,
Captain Commanding.

W. J. KENDRICK,
First Sergeant.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce the name of WELLBORN BRAY as a candidate for the House of Representatives, subject to the action of the democratic party of Fulton county.

We have in stock the following sizes and weigh of book papers:

8	Rms.	22x34—35lb,	white, super.
40	"	24x38, 40lb,	" "
10	"	" 40lb,	toned "
90	"	" 35lb,	toned M. F.
25	"	" 35lb,	white "
16	"	" 50lb	" "
10	"	25x38 45lb,	" super.
20	"	" "	toned
30	"	" 50lb,	" "
10	"	" 60lb,	"
36	"	26x40, 45lb,	" M. F.
6	"	" "	white "
25	"	" 50lb,	" super.
20	"	" 60lb,	" "
18	"	" 55lb,	cr laid M. F.
30	"	28x42 60lb,	toned super.
21	"	" 65lb,	cr laid M. F.
35	"	assorted sizes and weights book pap	
115	"	assorted cover paper.	

CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE.

OFFICERS ON THE GO.

AND WHAT THEY FOUND TO DO YESTERDAY.

A Man Charged With Stealing Cattle Eighteen Months Ago Found on Decatur Street Yesterday and Arrested After a Long Chase—Two Negroes Charged With Larceny.

Archie Hiram Everett is the tripple poetic name of a negro confined in the city prison charged with cattle-stealing.

Everett was arrested yesterday morning.

About eighteen months ago William Page, the cattle buyer, was approached by a negro man who wanted to sell him a steer. The negro man gave his name as Wilson, and had the steer with him. The steer was in fair condition and was well worth eighteen dollars, the amount asked. Page, however, found that he did not have that much money with him., but agreed to pay Wilson one-half the amount and give him a due bill payable upon presentation for the balance. Wilson agreed to the proposition, and accepting the nine dollars in money and the due bill for nine dollars, left. A few days after the transaction a negro man presented the due bill to Page and asked for the money. The man was not the one to whom he had given it, and Page declined to pay it and never again heard of it. Several months after buying the steer Page heard that a man living near Decatur had lost a steer exactly like the one he had purchased from the darky and, upon visiting the man, and comparing notes, became satisfied that the steer the man had lost and the one he had purchased from Wilson were the same. Page then began watching for Wilson, but could not find him until yesterday, when he saw him on Decatur street. The instant Page saw the darky he recognized him and calling him by name asked him to come over. The darky recognized Page, too, but instead of coming to him broke away in the opposite direction. Page started after him and as he ran called up the people on the sidewalk to stop the fleeing darky. The race attracted a great deal of attention and created quite an excitement. Patrolman Phillips joined in the chase, and after a long race the darky was arrested and conducted to police headquarters. During the race two negroes attempted to prevent the arrest of the fugitive, and for their trouble were arrested themselves and conducted to police headquarters with Wilson. When the patrolman reached the city prison, Wilson gave his name as Archie Hiram Everett, and was booked for cow stealing. Several darkies who were attracted by the race identified him as Everett and not Wilson. The negro men who attempted to prevent Everett's arrest, gave their names as William Hughes and Augustus Early. They were booked for interfering with an officer in the discharge of his duty, and will be given a trial this morning in police court.

They Are Both Charged With Forgery.

John Bailey Smith and Charles Johnson, two darkies, are now behind the bars at the city prison charged with forgery. They were arrested yesterday by Detective Bedford and Special Officer Carlyle. Several days ago Charley Johnson entered Akers Bros'. place, on Mitchell street, and presented a note containing a check. The check purported to have been signed by Dr. B. M. Woolley, and was payable to I. P. Mayers, a Peters street merchant, and was drawn for twenty-three dollars. The note accompanying the check asked Messrs. Akers to send him ten dollars' worth of meal and to give the bearer thirteen dollars in money. The check was apparently good and the request contained in the note was complied with, and the check was subsequently deposited in Lowry's bank by Akers Bros. A few days ago Smith, who is indebted to Dr. Woolley for a piece of property, went to the doctor's office, and, presenting a check for twenty-six dollars, asked for a credit to that extent on the mortgage which the doctor held. The check bore the name of W. H. Gresham. Dr. Woolley suspected from the first that the check was a bad one, but accepted it. He then showed it to Chief Connolly and gave him an account of his possession of it. The chief handed the check to Detective Bedford, who began working the case up, and thereby came upon the check which Aker Brothers had accepted. This check Dr. Woolley pronounced a forgery, and on yesterday another check bearing his name was found. This too, was declared a forgery. In each one of the checks was a strong similarity in the handwriting. John Bailey Smith's hand seemed to be shown up in all the transactions, and yesterday he was arrested. Johnson seemed to be implicated with Smith, and was arrested too. Both prisoners assert that they have had nothing to do with the checks, and that they will be able to so show. The detectives, however, say that they will be able to establish that they have had a hand in disposing of all three of the checks.

A Small Boy With a Knife.

The police department is now looking for Tom Pryor, a young negro boy, who used his knife severely upon John Powell, a playmate. The difficulty between the boys occurred Sunday afternoon, but was not reported at police headquarters until yesterday morning, when the request for Pryor's arrest was made. On Sunday afternoon the two darkies were on Randolph street playing with a crowd. During the play Powell struck Pryor. The lick, though given in fun, made Pryor mad, and, drawing his knife he plunged it into Powell twice, making two bad wounds—one in the shoulder and one in the neck. Powell bled profusely and soon became too weak to walk. Pryor skipped out and Powell was placed in a hack and sent to his home, in the extreme western part of the city. His wounds are very painful.

Attempt to Rob a Newsboy.

Henry Williams, a ten-year-old newsboy, yesterday reported an attempt to murder and rob him, which was made on Sunday morning near the exposition grounds. He says he was met by two negroes, one grown and the other about sixteen years old, who asked him how much money he had, and on his refusal to tell them, seized him and began going through his pockets. The boy began to call loudly for help, when one of the negroes plunged a knife blade into his back, while the other struck him on the head with a rock. The boy's cries attracted Mr. John Falkner to the scene, and on his approach the footpads fled. The boy says his assailants were Tom Newman and Tom Cain, and that Cain, the man, stabbed him. The cut in the boy's back is serious, but the rock made only a scalp wound. Neither of the negroes has yet been arrested.

An Old Bullet as a Trophy.

Patrolman Holland has an old mash-up, misshaped bullet in his possession which he shows his intimate friends with evident pride and which he values highly. The bullet was given him yesterday morning by Judge Richard Clark. The bullet was shot from a pistol by James Stokes, a member of the police force, and was intending to mark a burglar who was escaping from Mr. Marcus Bell's residence on McDonough street, now Capitol avenue. This was in the winter of '71. The bullet struck a window-blind to the room of Judge Clark's residence, where he was sitting, and had it not been so stopped, would have killed him. Patrolman Holland values the relic greatly.

They Wanted to See the Game.

Jim Fields, Emmet Findley and Jim Roach, three young white men, will be arraigned in police court this morning and required to enter a plea of disorderly conduct. The arresting officers will then state under oath that the three boys tore a plank off the fence around the base ball field yesterday, and crawling through the opening took in the game in all its details up to the eighth inning, when they were detected and arrested.

Charged With Whipping His Wife.

John Hunkley, a white man who lives on Terry street, will be arraigned in police court this morning and requested to enter a plea to the charge of drunk, disorderly conduct and quarreling. The case was booked yesterday against Hunkley by Patrolmen Green and Mercer, and this morning the two officers will attempt to show that the defendant gave his wife a bad whipping Saturday night. Hunkley denies the charge made against him, and says he will show that he never touched his wife in anger in his life.

Police Points.

J. H. Hicks, for disorderly driving, was arrested yesterday.

John T. Brockman, charged with drunk and disorderly conduct, was arrested yesterday.

Joe Harrison and Emma Talliaferro, two suspects, were arrested yesterday by Patrolmen Hudson and Thompson.

Patrolman Steerman, who went to Macon Sunday to get Henrietta Thomas, returned yesterday with his prisoner, and she is now in jail. The woman is one of the negroes wanted by Dr. Martin, who is on her bond.

Wm. McElvin and Cornelius Williams, who were arrested by Patrolmen Clark and Bedford last Saturday, were carried before Justice Manning yesterday and bound over to the city court to answer a charge of larceny from the house.

Willie Burton, a white woman, was arraigned before Judge Anderson in police court yesterday morning and fined ten dollars for disorderly conduct. She created a disturbance Saturday morning by trying to go on the Tallulah excursion, against the wishes of those in charge thereof.

DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

Death of Mr. Lawrence Fox on Sunday Afternoon.

Mr. Lawrence Fox died at his home, 62 Alexander street, Sunday afternoon, from injuries received about three weeks ago by a house falling in on him on Marietta street.

Mr. Fox was one of the workmen who was assisting in raising the house, and when it fell to pieces he was caught under the falling timbers and was severely bruised. His right arm was crushed and it was at once realized that he was in a precarious condition. As soon as possible, he was carried to his home, 62 Alexander street, and Dr. D. H. Howell was called in to see him. Under the skilled treatment of Dr. Howell Mr. Fox appeared to improve, but blood poison resulted from the wound and he gradually grew worse until Sunday afternoon, when he died. He was buried yesterday.

Dr. Howell was asked why an inquest was not held.

"Because," said the doctor," it was not necessary."

"Didn't he die from the injuries he received by the falling of the building?"

"Yes, the blood poison was the result of the wounds, and this caused his death."

AN ITALIAN'S INVESTMENT.

The Proprietor of a Washington Street Fruit Stand Draws a $5,000 Prize.

Among the many persons made happy by the drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery on the 13th instant, was Mr. Vito Dilorenzo, who held one-fifth of the ticket 77,227, which drew the second prize of $25,000. The lucky individual presented the ticket at the office of the company yesterday morning and was promptly handed a check on the New Orleans National bank for the amount it called for.

Mr. Dilorenzo, who is only 26 years of age, is a native of Italy and has been in this city for six years. He is the proprietor of a modest looking fruit and vegetable stand at the corner of Washington avenue and Laurel street, with which he has always managed to make a comfortable living. His late stroke of good luck, however, will enable him to enlarge his business and enjoy more of the luxuries of life.

Unlike many foreigners, who return to their native land to spend what money they may have acquired in this country, he will continue to make New Orleans his home. Mr. Dilorenzo is unmarried, but after having been so kindly smiled upon by Dame Fortune, he might now prove more susceptible to the smiles of some soft-eyed daughter of sunny Italy. Mr. Dilorenzo was met by a reporter after receiving his money, and a happier individual than he the scribe had never seen.—New Orleans (La.) Picayune, July 15.

PERSONALS.

JUDGE SIMMONS is a guest of the Kimball.

MR. ALEX. STRAUSZ, of this city, is visiting Palatka, Fla.

CAPITOL COMMISSIONER THOMAS, of Athens, is at the Kimball.

MISS MAUD DEMPSY, of Macon, is visiting her cousin, Miss McLain, 89 Loyd street.

MAJOR BAXTER MYERS, a leading broker of Charlotte, North Carolina, is at the Kimball.

MR. AND MRS. G. S. PRIOR left yesterday for Alabama, where they will remain several days.

MISSES JESSIE M[illegible] and Julia Prior are spending the week in the country with Miss Mary Smith.

HENRY S. CHANEY has returned from a week's visit to his grandmother, Mrs. W. H. Sharpe, at Perkinsville, Ga.

MESSRS. JOE FARRELL and Isom Daniel leave this morning for an extended trip to the resorts of North Carolina and Virginia.

MESSRS. N. C. CARR, Jr., and Frank Smith, two of Atlanta's popular young men, spent a delightful day with friends in Covington, Sunday.

MR. JAMES LAHEY, a prominent merchant of New York, is in the city. For several months past, Mr. Lahey was seriously ill in Montgomery.

MR. P. J. FALLON has returned from Savannah, where he has some large contracts. Mr. Fallon says Atlanta is his home, and he has no idea of leaving.

THE numerous friends of Rev. W. J. Scott will regret to learn that he is still confined to his bed from a second severe carbuncle. We sincerely hope that this will be the last visitation of this sort to this venerable divine.

AT the Kimball: H Simpson, North Carolina; J H Bean, Augusta; Dr W G Brown, Dr W R Ball, Dr S P Datterer, Charleston; W H Wiard, Frankfort, Ky; Walt Ryals, Americus; R G Wadden, Cincinnati; A A Small, Macon; J S Bash, North Carolina; J W Graves, Knoxville, Tenn; J H Moss, Georgia; H W Webb, Richmond, Va; B P Hollis, Americus, Ga; W B Thomas, Athens; E C Williams, New York; Dr R C Davis, S W Cary, Seneca, S C C M Patterson, Baltimore; C H Johnson, LaGrange; J B Alexander, Marietta; D W Rountree, Quitman; G W Walker, Augusta; M E Lopez, D Roberts, Charleston; J A Davenport, Americus; J A Banton, Cincinnati; N Sharp, Athens Ga; C E Schofield, E A Isaacs, Macon, Ga; O P Lyons, Baltimore; R B Aysis, Ny Y; J R Cain, Americus; S Mayer, Albany; D M Dent, W H Tift and wife, T T Shubrick, Ga; J B McElam, Memphis, Willie Mims, LaGrange; Wm Thomas, Ga; A D Abrams and wife, B H Bigham, LaGrange; J B Nash and wife, Miss Robbin Whitman, Chattanooga, Tenn; W H Hidell, Rome; J S Day, wife and child, Miss Mattie Sikes, Lumber City, Ga; R Tappan, White Plains, Ga; J M Graham, Augusta; W J E dbrooke Chicago; W J Barrick, Baltimore D J Gregory, Louisville; Mrs Johnson and two children, South Carolina; Frank Saverett, Eatonton; R J Trammel, Opelika, Ala; Ed Jones, H J Bradford, New York; General Cook, Americus; T J Summers, Macon; J W Stanford, Cuthbert; W Marpes, Macon, J T Clark, Cuthbert; G E Freeman and wife, Sandworth, Ga; W S Manning, S C; C W Eddins, Charlotte; W W Thomas, Athens; W N Forescre, Ga, T H Munday, Jacksonville; Mrs. F E Barke, Miss Kate Barke, P H Coleman and family, Americus; G W Ward, Cincinnati; S B Head, Forsyth.

If you make it a rule to flavor all your cold drinks with ten or fifteen drops of ANGOSTURA BITTERS you will keep free from Summer Diseases and have your digestive organs in good order. But be sure you get the genuine article manufactured only by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

Lawyers!

The Pamphlet Decisions Supreme Court are just published. Send us your dollar, and we will forward the pamphlet postpaid. Address W. J. CAMPBELL, Man'g'r Constitution Job office.

ATLANTA AGAIN

FOURTH CONSECUTIVE DEFEAT OF MEMPHIS.

By the Champions of the Southern League—The Game Between Nashville and Savannah Results in a Tie—Three to Three on Ten Innings—Full Details of Games—Diamond Dust.

Wells's pretzel curves were too much for the Memphis yesterday, and they gave the champions another victory.

The game was a fine one throughout.

The champions played without an error and piled up base hits until they felt a sympathy for Knouff and then quit. Shafer, the rightfielder, and Stricker agreed yesterday that the man of the two who made the most base hits from now until the season closes should wear a fine hat at the other's expense. Shaffer is ahead so far because of the home run he knocked in the seventh inning. The game was a pretty one throughout. The Memphians indulged in some kicking much to the amusement of the audience. Sneed's kicking is decidedly peculiar, and McSorley is rough, but the crowd enjoyed the fun. The locals played without an error. Cline, Stricker and Lynch made the prettiest double play of the season.

DETAILS OF THE GAME.

In the first inning, Cline flew out to Graham; Purcell hit to short and out at first; Lyons hit to short and out at first; Graham hit to second and out at first; Sneed flew out to Cline; McSorley struck out.

In the second, Lynch hit to center for a single, went to second on a passed ball, and stole third; Hogan struck out; Stricker went out at first on strikes, and Lynch scored; Shafer took first on balls and went to second on a passed ball; Mappes flew out to right; Andrews hit to second and out at first; Black hit to center for a single and went to second on a passed ball. Broughton hit to short and out at first; Black went to third on a passed ball; Manning hit to short and out at first.

In the third Wells hit to second and out at first; Cline fouled out; Purcell hit to third and out at first; Phelan made first on Lynch's muff, and was thrown out at second; Knouff struck out; Graham hit to left for a single and was caught playing off too far.

In the fourth Lyons flew out to center on a pretty running catch by Graham; Lynch took first on balls; Hogan hit to left for three bases, Lynch scoring; Stricker hit to third and out at first, Hogan scoring; Shafer went out at first on strikes; Sneed took first on balls and stole second; McSorley was hit by pitcher and took first; Sneed and McSorley advanced a base on a wild pitch Andrews hit to right for a single, Sneed and McSorley scoring; Black hit to Stricker who touched Andrews and threw Black out at first; Broughton hit to third and out at first.

In the fifth, Mappes hit to left for a single and went to third on Black's wild throw; Wells hit to second and out at first; Cline hit to center for three bases, Mappes scoring; Purcell hit to left for a single, Cline scoring; Purcell stole second; Lyons struck out; Lynch hit to short, and Purcell went out at third. Manning struck out; Phelan hit to third and out at first; Knouff struck out.

In the sixth, Hogan struck out; Stricker hit to second and out at first; Shafer hit to left center for a clean home run; Mappes hit to right for a single; Wells flew out to third. Graham flew out to Cline; Sneed flew out to Hogan; McSorley struck out.

In the seventh, Cline flew out to Graham; Purcell struck out; Lyons struck out. Andrews took first on balls; Black struck out; Broughton was hit by pitcher and took first; Manning fouled out; Phelan hit to short and made first; Knouff hit to short and made first.

In the eighth, Lynch flew out to short; Hogan hit to short and went round to third on Phelan's wild throw into the negro grand stand; Hogan scored on a passed ball; Stricker was declared out for not running; Shafer hit to short and out at first. Graham hit to second and out at first; Sneed took first on balls; McSorley hit to short, and Sneed and McSorley were doubled.

In the ninth, Mappes struck out; Wells struck out; Cline flew out to third. Andrews fouled out to Lynch; Black struck out; Broughton hit to left for a single, and went to second on a wild pitch; Manning struck out.

Following is the score:

ATLANTAS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Cline, ss	1	1	2	5	0
Purcell, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Lyons, 3b	0	0	0	2	0
Lynch, 1b	2	1	13	0	0
Hogan, cf	2	1	1	0	0
Stricker, 2b	0	0	3	5	0
Shafer, G, rf	1	1	0	0	0
Mappes, c	1	2	8	1	0
Wells, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	7	7	27	14	0

MEMPHIS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Graham, cf	0	1	3	0	0
Sneed, rf	1	0	1	0	0
McSorley, 3b	1	0	3	2	0
Andrews, 1b	0	1	9	0	0
Black, lf	0	1	0	0	1
Broughton, c	0	1	9	1	0
Manning, 2b	0	0	0	3	0
Phelan, ss	0	2	1	4	1
Knouff, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	2	6	*26	10	2

*Stricker out for not running.

SCORE BY INNINGS:

Atlantas	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	—7
Memphis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, Atlanta 4; three base hits, Cline 1, Hogan 1; home runs, Shafer 1; stolen bases, Lynch 1, Purcell 1, Sneed 1; struck out, by Wells 8, Knouff 10; bases on balls, by Wells 3, Knouff 2; bases for being hit by pitcher, by Wells 2; left on bases, Atlanta 3, Memphis 5; double plays, Mappes and Stricker 1, Cline, Stricker and Lynch 1; passed balls, Mappes 2, Broughton 3; wild pitches, Wells 1. Time, 2h 10m; umpire, Hengle.

A Tie in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 26.—[Special.]—The crowd at the baseball park this afternoon to witness the second game of ball between Savannah and Nashville was large. Savannah led off with one run and shut its opponent out until the third inning, when Nashville brought a man across the plate. The score then stood 1 to 1 until the sixth inning, when Savannah made two runs and was thought had the game sure, but Nashville succeeded in making two runs more this inning, and again tied the home club. The next three innings resulted in goose eggs for both sides, and the tenth inning was played with like result. The game was then called on account of darkness and declared a tie.

Following is the score:

SAVANNAH.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hotaling, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Field, 1b	1	1	14	0	0
Collins, 2b	0	2	2	2	0
Strief, 3b	1	1	3	1	1
Sutcliffe, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Miller, ss	0	1	1	5	0
O'Day, cf	0	1	1	0	0
Arundel, c	0	1	7	3	0
Shreve, p	0	0	0	7	1
Totals	3	9	30	18	2

NASHVILLES.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Goldsby, lf	1	3	3	0	0
Marr, 3b	1	1	3	1	1
Sowders, cf	0	0	1	0	1
Beard, ss	0	0	1	7	0
Hillery, rf	0	0	1	1	0
O'Brien, 1b	0	0	11	1	0
Bittman, 2b	0	0	2	4	1
Hellman, c	0	1	7	1	1
Dundon, p	1	0	1	8	0
Totals	3	5	30	23	4

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Savannah	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—3
Nashville	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—3

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, 1 each; two base hit, Arundel; three base hits, Strief, Goldsby; left on bases, Savannah 8, Nashville 5; double plays, Bittman and O'Brien; struck out, by Shreve 6, Dundon 5; bases on called balls, by Shreve 3, Dundon 3; bases on balks, by Dundon 1; passed balls, Arundel 1, Hellman 1; wild pitches, Shreve 1. Time, 2h 30m; umpire, Merritt.

Charleston Defeats Macon.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 26.—[Special.]—The game between Charleston and Macon this afternoon resulted in a victory for Charleston by a score of 13 to 6.

Following is the score:

CHARLESTONS.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Kappel, 3b	1	1	1	0	0
Phillips, ss	3	2	5	4	1
Brosnan, 2b	1	1	0	4	0
Powell, 1b	2	1	10	0	1
Gilman, cf	3	3	2	1	0
Crowley, rf	1	0	1	0	1
McAleer, lf	1	2	3	0	2
Hines, c	1	1	5	4	2
Warner, p	0	1	0	6	1
Totals	13	12	27	19	8

MACON.	R	BH	PO	A	E
Stearns, 1b	1	2	12	0	0
Peltz, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Walsh, ss	1	1	1	6	1
Miller, 3b	2	2	1	0	3
Chambel'n, p	0	0	1	5	0
Daniels, c	1	0	6	2	2
Crogan, cf	0	2	2	1	1
Luxenb'rg, rf	0	1	0	0	3
Geiss, 2b	0	1	3	4	0
Totals	6	9	27	18	10

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Charleston	1	2	6	1	0	1	1	2	0	—13
Macon	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	—6

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, Charleston 4, Macon 1; two base hits, Gilman, McAleer, Miller; three base hits, Gilman, Stearns; total base hits, Charleston 17, Macon 13; left on bases, 4 each; bases stolen, Brosnan 1, Gilman 2, Peltz 1, McAleer 1; struck out, by Warner 4, Chamberlain 3; first base on balls, off Chamberlain 3; double plays, Walsh, Geiss and Stearns 1, Crogan and Stearns 1, Geiss and Daniels 1; batter hit, by Warner 1, Chamberlain 1; wild pitches, Chamberlain 1; balk, Chamberlain 1; passed balls, Daniels 2. Time, 2h; umpire, McQuaid.

The Gradys Defeated.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 26.—[Special.]—The game this afternoon between the H. W. Gradys and the Columbia baseball clubs was witnessed by a large throng of spectators, who heartily enjoyed the contest. The playing on both sides was very brilliant at times, and much applause was lavished upon the favorites. The battery work of the local club was especially effective. The score stood at the end of the game 14 to 10 in favor of the home team. The Gradys will go to Sumter and Wilmington to contest a series of games. The Atlanta boys made a good impression.

Baseball Bulletins.

Boston—Boston 14, Philadelphia 2.
Staten Island—Metropolitan 1, Cincinnati 4.
Philadelphia—Athletics 1, Louisville 7.
Baltimore—The St. Louis-Baltimore game was called at the end of the first inning on account of rain.
Washington—Washington 1, New York 18.

The Philadelphia club thinks it will win the league pennant.

Nine successive victories is the best record made by any association club this season. This record belongs to the St. Louis Browns.

Arrangements are being perfected for the Atlantas and the Macon nine to play two championship games in Athens within the next ten days.

The Cincinnatis are jubilant over signing Powell, the pitcher, who was released from Baltimore, by which club he was very badly supported.

The Pittsburg catcher, George Miller, who had a romantic meeting with his supposed sister recently in St. Louis, is illustrated in a late number of the Police News.

The Savannah News furnishes the following: There is good reason to believe that some of Macon's players deliberately threw away the recent games with Atlanta.

Nashville American: The locals will return home Friday morning. Of the nineteen scheduled games played since leaving home they have won five and lost fourteen.

The Cincinnatis will release their great pitcher, McKeon, and their fielder, Maskrey, in a few days. McKeon's arm is of little use to him now, and his club cannot wait for it to get well.

Barnie, of the Baltimores, has secured the trump cards of the New England league in the Conway brothers and O'Connell, late of the Lawrence club. He paid a bonus of $1,000 for their release, and is to furnish the Lawrence club with a battery in addition.

The Globe-Democrat of yesterday says: "A dispatch has been received in Washington from Macon, Ga., offering to sell to the Nationals the release of Daniels and Chamberlin, the best battery of the Macon club. Dan Stearns, first baseman of the Macons, also announces that he is open for engagement.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 26.—First race, one mile, Precissa won, Bordelaise second, Santa Anna Belle third. Time 1:44¼.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile, Bessie Jane won. Theodosius second, Procrastination third. Time 1:18.

Third race, one and three-fourths miles. Endurer won, Monogram second, Arelino third. Time 2:06.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Mona won, Jennie second, Frankie B. third, Time 1:16.

Fifth race, one and one-eighth miles, Frank Ward won, Sovereign Pat second, George I. third. Time 1:59½.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

Summer colds are prevalent.

All who can are going to the summer resorts.

The delegates to the convention are rapidly arriving.

There was a large attendance at Grant park last night.

The ice cream cake vendors are doing a lively business.

The Gate City street car line has one very handsome car.

A force of hands is now engaged in grading Thompson street.

The concerts at the Kimball every evening are much enjoyed.

Mr. DeGive is making some valuable improvements to the opera house.

The improvements on DeGive's opera house are being steadily pushed ahead.

A large number of the excursionists did not return from Tallulah till last night.

The ordinance relative to cutting grass off the sidewalks is being rigidly enforced.

It is said that more than two hundred persons bathed in Angier's pond yesterday.

The grass growing on the sidewalks in various parts of the city is being cleaned off.

The globes of several of the electric lights are off. The sparks fall in all directions.

A number of barbershops in the city have reduced the price of shaving to ten cents.

There was a large number of persons from Eufaula, Ala., registered at the Kimball yesterday.

Rooms 102 and 104 Kimball house have been engaged for headquarters for the Gordon delegates.

A delightful entertainment was given at Berean church last night. A snug sum was realized.

Mr. Julian Fields, the jeweler so long with J. P. Stevens & Co., has gone to Texas, his future home.

State Treasurer Hardeman paid a warrant for $300 yesterday, on account of the public buildings fund.

The electric street lights, for some unknown reason, refused to shine with their usual brilliancy last night.

It is said the force at the city stockade is larger now than it was before prohibition went into effect.

Large watermelons were sold on the streets yesterday six for a quarter, hardly enough to pay the freight.

The watermelon trade seems to be now at flood tide. Numbers of car loads arrive in the city every day.

The Fulton cotton mill company are making brick in their yard for a large addition to the factory building.

Major John Fitten went to Augusta yesterday to attend the funeral of Mrs. L. L. McClesky, which occurs today.

A little son, aged eleven years, of B. J. Davis, 149 Luckie street, died yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, of hemorrhage of the lungs.

Rev. J. N. Craig, secretary and treasurer of the Presbyterian Home Mission board, from Baltimore, has established an office in Atlanta.

Hollis & McMahon, proprietors of the Big Bonanza, are boxing up their saloon fixtures. They have not yet decided what business they will engage in.

There were rumors of a strike at one of the large factories yesterday, but upon investigation it was found that there was no foundation for the rumor.

The department of agriculture was yesterday placed in fine order. The mineral displays were rearranged, and other desirable alterations were made.

Professor Joel F. Hammond, who has for nine years been on the faculty of the Georgia Eclectic Medical college, of this city, has accepted a call to St. Louis, where he will occupy the chair of materia medica and therapeutics in the American Medical college of that city.

MAYSON DISMISSED.

THE CASE AGAINST THE MARIETTA STREET GROCER DISPOSED OF.

On a Technicality, the Case is Dismissed, But Another is Quickly Made, and Will be Heard by Judge Anderson This Morning—The United States Camp Beer Garden.

The case against T. C. Mayson, the grocer at 3 and 5 Marietta street, was called in police court yesterday morning, but was dismissed immediately after being called.

Improper service of notice was the cause of the dismissal.

When the case was made against Mr. Mayson, Captain Crim called at the grocer's place of business to serve him with the notice. Mr. Mayson was out and Captain Crim left the proper legal notice with which he was armed at his place of business. Mr. Mayson subsequently received the notice and at the request of his attorney the case was set down for Monday. The case was called yesterday morning and the city announced ready. Mr. James Mayson, the attorney for the defendant, moved that the case be dismissed and in support of his motion declared that the service had been illegal. He claimed that the notice of the case should have been given to the defendant or left at his home, and that no other notification could be legal. Judge Anderson sustained Mr. Mayson's motion and the case was dismissed. Immediately after the dismissal of the case Captain Crim instructed Mounted Officer Thompson to go to Mr. Mayson's store with a copy of the charge and escort Mr. Mayson to police headquarters. The officer did so, and at police headquarters the case was again booked against Mr. Mayson and he was required to give a $200 bond for his appearance in police court this morning. The charges were the same as those preferred previously and Mr. Mayson found himself again required to appear in police court. The attorney of course knew that the service was legal and asked Judge Anderson to set the case for this morning. The judge did so, and this morning a long array of witnesses will be sworn and the case opened. Captain Crim says that he will have no trouble in showing that Mr. Mayson has permitted persons to drink beer in his place. Mr. Mayson asserts that Judge Anderson will be compelled to dismiss the case against him—unless he holds that the license is invalid, too.

A Word With Dr. Cohen.

Yesterday Dr. Robert M. Cohen, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the post tradership, said to a CONSTITUTION reporter:

"I have no idea of violating the prohibition law. I wanted to be appointed post trader and made application to Captain Joseph L. Wilson, who stated to me that the state authorities exercised control over the ground on which the troops are now encamped, and that the authorities could arrest me for selling beer there. Captain W. M. Bray, my attorney, consulted with Governor McDaniel, and gave me a written report of the governor's opinion. He said the governor thought that the camps were under military control as completely as the barracks would be and that beer could be sold to the troops, but not to any other persons. The matter of post-trader is still undecided. I don't know how it will turn out. Today a vote was taken among the officers, and four out of five voted in favor of having a post trader.

THE PORT OPEN.

A Bonded Line From New York to Atlanta Perfected.

Major Wallace, surveyor of the customs, has received direct information from Captain Hemphill, secretary of the Northwestern railroad company, that the bonded line from New York to Atlanta had been perfected. Unappraised, dutiable merchandise can now be delivered here in bonded cars, via the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, Shenandoah Valley railroad, and the Norfolk Western railroad. The roads have given bond in the sum of $250,000, and there will be no further trouble with importers.

"Who are the largest importers?" asked the reporter of Major Wallace.

"In this city?"

"Yes."

"Chamberlin, Johnson & Co., Moore, Marsh & Co., M. C. & J. F. Kiser & Co. and Elsas, May & Co. The latter firm import nearly all their bagging, and I tell you there is a big pile of it. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co. are heavy importers, as are also the other firms."

Evolution.

Knee-deep along a leafless hedge
  Fantastic snow shapes lie;
Bleak winds come piping from the sedge,
  And storm-tossed snowflakes hurtle by.

The stark, dry stems of way side weeds
  Are bending to their bed;
Weird voices haunt the slender reeds,
  And Nature's heart seems cold and dead.

Knee-deep I stand amid the snows
  And scan the dreary scene;
To outward sense no promise goes
  Of leafage, bloom or grasses green.

And yet, whatever change is felt
  I will not doubt; I know
That winter's frozen heart shall melt,
  And spring's sweet violets shall blow.

Thence Wisdom reads the book of Fate;
  The spirit's subtlest breath
Evolves from Nature's changeful state
  The mystery of Life and Death.

FRANK P. RENO.

Cottage Knoll, St. Joseph, Mo.

All trains stop at White Sulphur springs station (R. & D. R. R.) to deliver and receive passengers.

Hacks meet all trains.

OUR CLEARING SALE NOW IN FULL BLAST.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN ALL LINES

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS!

THIN SUMMER GOODS IN IMMENSE VARIETY.

CHOICE STYLES! LOW PRICES!

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Beware of Base Imitations on the Market.

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